THE MARION WEEKLY STAR.

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BOLD HOLDUP IN NEW YORK

Two Bank Messengers Relieved of $20,000.

IN BROAD DAYLIGHT ON RECTOR STREET

First Big Robbery Below "Dead Line" in Years.

Police Reserves from a Dozen Stations Are Rushed to Scene in an Effort To Apprehend the Robbers. Messengers Are Badly Beaten Up, but Give Description of Their Assailants, Who Make Escape.

New York, Feb. 15.—Between $20,000 and $25,000 in cash was the loot obtained by three holdup men in one of the most desperate taxicab robberies in the history of downtown New York, today. The cash belonged to the East River National bank, and was taken from two of its messengers who were enroute to another bank in a taxi to deposit the money. Both men were blackjacked into unconsciousness and the chauffeur of the taxicab, after being terrorized with a revolver, was forced at the point to drive the robbers to where they had a big automobile in which they escaped.

The two men who were held up were William Smith, sixty-one, of Brooklyn, and Frank Werrell, sixten, of Paterson, New Jersey. They were in the taxicab with the money, $17,000 in five-dollar and probably $10,000 in ten-dollar bills, when at Trinity place and Rector place three men rushed the cab. One sprang on the side while the driver and the two men inside at the doors of the moving boards.

The man on the seat with the driver stuck a revolver against his side and told him to keep in the laprobe. Everything happened very fast. He yelled and at the same time the man on the running board entered the cab.

Driver Is Afraid.

Two policemen were passing while the cab was runing to Park place and Church street, but the driver was afraid to say anything and the windows of the taxicab were up so that the police could not see inside. There was nothing in the appearance of the cab to attract attention.

Robbers Make Escape.

At Park place and Church street the men inside jumped out, carrying the bag which contained the money. All three immediately jumped into a black automobile which was waiting and escaped. A number of persons saw them but they paid little attention to them and the police have only a meager description to work on.

The taxicab was owned and driven by Geno Martine and had been used many times by the officials of the East River bank to transfer cash and securities. The cab had left the East River bank at 10:25 and gone to the Produce Exchange bank. It was after leaving that institution that the hold-up took place. Both of the messengers were so badly beaten that they had to be taken to a hospital to have their injuries dressed.

Martine told the police that he did not suspect any danger even when the men leaped onto the cab as he thought they simply might want a ride.

Martine's Story.

"The man who got by me," he said, jabbed the gun into my side. 'Keep on going,' he hissed at me, 'and if you make a sound or a turn I will fill you full of lead.' When I felt the gun against my ribs I gave the car more power. Then I heard the door slam and I could feel the struggle going on inside the cab, but I did not dare look around.

We whizzed past two policemen, but I was so scared that I was afraid to make a sound. As I neared Park place, the man beside me said:

'Slow down now and stop at the corner.' I did as I was told and he jumped out and streaked for the black automobile that was standing there. I felt the door of the taxicab open and I saw the other two men jump out and run over to the car, the engine of which had been started. They disappeared before I could tell anybody what had happened."

Taft Is Endorsed.

Louisville, Ky., Feb 15.—The Kentucky Republican state central committee endorsed President Taft for renomination Wednesday afternoon and named Louisville as the place for holding the state convention.

Doctor Has the Grit.

Clarion, Pa., Feb. 15.—Climbing on hands, elbows and knees through the snow for a mile after a runaway in which his left leg was broken, Dr. Leo O Dell made his way to a farmhouse and set the injured limb himself.

TO CRUISE TWENTY MILES UNDER SEA

Uncle Sam's Submarines Beneath Surface of Chesapeake Bay.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 15.—Led by the Moccasin and the Viper, twenty submarines today slipped beneath the surface of Chesapeake bay, beginning the most remarkable cruise ever undertaken by the tiny craft—twenty miles under the ice. The test is to enable naval officials to determine how accurately the submarines could cruise by chart and compass when overhead conditions did not allow of the use of the conning towers.

The cruise, lasting almost three hours, will be free from danger to "subs," say the officers of the fleet, because the ice on the bay is only about two inches thick and the boats can easily break through the surface if necessary.

FAMOUS SWORD OF SULEIMAN THE GREAT

Turks Search Ex-Sultan's Palace for It.

Constantinople, Feb. 15.—Excavations are being made in the gardens and cellars of the palace formerly occupied by ex-Sultan Hamid, in the search for the famous sword of Suleiman the Great, the most highly prized of all the relics of Turkey's past glory.

The authorities have just finished ransacking the home of Tahir Pasha, to whom Abdul was believed to have given the precious weapon when he was ousted from the throne. Tahir declares that the relic lies buried in the Yildz kiosk, but that he has forgotten the exact place. It is suspected that he may have sold it to some antique dealer either in Paris or London.

To Release Camorrists.

Viterbo, Italy, Feb. 15.—Twenty-two of the Camorrists were ordered released Wednesday by Judge Bianchi. The men had been in prison five years, the maximum sentence, charged with associating with criminals.

FUNERAL OF THE MAINE

Mainmast of Battleship Taken to Cemetery.

BUGLER OF LEONIDAS SOUNDS LIGHTS OUT

Today Is Anniversary of Ship's Destruction.

Ill-Fated Battleship's Mainmast Will Be Erected as Monument To Maine Dead in National Cemetery in Washington—A Fitting Memorial to Men Who Perish in Explosion in Havana Harbor.

Washington, Feb. 15.—To the accompaniment of the muffled beat of the funeral drum and "lights out" by the bugler of the Leonidas, the mainmast of the ill-fated battleship, Maine, was today removed to the National cemetery at Arlington, Virginia—just fourteen years after a shot of flame marked the destruction of the warship in Havana harbor.

The navy department had originally intended that the wreck of the Maine should seek its final resting place beneath the waves of the Atlantic on this, the anniversary of the explosion of February 15, 1898. But the work in Havana harbor did not proceed as rapidly as had been expected and the "funeral" of the fighting craft was deferred.

The big battleship's mainmast, however, brought here by the Leonidas, will be erected as a monument to the Maine dead in the National cemetery and today's ceremony consisted merely in transferring the steel mast to the Virginia burying ground.

It is planned to have the dedication of the monument, the burial of the bodies of the Maine dead—recently recovered from the barnacle-encrusted hull in Havana harbor—and the last sad rites over the wreck of the warship performed at the same time as a fitting memorial to the men who perished fourteen years ago.

For Chicken Fanciers.

Boonton, N. J., Feb. 15.—James Van Duyne, a chicken fancier, says the best way to make hens quit setting is to place snowballs under them.

BLACKS WITH FACES JUST LIKE CANINES

Los Angeles, Calif., Feb. 15.—Dr. Carl Kumm, explorer, claims to have discovered negroes on the dark continent, who have the faces like dogs. Members of another tribe hop about on one foot like storks.

IS CONFIDENT OF CONVICTIONS

Government Sure of Its Case Against Labor Leaders.

FORTY-SEVEN ARE NOW UNDER ARREST

Seven Others To Be Taken into Custody Soon.

Each of Fifty-Four Defendants Has Thirty-Two Indictments Against Him—Attempts Will Be Made To Have Special Judge To Hear Cases. Officers of Labor Unions Express Themselves Regarding Charges.

Indianapolis, Feb. 15.—Forty-seven of the fifty-four labor leaders indicted by the United States government in the alleged dynamiting consiracy are in custody today. It is expected that the remaining seven will be arrested before tonight.

Federal District Attorney Miller, in charge of the cases, today announced the names of the seven as follows:

M. J. Young, of Boston; John J. McCray, of Wheeling, West Virginia; Milton H. Davis, of Philadelphia; J. W. Irwin, of Peoria; Frank J. Painter, of Omaha; Patrick Ryan, of Chicago, and William K. Benson, pesident of the Detroit Federation of labor.

Each of the fifty-four defendants has thirty-two indictments against him. Conspiracy and the illegal transportation of dynamite are the charges lodged against the men.

The labor leaders were all arrested on one indictment, charging conspiracy, but they are all named in other accusations for illegal transportation of explosives. The government officials assert that they are confident that the evidence against the accused is such that convictions are certain.

James L. Kinney, president of the Central Labor union, today issued a statement here, saying that an attempt will be made to have a special judge appointed in the place of Federal Judge Anderson to hear the trials of the indicted men. Kenney asserts that Anderson is not fair.

Three Without Bail.

Three of the indicted men, Ernest G. W. Basey and Edward Clark, who were arrested in Cincinnati, and Hiram Cline, of Muncie, Indiana, are in the county jail here today, having been unable to furnish $5,000 bond each.

James M. Lynch, president of the International Typographical union, announced, today, that he would take immediate steps for the holding of a conference of the officers of the seven international labor unions, having their headquarters here. Lynch would not forcast the action of the conference in any way.

"It probably is the desire of the union leaders here to talk over the indictments," Lynch said.

"I expect the question of obtaining a special judge in place of Judge Anderson to try the cases will be taken up. The matter of a defense fund also probably will be discussed."

President Frank M. Ryan, of the International Association of Bridge & Structural Iron Workers, said today that he was considering the advisability of calling a special meeting of the executive board of the organization to discuss the indictment situation. It will be necessary for the board to take action before the defense fund of $35,000 which has been accumulating six years, will be available for use in the coming trials.

Officers' Expressions.

Officers of international labor unions, having their headquarters here, today expressed themselves as follows on the dynamiting cases:

Thomas Neale, treasurer of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America: "I hope the accused men are innocent. The confessions of the McNamara bothers, however, almost makes anything seem possible."

William D. Huber, president of the United Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners of America: "I am satisfied that if they have a fair hearing at the trial, very few of them will be found guilty."

Robert Glockling, president of the International Association of Book Binders: "I sincerely trust that the charges against these men are unfounded, because I hesitate to believe there are so many men in the organized labor movement guilty of such things."

Edwin Perry, secretary-treasurer of the United Mine Workers of America: "I want no miscarriage of justice in the cases of these indicted men. If they are innocent, I want their innocence proved."

Frank J. Hayes, vice president of the United Mine Workers of America: "Orgonized labor does not attempt to justify crime, but it is fair to presume all men innocent until proved guilty."

Will Call Gompers.

Washington, Feb. 15.—President Gompers and Secretary Morrison, of the American Federation of Labor, will probably be called to Indianapolis during the trials of the alleged dynamite conspirators to testify as to the official connection between the federation with the McNamaras after the later had been arrested for the Times explosion, it was learned at the department of justice, today.

It was said at the department that the grand jury investigations had developed that Gompers or Morrison had no knowledge of the so-called conspiracy. But the department does not regard the case as sufficiently clear after the arrest of the McNamaras. In order to bring out the facts, Gompers and Morrison will be required to answer under oath questions put by District Attorney Miller.

It was intimated at the department that there might be more arrests in the case, depending upon new evidence which the federal authorities will try to bring out in court.

WILL USE CANNED SPEECHES AND FILMS

The Next Campaign Will See Some Unique Features.

Washington, Feb. 15.—"Movies," and "canned speeches," are stunts planned by the Taft campaign managers to add a popular strain to the coming political battle, it was learned, today.

The moving-picture camera and phonograph are to be impressed into Taft's service, and also possibly in that of his opponents. Films have already been taken of the president and White House attaches to be shown in thousands of "nickelodeons" all over the country.

Backing up the "movies" will be Taft speeches by proxy of the phonograph. Records are to be made by Taft and other Republican campaigners, it is said.

Socialists, also it is said, plan to use the phonograph in stumping.

CHLOROFORMED AS END NEARS

Country Doctor Ends Misery of a Wreck Victim.

FIREMAN PINNED UNDER WRECKAGE

Body Burned into Charred Mass in Few Minutes.

With Both Legs Broken, and One Arm Slowly Cooking While Fire Creeps Nearer to Him, Trainman Is Chloroformed into Blissful Unconsciousness by Doctor in View of Hundreds Unable To Aid Him.

Portland, Me., Feb. 15.—Pinned under tons of wreckage and with his legs and one of his arms slowly cooking while the fire was creeping closer and closer to his body, Harry Corliss, a trainman on the Grand Trunk railway, was chloroformed into blissful unconsciousness by a country doctor at Yarmouth, today. Fifteen minutes later his body was a charred mass.

Corliss and two other trainmen met their deaths in a head-on freight wreck on the main line of the Grand Trunk. The trains, running at more than thirty miles an hour, crashed head-on just outside of Yarmouth. Both engines and nearly all of the cars piled in a tangled mass across the right-of-way.

Two Others Killed.

The other two men were instantly killed, but Corliss was alive and conscious when yard hands and citizens, who had heard the crash, reached the scene. By that time the wreckage was ablaze.

Frantic efforts were made to release Corliss, but he was caught under wreckage which could not be moved. Then men worked until their own clothing was afire, but could do nothing and when the fire reached the doomed man he begged piteously to be put out of his misery.

In the crowd was a country doctor, who had brought his medicine case with him. He soaked cotton and chloroformed the man, who it is believed would have died of his injuries even if he could have been extricated.

The wreck was caused by a misunderstanding of orders.

Caneva Will Return.

Rome, Feb. 15.—It was learned, today, that General Caneva will return to Tripoli and assume charge of the campaign against the Turks. He was recently recalled here.

The Wileys' Latest.

Washington, Feb. 15.—Artistic paper covers for bread loaves are urged by Dr. Harvey W. Wiley and Mrs. Wiley, president of the Consumers' league.

PENNSYLVANIA TRAIN WRECKED

Limited Goes Over Bank Near Altoona.

FOUR PERSONS REPORTED DEAD

Scores Are Injured in the Crash.

Difficulty in Ascertaining Details Is Due to Demolishing of Telegraph Lines That Parallel the Tracks. Wrecking Crews and Relief Train Are Hurried Out—Dead and Injured To Be Taken to Altoona.

Altoona, Pa., Feb. 15.—That only four persons had been killed and twenty-five injured in the wreck of the Pennsylvania limited at Warriors Ridge, today, was the positive assertion of Pennsylvania railroad officials at 3 o'clock this afternoon. They were then in direct communication with the scene of the wreck. Two of the dead were women, they said, while a third was one of the negro porters of the train.

Death List Varies..

Altoona, Pa., Feb. 15.—A death list estimated from five to fifteen, the exact number being difficult to determine because of the interruption of the telegraphic communication, is reported as the result of the Pennsylvania limited eastbound, the twenty-four-hour train between Chicago and New York, going into the ditch at Warrior Ridge, a flag station thirty miles from this city. There were 104 passengers on the train and it is feared that few of them escaped without at least some injuries, as ten of the eleven cars composing the train rolled down the embankment.

The first report received here said that there were four dead and twenty-five seriously injured. Shortly afterward, it was said the death list would be larger as five persons were reported to have been taken out dead from the first car of the train.

Wires Are Down.

The difficulty in ascertaining the details was due to the demolishing of the telegraph lines that parallel the tracks. Wrecking crews from this city were hurried to the scene and doctors from all the surrounding towns notified. The dead and injured will be brought here.

The train was running more than an hour behind time and in the effort to make up some of the time, two of the heaviest passenger locomotives on the division were hauling it. At the time of the wreck, it was running at more than sixty miles an hour.

The cause of the wreck had not been definitely learned, but reports from the scene stated that a broken truck on either the rear locomotive or the first car of the train derailed it and the rest of the train followed.

ISRAEL ZANGWELL UP AGAINST IT

Ban Is Put on His Play, "The Next Religion."

London, Feb. 15.—Israel Zangwill is heading a movement to abolish the ridiculous British system of stage censorship, which while permitting near-nude dances and sketches of the most prurient kind in the music halls, forbids the production of serious and vital dramas that happen to advance political or religious ideas at variance with those of the lord chamberlain.

Recently, his lordship put the ban on a woman suffrage play called "Coronation," merely because it contained a representation of a king—not the king.

Zangwill is the latest sufferer, the production of this new drama, "The Next Religion," having been prohibited unless the author should make numerous changes which would have destroyed the whole character and purpose of the play. This Zangwill declined to do. Besides going after the censor's scalp, he intends publishing the play, fortunately there being no censorship over literature in England. He will produce it in America.

BOYS SEE FIREBUGS AND TELL MARSHAL

Zuber Gets First Clew to the Roscoe Incendiaries.

Coshocton, O., Feb. 15.—Fire Marshal Zuber found his first pay dirt in his quest for the firebug who has set the torch to the village of Roscoe. He had a conference with four Coshocton boys who were near Retliey's store and the postoffice when they were burned Thursday evening. The boys saw two men walking around the buildings, and think they recognized one of them. Shortly afterward the flames burst forth. It is said that arrest probably will be made today.

Love of applause is responsible for many a near actor.

ROOSEVELT SPEECH GOES TO PRINTER

Colonel and Others Agree on What He Shall Say.

New York, Feb. 15.—Colonel Roosevelt's Columbus, Ohio, speech, "the T. R. platform," has gone to the printer, and according to the best information about the Outlook office this afternoon, the final draft of the document carried with it the O K of leading progressives from all sections of the country, including Governor Johnson, of California; Editor William R. Nelson, of Kansas City; Editor E. A. Van Valkenburg, of Philadelphia; George L. Record, of New Jersey; ex-State Senator Flynn, of Pittsburgh, and several other close personal and political friends of the colonel.

The breach which for a time yesterday afternoon was threatened by the insistence of Governor Johnson, the Pinchot brothers and one or two other ultra progressives, was healed, according to report when the colonel modified his statements regarding the government attitude toward corporations, a statement which some of the colonel's advisers felt certain "would be twisted by his opponents." From the fact that Governor Johnson is said to have accepted the speech as satisfactory, it is presumed that the initiative and referendum and the recall, including the recall of judges, of which Johnson is a special advocate, have been endorsed.

So far as could be learned, the speech will contain no radical recommendations.

Senator Clapp, of Minnesota, called on Roosevelt today, but declined to make any statement regarding the object of the visit.

Prohibs to Meet in Delaware.

Delaware, O., Feb. 15.—The state Prohibition convention will be held in this city April 4 and 5. Mayor Leas of this city will deliver an address of welcome, and State Chairman F. W. Lough will speak at night.

Patience is a virtue—and virtue is its own reward.

INCENDIARIES STILL ACTIVE

Undaunted by Reward Offered for Their Capture.

THREATENING NOTES SENT "SKULE BORD"

People of Roscoe Warned To Be Careful.

School War Goes On, Writers of Threatening Notes and Carriers of Torches Becoming Bolder in Attempts To Put Tuition Plan Out of Commission—Writers Evade Violating Federal Laws.

Roscoe, O., Feb. 15.—Undaunted by $500 reward offered for their capture and by the organized search made for them, the incendiaries—or perhaps it is a single incendiary—carrying the torch through Roscoe in the school war, is writing more threatening letters.

Two were delivered last night, one to Mrs. Julia Brewer, the other to the Coshocton Tribune. The letter to the Tribune, on being opened, was addressed inside to the "Skule Bord."

It said: "People of Roscoe would better be keerful of their banner bord is doin rite thing. Bludhounds or no dogs, we are not skeered."

The first statement is taken to refer to the assertion of a school board member that the people believed the board was doing right in opening the schools to tuition pupils and would sustain the board in its attitude despite the use of fire to force the tuition pupils and Miss Florence Osborn, the Columbus teacher hired to instruct them, out of the village.

The contents of the letter to Mrs. Brewer are kept secret. She has been boarding some of the tuition pupils.

So far, the senders of the letters, which now total nine, have been clever enough to evade bringing the federal authorities into the case, by not using the mails. The letters have been left in public places, stores and so on, where they would be quickly found and delivered by the finders.

CHICAGO MAN HAS A CHARMED LIFE

Chicago, Feb. 15.—Frank John bears a charmed life. He fell seven stories in an elevator shaft and broke a leg. A year ago he was only shocked by a live wire that killed two of his companions in the Windy City.

YUAN TAKES SUN'S PLACE

Is Elected President of Chinese Republic.

DR. SUN LAUDS THE PREMIER

Declaring Him Man of Constructive Ability.

Yuan Is Man Upon Whom Our United Nations Look with Hope That He Will Bring About Consolidation of Its Interests, Says Sun in Farewell Speech to His Followers at Conference Today.

Nanking, Feb. 15.—Yuan Shi Kai was today elected president of the Chinese republic by the national assembly. This action followed the resignation of Dr. Sun Yat Sen, who advised his followers to support Yuan.

It was reported that Tang Shao Wi, who acted as Yuan's representative during the recent peace conference, would accept the prime ministry under the new government.

Dr. Sun is to retain his present position until the new president is inaugurated, and his ministers named. This was expected to take place shortly, the selection of the ministers being scheduled for this afternoon.

In resigning, Dr. Sun made it very plain that he believed the immediate restoration of order was possible only through the selection of Yuan Shi Kai as head of the new republic.

Man of Ability.

"Yuan Shi Kai is a man of constructive ability," said the doctor in his letter to the national assembly, "upon whom our united nations look with the hope that he will bring about the consolidation of its interests. The happiness of our country depends on your choice. Farewell!"

Because Yuan failed to come here, an element has arisen in the assembly which is unfavorable to him. This element says that the former premier is planning a military dictatorship and that one of his first acts, after he has the reins of power in his own hands, will probably be to seek reprisals on the Republican leaders.

This position, however, is not endorsed by Dr. Sun or his closest advisers.

REBELS RESORT TO EXPLOSIVES

Blow Up Bridge and Ditch a Troop Train in Mexico.

Mexico City, Feb. 15.—Thirty-seven federal troopers were killed and a score injured, today, when a troop train running from Mexico City to the relief of points south of the capital, besieged by the rebels, crashed through the Ixtla bridge, in the state of Guerrero, which was dynamited by Zapatistas. The rebels had placed charges of dynamite under the Ixtla and Naranjo bridges. Both were wrecked and the troop train plunged into the Amacusa river..

Reports received here, today, state that the Vasquistas have completely surrounded the town of Torreon. Four hundred American refuges left the city on a special train yesterday, but no report has been received from the train this morning and so far as the authorities are able to tell, it is lost.

Americans Make Mistake.

El Paso, Tex., Feb. 15.—American soldiers invaded Mexican territory today by mistake and threw the city of Juarez into an uproar.

A squadron from the Eighteenth Infantry tried to save time by going from one international bridge to another over Mexican territory. They were arrested by Mexican customs guards, but later released.

CAMPAIGN FOR FUNDS IS FINISHED TODAY

Deed for Site for Armory Is Drawn This Afternoon.

After a long campaign to secure the funds with which to purchase the site for the new armory in West Marion, the deed for the lot at the corner of west Church street and Olney avenue, was signed this afternoon, and the building of the armory here by the state in the spring is now absolutely assured. The members of the West Marion Progressive association today, with Dr. E. O. Richardson were out assisting in collecting the money, as today was the final day set for the money to be secured. All that remains will be made good by the association. The ground for the armory will be broken in the spring and work will be begun on the building. The armory is to be a $20,000 structure and will be erected by the state free of all charges.

Many a woman gets what she wants by saying that she doesn't want it.

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WILSON BOOM IS LAUNCHED TODAY

Governor Given Big Reception in Chicago.

WILSON DISCUSSES BUSINESS MATTERS

Explains Ideas of Enactment of Legislation.

My Theory for Cure of Ills Is Not To Destroy Business, but To Eradicate the Evils from Bad Business and To Correct Abuses Through Responsibility for Corporation Action, Says Wilson Today.

Chicago, Feb. 12.—With an enthusiastic reception to Governor Woodrow Wilson, a banquet attended by 1,500 prominent Illinois Democrats, followed by an address by the New Jersey governor, the Wilson campaign for the Democratic presidential nomination was formally launched in Illinois, today.

Governor Wilson was the guest of the Iroquois club. He was met at the railroad station by a large delegation of that organization. A change in the program was caused by a delay of more than two hours in his arrival. The governor was hurried to the La Salle hotel for breakfast, and after a quick shave, appeared for the reception, which lasted an hour.

The educator is the second aspirant for the Democratic nomination whose boom has been launched here under the auspices of the Iroquois club, Governor Harmon, of Ohio, having preceded him as its guest.

"I came here to talk to business men of business matters," said the governor. "I do not desire to harangue the people on political matters, but I am anxious to discuss the great question of business upon which the issues of the campaign this fall will be joined. I want to explain to the people in this great business center my ideas for the enactment of legislation and other governmental action to restore prosperity and order to business and to the country generally."

Speaking of the Democratic sentiment in the South, Wilson said:

Sentiment in South.

"Everywhere we have been in the South, we have found the people of the Democratic party aroused for progressive principles. The people in the South are proving their progressivism. I am gratified over the friendly spirit that has been shown me in all localities and I am firmly convinced that the people of the Democratic party everywhere favor progressive principles. I had expected this warm welcome at the hands of the Democrats of Illinois, for I know this is one of the progressive states of the union."

Walter Measday, private secretary to the governor, declared that Kentucky and Tennessee had given the New Jerseyite one ovation after another. "At Frankfort," he said, "Governor Wilson addressed the legislature and was hailed as the next president. Kentucky has gone on record as progressive."

During the conference held at noon, William C. Niblack, chairman of the Wilson committee for Illinois, made a report on the Wilson work in this state. This, it is said, was thoroughly satisfactory to the candidate.

Dever Is Toastmaster.

Judge William E. Dever, one of the most enthusiastic of the Wilson supporters, acted as toastmaster at the luncheon.

A large number of Princeton alumni attended the reception and the banquet.

After paying tribute to Lincoln, in which he declared the war president was Democratic by nature and that had the issues of today come in his time he would have aligned himself with the Democratic party, Governor Wilson discussed "The Democratic Party and Public Welfare."

"The Democratic party has been held by a popular fallacy, fostered by its opponents, to be a party of inefficiency, not competent to deal with business affairs in a practical way," Wilson said. "To achieve success, the party must show that it knows more about business problems than any other party and that it has plans for curing commercial ills and eliminating unjust privileges that are being enjoyed by large business interests.

"My theory for the cure of these ills is not to destroy business, but to eradicate the evils from bad business, not to destroy interests necessary to the public welfare when they abuse the privileges that in ordinary business must be theirs, but to correct such abuses through a thorough and minute personal responsibility for corporation action.

As to High Tariff.

"The high tariff is one of the greatest fundamental causes of the business evils of today. In looking over the experiences of the country in the last ten years, I believe that to get at the fountainhead of the abuses that oppress the people generally, we must bring about a radical change in dealing with corporations. The incorporeal corporation, with its intangible persons upon whom can be shifted liability for all the corporation's abuses and which vanishes when the law seeks someone to punish, is the convenient fiction by which the real men in the corporation escape responsibility for their individual and collective acts.

"A law should be provided which looks to those real persons and through personal liability applied to them, cure the abuses that now make privileged business oppressive to the general public."

POVERTY LEADS TO DRUNKENNESS

Conditions Reversed, According to View of Bishop Williams.

New York, Feb. 13.—With Judge Gary, of the steel trust, warning his wealthy associates that, if they do not reform, they will "be reformed by the mob," and President Taft asserting that political emotionalists would hurry us into a French revolution, the remedy for unrest suggested by Right Rev. C. D. Williams, Episcopal bishop of Michigan, was widely discussed today. The bishop told the Women's Henry George league last night that it was not drunkenness that led to poverty, but poverty to drunkenness.

"Justice and righteousness can not prevail, so long as we have people enjoying wealth they did not earn and toiling not. Put them to work for the benefit of mankind. It is getting to the point where the people realize that a social conscience is needed and a general awakening is coming."

COUPLE KNOWN HERE ARRESTED AT BUCYRUS

Matter of Forged Check Is Settled Monday.

The Bucyrus Telegraph of Monday makes reference to the arrest of Charles Ritterer, of Claridon, and Mrs. Juanita Miller, of this city, at the Royal hotel, at Bucyrus, Saturday evening, on the charge of passing a forged check purporting to have been signed by C. Miller, the proprietor of the Cadillac garage here. The check was for ten dollars, and a brother of Ritterer settled the matter Monday.

GARY SEES MOB RULE IN LAND

Condition of Humanity Must Be Bettered.

DEALINGS WITH MEN NOT SQUARE ENOUGH

Men of Influence Must Take a Hand.

Things Very Similar to Things Said Just Before the French Revolution Are Being Uttered, Says Gary, and Spark May Make Flame Soon—Steel Magnate Astonishes Hearers at a Banquet.

New York, Feb. 12.—"Unless capitalists, corporations, rich men and powerful men themselves take a leading part in trying to improve the conditions of humanity, great changes will come, and they will mighty quickly, and the mob will bring them."

Not since Andrew Carnegie astounded his former business associates by calmly announcing that the tariff should be removed from steel, have financial circles in New York been so aroused as by this statement made by one of its leaders, E. H. Gary, chairman of the board of the steel trust.

The Gary statement was part of a speech he delivered early Sunday morning to the New York Lehigh club. Gary made it very plain that the people generally are "evincing a readiness to take things into their own hands." He also stated that the "spirit of unrest" was not confined to the United States but was world-wide.

Reasons Assigned.

Perfection of means of communication and "appeals to the prejudice of what it has been seen fit to consider the masses" were the reasons assigned by the steel magnate for this condition.

"Things are being said," Gary declared, "very similar to things said just before the French revolution. I tell you that the spark may make a flame and that soon. I have an especial reason for saying this, a reason that affects you and me. Men of great power and influence in the affairs of the country have not all of us done the fair thing. It is imperative that something be done to improve the condition of mankind. Can not we ourselves do something to improve the conditions.

"I say that it is not only good morals but good policy likewise to improve those conditions. I appeal to all of you in your dealings with men under you to do the square thing."

Badly Damaged by Fire.

The home of D. L. Brady at Espyville caught fire Tuesday about 2:30 o'clock and was quite badly damaged. The flames are thought to have started in the attic from a defective flue. The roof was almost completely burned off the building. Neighbors turned out and assisted in extinguishing the flames. Mrs. Brady was asleep in one of the upstairs rooms at the time, and was awakened by the crackle of the flames.

SON OF HEAVEN QUITS THRONE

Abdication of Chinese Emperor Announced.

PREMIER YUAN ISSUES THE EDICT

The Royal Family May Remain in Peking.

The Abdication of Pu Yi, the Baby Emperor, Called the "Son of Heaven," Marks Another Climax in Series of Struggles That Have Raged Between Manchus and the Chinese for Many Centuries.

Peking, Feb. 12.—An edict, formally announcing the abdication of the throne, was issued at noon today by Yuan Shi Kai, who has had the imperial order in his possession for more than a week.

The premier had been notified that he should not make the edict public until he was satisfied he had enough Chinese soldiers in the capital to protect the royal family from the Manchus, who threatened them with death if they surrendered to the revolutionists. Several detachments of troops reached the capital, today and the premier believed that he had enough soldiers to cope with the Manchus.

In the edict, the word abdication was carefully omitted. It was simply stated that the imperial family had decided to discontinue exercising governmental power and would confine its future efforts merely to spiritual matters.

Although the Mongol princes were most bitter against abdication, they were said to have finally consented when the other members of the imperial clan assured them that Yuan Shi Kai would be elected president and they would be shown every courtesy by him.

Several hours after the edict was issued however, they were assailed with misgivings and wired Dr. Sun Yat Sen threatening that unless Yuan headed the new government they would resist the republic to the end.

May Stay in Peking.

At a late hour, today, it had not been decided whether the members of the royal family would remain in Peking or retire to one of the summer palaces. It was regarded as likely, however, that they would stay in Peking unless it was believed that there was danger of an outbreak against them by members of their own race, who are very bitter over the abdication edict.

The abdication of Pu Yi, "Son of Heaven," marks another climax in the series of struggles that have raged between Manchus and Chinese for many centuries.

The Manchus are of ancient origin, and legend has it that the founder of the race was of divine birth. Their first ruler was Aisin Gioro, who named his dynasty Manchu or pure."

Early in the year 1,000, they were driven out of China proper, after a bloody conflict. They established themselves on the Liao Tung peninsula and vowed eternal hatred for celestials of the south.

For six centuries, the Manchus nursed their wrath and then came their time to strike. Tsung-Cheng, emperor of China, ascended the throne in 1,627. The country was torn with dissension. Revolution broke out in the north and west. Two rebel leaders, Li Tse Cheng and Shang Ko Hi, agreed to divide the empire between them and they led their troops to Peking. A treacherous eunuch opened the gates and the government forces fled. Emperor Tsung-Cheng committed suicide. His son was proclaimed emperor and attempted to resist the victorious rebels, but the task was so hopeless that he instructed his general in the north to appeal to the Manchus.

The vials of Tartar wrath that had been filled to overflowing by the long wait for revenge were outpoured. They sent an army into China, routed the rebels, and then seized the throne. A son of Tien-Ming, the Tartar emperor, was made emperor. He called his dynasty Ta Ching-Chao, meaning "the great pure dynasty."

Until the recent revolution, the descendants of Tien Ming sat upon the throne and subjected the hated Chinese to every humiliation. Pu Yi, the baby emperor, was the tenth of the line.

JAMES EDWARD DILLE DIES TUESDAY MORNING

Death Is the Result of an Illness of Three Years.

James Edward Dille, fifty-two years old, died from paralysis and complications at his home, No. 354 north Leader street, Tuesday at 5:30 o'clock. He had been ill for three years.

The deceased was a native of Mt. Victory, Hardin county, and moved to Marion about seven years ago. He was a brick mason by occupation.

The deceased is survived by a widow and the following children: Mrs. Jacob Newmat, Bessie, Louis, Watson and Charles Dille, of Marion, and Mrs. Ethel Kleebarger, of Lima City.

Mr. Dille was a member of the Methodist church.

TO WAGE FIGHT ON ROOSEVELT

Former New York Governor To Oppose Colonel.

FRANK S. BLACK BACK IN POLITICS

To Go Gunning for Others Beside Roosevelt.

Black Wants To Be Elected a Delegate to Chicago Convention and It Is Claimed That Congressional District in Which He Is Located Will Instruct for Taft—Black Does Not Fear Roosevelt.

Troy, N. Y., Feb. 12.—With $1,000,000 in negotiable securities earned by fourteen years' practice of law, safely hidden away, Frank S. Black, former governor, congressman and charter member of the Tapeworm club, is today back in politics. The chief object of his new undertaking is said to be a fight on Colonel Roosevelt.

Roosevelt prevented Black from getting a renomination in 1898 for governor, and, although Black, in 1904, made the speech at Chicago nominating Roosevelt on behalf of New York, for the presidency, it was not through friendship, but because it was "good politics" at that time.

Black is gunning for the scalp of Cornelius V. Colins, former state superintendent of prisons and until a short time ago the undisputed boss of Rensselaer county, having succeeded to the political leadership Black laid down to make money practicing law. Collins was Roosevelt's chief lieutenant when he captured the Saratoga convention a year ago and bitterly humiliated Vice President Sherman, a fellow Tapewormer.

Today, it was announced that Black is square behind Pierce Russell, son of the former Senator Russell, who financed Black's fight for congress, and who is an avowed candidate for county leader. Black and his former lieutenants have had frequent conferences and today say Collins will be deposed at the primaries to be held soon. Black will then be elected one of the delegates to the Chicago convention, they assert. The congressional district convention, they claim, will instruct for Taft.

Black is also to fight against Roosevelt getting a foothold in the Republican machine.

WARRANTS FOR LABOR LEADERS

Issued by Commissioner Foote in Chicago.

HEAD OF IRON UNION WILL BE ARRESTED

Eleven Others Wanted in Same Connection.

The Warrants Are Based on Indictments Returned by Indianapolis Federal Grand Jury, Charging Complicity in Alleged Dynamiting Conspiracy—Labor Men Declare They Are Ready To Fight.

Indianapolis, Feb. 13.—"The federal authorities can find me right here in Indianapolis any time they want me," was the answer of Frank M. Ryan, president of the International Association of Bridge & Structural Iron Workers, when told today that a warrant for his arrest in connection with the alleged dynamiting conspiracy had been issued in Chicago.

"I am not afraid of the charge, and I am confident that I will prove my innocence of any connection with the dynamitings of John J. McNamara," said Ryan.

Warrants Issued.

Chicago, Feb. 13.—Warrants for the arrest of Frank M. Ryan, president of the International Association of Bridge & Structural Iron Workers, and R. H. Houlihan, secretary of the Chicago local of the same union, and ten others have been issued by United States Commissioner Foote. The warrants were signed by the commissioner last night and kept secret. They are based on indictments returned by the Indianapolis federal grand jury, charging complicity in the alleged dynamite conspiracy.

Dowd Is Arrested.

Rochester, N. Y., Feb. 13.—Clarence E. Dowd, business agent of the local wagonists' union, was arrested on a federal warrant this afternoon, charged with conspiracy in connection with the dynamite cases investigated at Indianapolis.

Water freezes every night the year round in Alto Crucero, Bolivia; while at noon each day the sun is hot enough to blister the flesh. Above all others, it is the place where extremes meet.

Saints continue to lead.

MOB REVOLT NOT FEARED

But Social Fabric of Nation Will Be Rent.

EVOLUTION WILL BE THE MEANS

Revolution Pushed Aside for Other Methods.

Nebraska Congressman Declares the Aggregations of Capital Which Are Predicting Revolution See Handwriting on the Wall, but Peaceful Plans Will Lead to Settlement of Difficulties.

Gary's Statement.

"There are things being said nowadays which are very similar to things said just before the French revolution. I tell you that the spark may make a flame, and that soon. Unless capitalists, corporations, powerful men themselves take a leading part in trying to improve the conditions of humanity, great changes will come and they will come mighty quickly and the mob will bring them."

Taft's Statement.

"Such extremists—radical Progressive—would hurry us into a condition which could find no parallel except in the French revolution, or in that bubling anarchy that once characterized the South American republics. Such extremists are not Progressives—they are political emotionalists or neurotics."

Norris' Statement.

"Evolution, not revolution will be the saving of the country. No better evidence of this could be asked than the attitude of the very representatives of vast aggregations of capital who are today predicting revolution."

Views of Norris.

Washington, Feb. 13.—The social fabric of the nation will be rent in an upheaval following the present period of unrest, but far from being the "mob revolt," predicted by Chairman Elbert H. Gary, of the steel trust, the evolution will be peaceful. This was the answer today to the steel magnate's recent speech, by Representative Norris, the house Progressive leader, in the following signed statement written for the United Press.

[BY GEORGE W. NORRIS.]

The great political, social and economic reform for which the people are clamoring throughout the country, will be accomplished without recourse to the bomb and the barricade.

They are being accomplished every day by the actions of the people, prompted by great unrest.

While the great issues before the country today are undoubtedly second only in importance to the people, to those that brought on the civil war, they will be settled peacefully. Evolution, not revolution, will be the saving of the country. No better evidence of this could be asked than the attitude of those very representatives of vast aggregations of capital who are today predicting revolution.

Handwriting on Wall.

They have already seen the handwriting on the wall. They are already convinced that the time for reform is at hand, that the people demand it, and that the people mean to have it. They are already planning to accede to the people's demands and when they have done that, there will be no need for revolution.

The American people throughout their history have accomplished great reforms, peacefully—by the force of moral movements. And the widespread discontent today is but another of these movements that will accomplish its purpose—without bloodshed.

I notice that President Taft also has the "mob idea." In his speech last night, he shows his entire inability to grasp the meaning of the progressive movement when he assumes that progressiveism is synonymous with revolution and that sincere friends of popular government are "neurotics and emotionalists." The reason President Taft can not understand this matter was disclosed in his utterance to the New York Bar association, where he announces his belief that the people are not fitted for self-government.

Dr. Wiley's Opinion.

Washington, Feb. 13.—"I thoroughly agree with Judge Gary, of the steel corporation, that unless something is done to alleviate present conditions of unrest in the nation, the mob rule will come," was the emphatic assertion, today, of Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, pure food champion, sociologist and economist. He added, however, that his viewpoint was from a different angle than that taken by the steel magnate.

"The sentiment of unrest of abhorrence which must be allayed by educated people comes, I think," Wiley asserted, "from the over-capitalizing of the great industries, the selling of watered stock; promotion of worthless land schemes; extortions of the express, telephone and telegraph systems; drainage of billions of money into the cities for life insurance—a considerable part of which never returns to the beneficiaries—and dozens of other schemes for deceiving and defrauding the people. I would add to this list of selling of worthless remedies under the guise of 'cure alls.'

Duty of Educated.

"It is the duty of educated women to assist men in the extermination of all of these schemes of getting money for nothing. We very justly praise a certain detective for bringing these miscreants to justice, who sacrificed innocent lives to spite an individual against whom they had a grudge. But what detective will bring those billionaires to justice, whose existence seems to require that thousands of children, women and men shall struggle with conquering poverty and freeze and starve in our streets?

"The great vice in this country is the insane worship of money.

"My plan is not by mob violence to re-distribute wealth, but by education to bring about a state of mind which shall hereafter forbid the accumulation of wealth through legitimate means, would preserve forever to this nation its fundamental principles of liberty, justice and equal opportunity for all."

THE LODGES.

Grand Chief Margaret Baddley, of Toledo, inspected Canby Temple, No. 152, Pythian Sisters, Monday night, when a class of three candidates was initiated. Mrs. Baddley highly complimented the local temple on its excellent membership and the manner in which the ritualistic work was done. Five applications were balloted on.

Following the meeting a luncheon was served. The next meeting will be held in two weeks when initiatory work will be held.

MONEY TRUST INVESTIGATION

Will Be Real Probe, Too, Says Lindbergh.

SENATE COMMITTEE TO ACT IN MATTER

Senator Clapp Will Delve into Evidence.

Speedy Action of Committee Is Expected as Result of Presence in Washington of A. E. Stillwell, a Promoter, Who Will Tell of Opposition of Financiers to His Plans for Railroads in West.

Washington, Feb. 13.—A real investigation of the "money trust" is to be undertaken by the interstate and foreign commerce committee of the senate, according to Representative Lindbergh, Republican, of Minnesota, author of the original money trust resolution in the house, today.

Ever since the house Democratic caucus turned down the Lindbergh-Henry plan for a special committee investigation and authorized a probe by the standing committees, the Minnesota congressman has been negotiating with Senator Clapp, the Minnesota Progressive, who is chairman of the senate interstate commerce committee. Today, Lindbergh asserted his belief that the general authority conferred on the senate committee investigating the Sherman law would cover an investigation of the "money trust" and intimated that Clapp had practically decided upon such a probe. He conferred with the senator today, going over with him such evidence as he has personally collected. Chairman Henry, Democrat, of Texas, of the house rules committee, who was beaten in the caucus and who denounced the plan, the majority authorized as contemplating an investigation "scattered inefficient and without effect," was also consulted with regard to the senate probe.

It was decided not to risk pressing a resolution on the floor of the senate, but to proceed at once with the investigation. This will leave in the air the resolution of yesterday introduced jointly by Senators Lea, Democrat, of Tennessee, and Kenyon, Republican, of Iowa, calling for a special joint commission of six members of the house and senate.

"I am certain," said Lindbergh, today, "that the senate committee will take up this matter speedily. While I can not speak for the committee and while it has taken no official action in the matter, I believe it is convinced of the necessity for a comprehensive, thorough, investigation."

Speedy action in the matter was looked for as a result of the presence in Washington of A. E. Stillwell, a promoter whose plans for building independent railroads in the southern Middle West were fought, he charges, by the interests dominant in Wall street.

Senator Clapp admitted, today, that the question of an investigation by his committee was under consideration, but refused to discuss the matter.

COLONEL WILL COME TO OHI

Roosevelt Will Address Del gates to Convention.

HE MAKES DATE FOR FEBRUARY

Says It Will Be a Pleasure Give a Talk.

While I Have Been Declining Inv tions, I Can Not Refuse To C to Ohio To Address Represe tives of State Who Are Enga in Doing Most Fundamental P of Government Work.

Columbus, O., Feb. 12.—For President Theodore Roosevelt address the constitutional con tion of Ohio Wednesday, Febr 21, according to word received Secretary C. B. Galbraith, of body, today. Colonel Roosevelt leave New York, Tuesday a p. m., over the Pennsylvania road, and arrive in Columbus nesday morning at 9:50. The dress before the convention wi at 11:30 a. m.

Colonel Roosevelt's letter to retary Galbraith follows:

"My Dear Sir—It gives me pleasure to accept your most teous invitation to address the constitutional convention. I been declining all invitation speak, but this seems to me m much an invitation to speak request that I help the repre tives of a great state—who a gaged in doing the greatest most fundamental piece of g mental work on behalf of the zens of that state, and under circumstances, it is both a dut a pleasure to accept. I than for the invitation. As you as to fix the day, I shall come W day, February 21, by the Pe vania train that leaves New Y 6:34 p. m. Tuesday, Februa and arrives in Columbus the f ing morning at 9:50.

"I shall have to leave Col at 3 o'clock the same afterno the New York Central train could address the convention morning, say about 11:30 o'c

With many thanks,

Sincerely yours,

"Theodore Roosev

Trend of Things.

As the constitutional conv is considering the progressive cies, a majority of the delegat ing been instructed in favor c initiative and referendum, it pected that Colonel Roo speech will necessarily bear political matters.

In view of this, his agreem speak here is given much cance, as many believe it m direct change in his plans. ly, he has declined all invitat make public speeches, in more than a score for today coln birthday celebrations.

Causes Some Surprise

New York, Feb. 12.—Th nouncement that Colonel R had accepted an invitation dress the Ohio constitutional tion February 21 caused so prise here, today, in view of that for several weeks the dent has steadfastly refused any public speeches. It was likely that the colonel wou advantage of the occasion to the policies on which he wi the race for the presidency, nominated.

Only a few days ago, the told a delegation from the society that he could not add annual banquet of the orga "If I accepted," Roosevelt would then be forced to go b accept over 200 other in which I have refused."

The colonel did not com office at the Outlook today was said he was spending holiday at Oyster Bay.

PROPERTIES SOLD A TAX SALE TU

Total Valuation Estimated $100,000.

Properties, estimated to b at $100,000 or more were en or were forfeited to the County Auditor Jay Spauld conducted the annual delinq sale in the office of Count urer Robert S. Dombaugh, morning at 10 o'clock.

Thirty-one properties w the majority of which were a representative of C. H. W speculator of Rochester, Ne who makes a business o property at delinquent tax over the country.

The only other bidders Marion men, who were ther tect their own or the int their friends.

Thirty-six properties re the state because no one ca on them. Many of the p sold or forfeited by the modern and very valuable them very likely will be r from the purchaser by the of the amount paid for them per cent. interest.

The better half of the never knows quite as mu how the other half lives would like to know.

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ARRESTS MADE BY WHOLESALE

In Government's Round-Up of Labor Leaders.

THE ACCUSED MEN PLEAD NOT GUILTY

Nearly Two Score Are Now in Uncle Sam's Custody.

Federal Marshals in Cities All Over the Country Act Promptly When Wires Flash Signal from Indianapolis To Proceed—Heads of the Structural Iron Workers To Fight to Bitter End.

Indianapolis, Feb. 14—Thirty-seven arrests in the alleged dynamiting conspiracy in all parts of the United States, had been reported to Federal District Attorney Charles W. Miller, in charge of the investigation, at noon, today.

"This is only about half of the number that will be arrested," said Miller. "Outsiders do not begin to understand the ramifications of this dynamiting conspiracy."

The district attorney said that it was not probable that all of the indicted persons would be arrested, today. It is expected that it will be tomorrow night before all the warrants are made.

Frank M. Ryan, president of the International Association of Bridge & Structural Iron Workers, Herbert S. Hockin, secretary-treasurer, and J. T. Butler, first vice president, and three chief labor leaders caught in the federal net, who were arrested here, had not been able to give bond early this afternoon. It was expected, however, that bond would be given before night for the three leaders.

Six of the men indicted by the federal grand jury at Los Angeles in the alleged dynamiting conspiracy, are in the list of men indicted here. They are:

John J. McNamara, formerly secretary-treasurer of the Iron Workers; James B. McNamara, convicted dynamiter of the Los Angeles Times; O. A. Tveitmoe, secretary of the California Building Trades Council; E. A. Clancey, former head of the Iron Workers' executive board; Ortie McManigal, confessed dynamiter, and J. E. Munsey, business agent of the Salt Lake City local of the Iron Workers.

Round-Up Completed.

Indianapolis, Feb. 14.—The government's round-up of the labor leaders, alleged by detectives and Ortie McManigal, confessed dynamiter, to have been participants in a wholesale dynamite conspiracy, took place today. Federal marshals in cities, scattered throughout the United States from the Atlantic to the Pacific, acted promptly and by noon the telegraph wires were loaded with reports made direct to District Attorney Miller, of the success of his plan for "arrests on signal."

In every instance, the men arrested entered pleas of not guilty and announced their willingness to proceed to Indianapolis to answer the charges. All were admitted to bail the amounts having been fixed some days ago by Federal Judge Anderson in this city.

The best known of the men arrested were Frank M. Ryan, president of the Bridge & Structural Iron Workers; Herbert S. Hockin, who succeeded John J. McNamara as secretary-treasurer of the organization, and John P. Butler, of Buffalo, first vice president. The other men arrested were members of the executive committee, business agents and others connected in a minor way with the structural iron workers or some of its allied organizations.

When served with the warrant, President Ryan said he expected it. He declared that he and his associates would fight the case and prove their innocence. In discussing the matter, Ryan said:

"Of course, we will not be given as much time as some others. It has taken the government seven years to even get the beef trust into court, but just watch now quickly they try the railroad us."

Gompers Exonerated.

Washington, Feb. 14.—That the Indianapolis federal dynamiting investigating completely exonerated President Gompers and other officials of the American Federation of Labor from any complicity in the alleged conspiracy, was the statement authorized at the department of justice, today.

It was stated positively that not only were no indictments returned against American Federation of Labor officers, but nothing was adduced before the grand jury to show that they even had knowledge of the dynamite conspiracy alleged by the government.

The implication of the "higher ups" ended with the evidence against Structural Iron Workers' union officials, it was said.

Probe Is Ended.

With the serving of bench warrants on the indictments today, the government ends its investigation, it is learned. There will be no further grand jury sessions.

The government will move for speedy trials. District Attorney Miller, of Indianapolis, will have charge of the prosecutions. All but a few of the men will be tried in Indianapolis, the remainder in Los Angeles.

President Gompers was elated when informed that the department of justice had announced that the Indianapolis investigation completely cleared officials of the American Federation of Labor.

"I knew that the further and more thorough the investigation was made into the affairs of the federation, the more complete would be the vindication against any act or even suspicion of unlawful conduct," he said.

First Two Arrested.

Indianapolis, Feb. 14.—Frank M. Ryan, president of the International Association of Bridge & Structural Iron Workers, and Herbert S. Hockin, successor of John J. McNamara as secretary-treasurer of the Iron Workers, were arrested here, today, charged with complicity in the alleged dynamiting conspiracy.

John P. Butler, of Buffalo, first vice president of the Iron Workers, now here, also was arrested immediately after Ryan and Hockin.

These three officials are the best known of the men caught in the federal dynamiting net.

Fred J. Sherman, local organizer for the Iron Workers, and S. P. Meadows, a member of the local Building and Trades council, are the other men who were arrested here today.

Bonds for Ryan, Hockin and Butler were placed at $10,000 by Federal Judge Anderson. The other bonds are $5,000.

In Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, Feb. 14.—These arrests were made here, today, by United States Marshal Eugene Lewis, on indictments in the Indianapolis dynamiting conspiracy probe:

Edward Clark, former business agent of the local Iron Workers' union.

Ernest Basey, former business agent of Indianapolis Iron Workers' Union, No. 2.

Both are charged with conspiracy to ship dynamite from Indiana into Ohio.

A third arrest will be made soon, the marshal announces.

Two More Nabbed.

Cleveland, Feb. 14.—Peter J. Smith, business agent of the Cleveland branch of the Bridge & Structural Iron Workers' union, and George Nipper Anderson, a member, were arrested, today, by federal authorities on charges of conspiracy in dynamiting cases.

The men are charged with having discussed dynamiting with John W. McNamara, confessed dynamiter, when he was in Cleveland last July. Warrants were issued following a grand jury investigation at Indianapolis.

Arrested in Syracuse.

Syracuse, N. Y., Feb. 14.—E. E. Phillips, secretary and treasurer, and John Carroll, recording secretary of the local union of Structural Bridge & Iron Workers, were arrested here today by United States Marshall Wilkin and Secret Service Agent Black. The federal warrant charges them with aiding and abetting in the transportation of dynamite through the United States.

Secretary Brown Next.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 14.—M. J. Brown, secretary and business agent of the local union of Structural Iron Workers, was arrested here early today by deputy United States marshals on an indictment returned by the Indianapolis federal grand jury.

W. J. McKain, a business agent, was also arrested.

Walking Delegate Held.

Detroit, Feb. 14.—Frank J. Murphy, walking delegate, and Charles Wachneister, ex-business agent, and ex-president of the local union of the International Association of Bridge & Structural Iron Workers, were arrested here this morning under indictments returned by the federal grand jury at Indianapolis, which recently probed the alleged dynamiting conspiracy.

Conspiracy Charged.

New York, Feb. 14.—Frank C. Webb and Patrick F. Farrell, local labor leaders, were arrested here by federal officers, today, on warrants issued by Commissioner Alexander, charging them with having "conspired to transport dynamite to various points in the United States from December, 1906, until the present time." They were immediately taken before Alexander for arraignment.

Arrested in Denver.

Denver, Col., Feb. 14.—H. W. Legleitner, former member of the executive board of the International Iron Workers' union, was arrested here at 6 a. m. on an Indianapolis indictment in connection with the alleged dynamiting conspiracy. Legleitner formerly lived in Pittsburgh, but came here for his health a year ago.

Five More in Toils.

Chicago, Feb. 14.—Five men were arrested here early today on indictments returned by the Indianapolis grand jury in connection with the alleged dynamite conspiracy. The federal officials refuse to give out the names of those in custody until the others wanted have been apprehended.

Meadows Is Arrested.

Indianapolis Feb. 14.—Spurgeon P. Meadows was arrested here today charged with complicity in the alleged dynamiting conspiracy. He is a member of the carpenters' union, and is alleged to have been implicated in local dynamitings.

Two in Springfield.

Springfield, Ills., Feb. 14.—The federal officers here report that James E. Ray and Edward Smyth, both officers of the Structural Iron Workers' local at Peoria, were arrested early this morning.

New Yorker Held.

New York, Feb. 14.—Daniel J. Brophy, of local, No. 35, Structural Iron Workers' in Brooklyn, was arrested, today, charged with conspiracy to transport nitroglycerin in 1911 from Bellefontaine, Ohio, to Indianapolis.

Business Agent Also.

Milwaukee, Wis., Feb. 14.—W. E. Reddin, business agent of the Iron Workers' here, was arrested early today, with one other man whose name is being kept secret. A third man will be arrested here, it is said.

Scranton Man Arrested.

Scranton, Pa., Feb. 14.—M. B. Hannon, former business agent of the Structural Iron Workers', was arrested here today by the federal authorities in connection with the dynamiting conspiracy.

Two in St. Louis.

St. Louis, Feb. 14.—Paul Morrin, business agent of the local union of Structural Bridge & Iron Workers, and John Barry, a former business agent, were arrested here early today.

Philadelphian in Tow.

Philadelphia, Feb. 14.—Michael Cunnane, business agent of the Structural Iron Workers here, was arrested, today, charged with conspiracy to transport dynamite.

Another Arrested.

Duluth, Minn., Feb. 14.—Fred Mooney, member of the Structural Iron Workers' union, was arrested here, today, by Deputy United States marshals in connection with the dynamiting of the Philadelphia & Reading coal dock in Superior, Wisconsin, in August, 1910, one of the explosions investigated by the McNamara grand jury at Indianapolis.

Two Give Bail.

Peoria, Ills., Feb. 14.—Edward Smythe and James E. Ray, both business agents of the International Association of Bridge & Structural Iron Workers, were arrested, today, by federal officials on indictments charging conspiracy in connection with the Indianapolis dynamite investigation.

The men gave bail in the sum of $5,000.

Marshal Gets Buckley

Davenport, Ia., Feb. 14.—William Buckley, member of the Iron Workers' union here, was arrested today by Deputy United States Marshal Bidwell, of Des Moines, on a dynamite conspiracy indictment returned at Indianapolis.

Beum Is Held.

Minneapolis, Feb. 14.—Charles Beum, business manager of the Building Trades Council of Minneapolis, was arrested at noon today on indictments returned in Indianapolis.

NEHEMIAH HILFORD DIES AT PROSPECT

Death Comes After an Illness of About One Year.

Prospect, O., Feb. 14.—[Special].—Nehemiah C. Hilford, aged seventy-three years, died at his home here, this morning at 1:30 o'clock, death being due to heart trouble and a complication of diseases of which the deceased has been suffering. He was confined to his home about a year.

The deceased was one of the best-known residents of this place. Up to the time of his sickness, he was employed at the pumping station of the Hocking Valley railroad, being in the service of that road thirty years. He was a veteran of the civil war, a member of the Masonic lodge and of the M. E. church, of Prospect. He is survived by a widow and two sons and one daughter. They are John Hilford, of Caney, Kansas; D. D. Hilford, of Bowden, Oklahoma, and Mrs. W. E. Hess, of this place.

The funeral will be held from the late residence, Friday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock, Rev. M. D. Baumgardner, assisted by Rev. C. M. Chapin, officiating.

CONVULSIONS CAUSE DEATH OF AN INFANT

Mr. and Mrs. John Cusick Lost Little Son.

Convulsions caused the death of William Owen Cusick, the three-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs John Cusick, of No. 253 Edward street, Wednesday, at 3 o'clock a. m. Until Tuesday at noon, the child was apparently in good health and became violently ill suddenly. Dr. James A. McMurray was called and endeavored to save the child's life. Acute indigestion is believed to have produced the convulsions.

The funeral services were held at the late residence, Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock, followed by interment in St. Mary's cemetery.

Some things seem more important before we have accomplished them—marriage, for example.

SETTLER CHOPS OFF HIS FROZEN TOES

Duluth, Minn., Feb. 14.—Agonized by the pain of a frozen foot, Andrew Hiltinen a Pike river settler, chopped off his toes with an ax and then hobbled seven miles to a hospital. He may die as a result.

MANY FROZEN FISH IN BLANCHARD RIVER

The Stream Frozen Dry and the Fish Perish.

Among the many things that may be charged to this unprecedented winter is that the fish are frozen in Blanchard river and all its tortuous tributaries, says the Findlay Courier.

This is what the old river men say and they are supposed to know. They claim that the river has gone dry, or, rather frozen dry, and that at this time there is very little water under the ice that now covers the stream from shore to shore. There may be here and there a deep hole that has escaped the rigors of the cold and a few fish may be saved, but with the coming of spring and the breaking up of the ice, they claim the vast quantity of frozen fish will be revealed.

The ice on the river will average more than two feet in thickness. The water has sunk away from it and is quite noticeable along the shores. Having no support, the ice has dropped from its shore moorings a considerable distance, showing how the water has receded.

All the little streams are in the same condition and it is doubtful if there is a bucket full of water a day emptying into the Blanchard in twenty-four hours. This is an unhard-of condition here and makes an entirely new record.

At night the ice on the river can be heard cracking. It sounds like the pop-guns and often the fusillade continues for half an hour. Then it will cease, only to begin a little later and so on intermittently all through the night. It may do the same in the daytime, but there is so much noise that the cracking of the ice is not heard.

SOCIAL UNREST CAUSE SHOWN

It Is Denial to the Worker of Social Justice.

THAT IS VIEW OF LOUIS D. BRANDEIS

Industrial Liberty Is Cry of Boston Lawyer.

Declares Idea Involves, in the First Place, Recognition of Employer That Worker Must Have Right To Combine with Unions To Secure, by Collective Bargaining, Right to Proper Wages.

Boston, Feb. 14.—"The immediate causes of the 'social unrest' which Judge Gary and others fear, will, if not immediately cured, lead to 'mob remedy,' is the denial to the worker of social justice," said Louis D. Brandeis, lawyer and sociologist, here today. "While Judge Gary's recognition of the dangers to the community which flow from the abuses incident to the concentrated capitalistic power, is encouraging, the social unrest can not be allayed without removing the causes which have produced it.

"Judge Gary's appeal to his associates should not be for them to be sure they are doing the 'square thing' by their employees, but it ought to be 'put your enemies and your employees into such position that the employe may be able to prevent you doing that which is not the square thing.' In other words, we can attain social justice only through industrial liberty. Judge Gary appears to be urging his associates to be benevolent despots, not harsh despots. If he hopes to avert the dangers which threaten us, he must prevail upon them to renounce despotism altogether, and to substitute industrial liberty. That involves, in the first place, recognition that his employes must have the right to combine in unions so as to secure by collective bargaining their right to proper wages, hours and working conditions.

Rights of Workers.

"And unless all employes of the steel corporation and other similarly situated are put into the position where they may so assert their rights there can be no projection against the continuance of such inhuman conditions as compelling men to work twelve hours a day for seven days a week in the steel industry, working, too, at an hourly rate so low that the common laborers in Pittsburgh would not earn the minimum found by the associated charities to be necessary for the support of a man, wife and three children, even if he worked twelve hours a day, 365 days a year.

"In spite of this condition of the steel corporation employes, Judge Gary said recently: 'I believe, taking everything into account, that the treatment accorded by our corporation to its employes compares favorably with that of any line of industry in this country or any country at the present time, or any period in the history of the world.'

"Can anything show more clearly than this statement of Judge Gary's how dangerous it is to create an industrial condition in which managers of a great industry may determine, with the absolutism of an Oriental despot, the conditions under which a large body of American citizens must work."

The scallops are here.

WHAT COLONEL WILL DISCUSS

Before the Ohio Constitutional Convention.

PROGRESSIVENESS TO BE DEFINED

What Republican Standard-Bearer Must Do.

The Nucleus of Platform on Which Roosevelt Will Make His Race for the Presidency, If Nominated, Will Be Explained in Keynote Speech in Columbus—The Colonel Sounds Out Callers on Sentiment.

New York, Feb. 14.—Colonel Roosevelt's keynote speech, his definition of Republican progressiveness, and the nucleus of the platform on which he will make his race for the presidency, if nominated, will be sounded in Columbus, Ohio, before the state constitutional convention one week from today.

This fact was made known today by the progressive leaders, who have been working with Colonel Roosevelt for several days on the subjects to be discussed.

Colonel Roosevelt will not announce himself as a presidential candidate, but will confine himself to a statement of the principles upon which the Republican standard-bearer of 1912 must, in his opinion, take his stand. During the last two weeks, Roosevelt has had as visitors, political leaders and newspaper men from all sections of the country. He has sounded out each one, not only on the subject of Republican strength, but more especially as to the extent to which the progressive ideas have been absorbed by the people.

Colonel Surprised.

It is said that the colonel has been surprised at the extent of the interest in the so-called radical ideas.

Several of the western progressive leaders have assured Roosevelt that only by a stand of uncompromising progressiveness can he hope to secure the La Follette supporters, who openly state they will support a progressive Democrat of the Wilson type, rather than a compromising Republican.

Among the better-known politicians who conferred with Colonel Roosevelt today were Governor Hiram Johnson, of California; former State Senator Flynn, of Pittsburgh; Colonel William I. Nelson, the Kansas City editor, and Oscar S. Straus.

After the conference with Roosevelt, Colonel D. C. Collier, San Diego, was asked what the Roosevelt platform would be. He replied:

"It will be satisfactory to the most of the Progressives, but it may not meet with the approval of the radicals."

To Entertain Colonel.

Columbus, O., Feb. 14.—Theodore Roosevelt will be entertained at a private dinner given by Dr. Washington Gladden when he visits Columbus February 21, to address the constitutional convention. The proposal of the chamber of commerce to have a dinner in honor of the colonel was discouraged by the delegates of the convention when it became known that the chamber of commerce sought to have the colonel make his speech at the dinner instead of before the convention.

HUNT ARIZONA'S FIRST GOVERNOR

He Is Inaugurated at Noon at Phoenix Before Big Crowd.

Phoenix, Ariz., Feb. 14.—George W. P. Hunt, of Globe, was inaugurated at noon, today, first governor of the state of Arizona. The event was celebrated by the explosion of dynamite in the hills outside the city, and the shooting of guns and cannon.

Hunt, with his wife and daughter, arrived this morning and waited at a local hotel until the time came for taking the oath. Then he declined to take a carriage to the capitol building, but walked there. He took the oath before Chief Justice Edward Kent, of the supreme court, in the presence of a small group of friends. The ceremony was simple. Immediately after the governor had been sworn in, a salute of forty-eight guns was fired—Arizona being the forty-eighth state in the union. After this, a military parade was held, Governor Hunt and the other state officials reviewed it. William J. Bryan stood at Hunt's side during the parade. Tonight a reception and banquet will be held.

All over Arizona the inauguration of the new state officers was celebrated.

CONDEMN INITIATIVE AND REFERENDUM

Farmers of Union County Hammer the Proposition.

Marysville, Feb. 14.—The Union County Farmers' Institute unanimously adopted resolutions condemning the initiative and referendum as detrimental to agricultural interests and commended the stand of Union county's representative to the constitutional convention, Michael Cody, against it.

Short lies often cast long shadows.

ARIZONA IS MADE FORTY-EIGHTH STATE

President Taft Signs the Proclamation Today.

Washington, Feb. 14.—While moving-pictures were being taken of the scene, President Taft today signed the proclamation making Arizona the forty-eighth state of the union. The president affixed his name with a gold pen, which was presented to Postmaster General Hitchcock.

It was announced at the White House in order that Arizona's governmental system might be completed today, President Taft would appoint retiring Governor Richard E. Sloan, of Arizona, federal judge for the district embraced in the new state.

The president sent the following telegram to the retiring governor:

"I congratulate the people of this, our newest commonwealth, upon the realization of this long-cherished ambition. Best wishes to the retiring and the incoming officials."

THE GEORGIANS ENDORSE TAFT

Extol President and His Peaceful Administration.

Atlanta, Ga., Feb. 14.—Extolling President Taft for his "peaceful and successful administration," the Georgia Republican state convention this afternoon adopted resolutions endorsing the Taft renomination and elected delegates to the Chicago convention pledged to the president's support.

The resolutions approve a protective tariff and denounce free trade and tariff for revenue only. The prohibition question was not touched upon.

Seven Roosevelt delegations to the convention were rejected.

GOVERNOR'S ULTIMATUM

Puts Different Light on Opposition Subject.

CUYAHOGA COUNTY DELEGATES RILED

Harmon Puts One Over on the Clevelanders.

Governor Serves Notice That Unless Mayor Baker and Others Support Him in Fight for Convention Delegates He, Harmon, Will Battle To Take Control of Organization from Them—The Plans.

Cleveland, Feb. 14.—A meeting of the entire county Democratic organization probably will be called within the next week to take action on the candidacy of Governor Judson Harmon for President.

This solution was believed by Democratic leaders, today, to offer the best way out of a close corner into which they have been put by Harmon. Harmon's declaration against the initiative and referendum makes it impossible for the local organization to come out in his support without violating principles for which it has fought for more than ten years. On the other hand, Harmon has served notice on Mayor Baker and other local organization heads that unless they support him in his fight for delgates to the national convention, he will fight to take control of the organization away from them, starting a rival pro-Harmon branch of the Democracy here.

Harmon's ultimatum, as delivered to members of the Democratic county executive committee, including Mayor Newton D. Baker, was such that the committee itself doesn't wish to assume responsibility for final action on it.

Baker Will Wait.

Before the arrival in town last night of Ed. H. Moore, commissioner of insurance, and one of the managers of Harmon's campaign, with the governor's ultimatum, Baker had outlined a statement in which he was to make known his personal views on Harmon's candidacy. This preliminary statement dealt in no gentle terms with Harmon's attack on the initiative and referendum, and declared the man who held such reactionary ideas unfit to rule the people of this country. Moore returned to Columbus at 3 a. m. Today, however, Baker announced that he would not make public his views for a few days. The only statement he would make as to the conference with Moore was:

"We had a very long and earnest discussion. It is absurd to say that we attempted to molify Moore by saying we would be for him for governor. We've been for Ed so long for governor there would be no news in that.'

"But what did you tell him as to Harmon." Baker was urged.

"I'm not yet ready to say anything about that," he answered.

A Death Message.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Paddock, of north Main street, received word, Wednesday of the death of Mrs. Paddock's uncle, James Hall, of Harpster. Mr. and Mrs. Paddock left immediately for that place. Mr. Hall was quite well known in Marion.

Los Angeles, California, has 5,000 registered motorcycle riders.

KING OPENS PARLIAMENT

Speech Forecasts Home Rule for Ireland.

REFORM OF FRANCHISE LAWS IS ALSO URGED

Address from Throne One of King's Best.

After Expressing Great Satisfaction Over Great Britain's Foreign Relations, the King Speaks in Glowing Terms of Welcome He Meets During Recent Trip to India—He Praises His Subjects.

London, Feb. 14.—The social unrest, as indicated by the serious labor troubles which have greatly interfered with British industry during the past year and which now threaten to culminate in a general miners' strike March 1, is a source of the utmost concern to King George. His majesty made this very plain in the speech from the throne at the opening of parliament today.

The king stated that while the situation was serious and was causing him "grave concern," he had hope that conditions could be so adjusted that the miners' strike would be prevented and that labor generally could be pacified.

The king said that England was adhering rigidly to her policy of non-interference in Chinese affairs and expressed the hope that the new republican government would "prove stable." He said that the foreign office was in constant communication with Russia regarding the Persian situation and hoped that the entire matter would soon be adjusted.

Regarding the Italian-Turkish war, the king said that the British government was ready to seize upon the first favorable opportunity to join with the powers in urging mediation.

There was much surprise over the failure of his majesty to mention Germany in his speech and this was taken as proof that either the negotiations which War Minister Haldane began at Berlin were not concluded or that they failed altogether.

Forecasts Home Rule.

London, Feb. 14.—In a speech carefully prepared for him by his cabinet, King George today opened the third parliament of his reign. The address from the throne proved to be one of the most important to which the British legislators have listened for years, forecasting home rule for Ireland; separation of church and state in Wales, reform of franchise laws and other measures of vital public interest.

The king and queen drove to parliament in state. After the yeomen of the guard had searched the building, a ceremony which has been carried out ever since the Guy Fawkes plot, and had reported that there was no gun-powder secreted in the structure, their majesties were escorted to their robing rooms, whence they emerged later in royal attire, but without their crowns and made their way to the thrones in the legislative chamber of the house of lords. After the preliminary ceremonies, the king donned his cocked hat and read his address in a strong voice.

Read in House.

At the conclusion of the address, the speech was read in the house of commons for the benefit of those who had been unable to crowd into the house of lords.

After expressing great satisfaction over Great Britain's foreign relations, the king spoke in glowing terms of the welcome that he and the queen had received during their recent Durbar trip.

The king believed that the Indian subjects had shown by their attitude that they were loyal to Great Britain, and that the announcement of administrative reforms he had made in Delhi would have a helpful effect upon his dusky subjects.

DOZEN PASSENGERS HURT IN A WRECK

Oriental Limited Topples Over Embankment at Doyon.

Devils Lake, N. D., Feb. 14.—A dozen passangers were injured, none seriously, in the wreck of the Oriental limited, the Great Northern's crack coast train, at Doyon station, near here, last night, according to reports made to division headquarters of the road, today. The fireman sustained internal injuries and may die.

The train struck a broken rail and toppled over a ten-foot embankment.

NEWARK HAS FIFTY CASES OF TYPHOID

Most of Fever Patients Use Water from Wells.

Newark, O., Feb. 14.—Fifty cases were reported in the typhoid fever epidemic here, today, and Dr. W. H. Knauss, city health officer, urged that all drinking water be boiled.

It is not thought by the health officials that the city water supply is contaminated, as, if this were the case, more sickness would have developed.

The majority of the fever patients are in homes that depend upon wells for their drinking water.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

PUBLIC CONFERENCE HELD AT RICHWOOD

Matters of Importance to Village Are Taken Up.

RICHWOOD WANTS FREE MAIL DELIVERY

An Improvement in Roadway Is Also Desired—Miss Virginia Howison and Mr. Homer Schmelzer Joined in Marriage—Notes Gathered About Village.

Richwood, O., Feb. 13.—[Special].—A public meeting was held, Thursday evening, in the office of the Gazette-Republican for the purpose of discussing several matters of great importance to the village. An effort will be made to secure free mail delivery here under the Griest bill, now pending before the committee on postoffices and post roads of the house of representatives. This bill provides for the experimental inauguration of mail delivery in towns of 1,000 to 10,000 inhabitants. Another matter taken up at the meeting was the improvement of the state road, which runs between Richwood and Marysville. Up to Saturday, the committee which is securing the signatures of the land owners along this highway, had obtained the names of all but two of the residents. The improvement would be one of the best things that Union county could obtain. The distance from Richwood to Marysville is sixteen miles and the county seat can be reached only by driving overland or by making a very round-about railroad trip.

Mr. Homer Schmelzer and Miss Virginia Howison, both well-known Richwood young people, were united in marriage, Wednesday, by Rev N. J. Kinney, at his home in Marysville. The groom is employed as a machinist by G. Y Arthur and he and his bride will reside here

The beautiful new home of Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Klipstine, of north Clinton street, was the scene of a delightful social affair, Friday evening, when the members of the Young Married People's Embroidery club gave their annual dinner to their husbands. In the dining-room a color theme of pink and white was carried out, the long table, at which the company of twenty-six was seated, being illuminated by pink candles. An elaborate dinner of several courses was served, after which the company spent the hours with music and conversation Aside from the club members and their husbands, Mrs. W. W. Ocher, of Prospect, was the only guest.

Miss Trella Wyncoar was hostess Friday evening, to a company of the younger social set.

The Ladies of the Maccabees and a number of the neighbors and friends of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Lake were very delightfully entertained, Wednesday evening, at their home just east of Richwood. The affair had been planned as a surprise for Mrs. Lake, who with her family, will move, March 1, to a farm just west of here, which they purchased recently The guests from Richwood were conveyed to and from the Lake home in a bobsled, all enjoying the ride immensely. The hours were passed with music and other diversions and the company was served with apples, cider and pop corn.

The Richwood Driving club is planning for a very successful season, during 1912 and at its annual business meeting, held last week, elected the following corps of officers. President, M. L Handley; vice president, O E Stout; secretary, Dr. L. L Street; treasurer, Bent Sinkey. The Driving club has been in existence for more than six years and during that time E E. Moore, one of its most enthusiastic members, has never failed to start a horse in a race. The club will meet soon to elect an executive committee and to transact other business

Mrs Electa Hall and daughter, Miss Alice Hall, of Ashland, have been the guests of Mrs Hall's daughter, Mrs. George W Kosht, during the past several days

Mrs. Emma Aller and daughter, Mrs. Effie Witman, of Bellefontaine, spent the past several days with the former's brother, V. G. Drumm, and family, leaving here, Thursday, for a visit with relatives in Pharisburg

Miss Marie Moore has been the guest of friends in Cleveland, during the past week.

A daughter was born, Thursday morning, to Mr. and Mrs. Walter Cansome, of north Franklin street.

Mr. and Mrs O M. Bixler, who formerly lived west of here, and who purchased a farm near East Liberty about a year ago, have been visiting relatives near here during the past few days Mrs Bixler recently sold his farm near East Liberty and has purchased another near Geneva, Ashtabula county, where he will locate about March first.

R. W. Keeser, clerk at Wolgamot's drug store, enjoyed several days' vacation at his home in Bealsville, during the past week.

Mrs Mary Gum, the aged mother of Mrs J E. Howe and George R Gum, has been dangerously ill, during the past several days, at her daughter's home. She is suffering of acute indigestion and the ills incident to age.

Mrs S. E. Smith arrived home, Thursday, from Albany, where she spent several weeks with her daughter, Mrs. J. H. Cline and family.

Mrs. Harry Hartman and little daughter left, Friday, for a visit of several days with relatives near Moral.

Mrs. Verna Campbell was a business visitor in Columbus, Friday.

Mrs. Clinton Sloop has been the guest of relatives in Delaware, during the past week

Elmer Hall has purchased the business room on north Franklin street, which he occupies as a grocery, of C. Zeboid, of Shelby, and is making many improvements in the same

Mr and Mrs. L. A Redfield, who have been traveling with an Uncle Tom's Cabin company, are visiting the latter's mother, Mrs Annabelle Wells

Mrs Mary Howison, of Prospect, who is making an extended visit with her daughter, Mrs Bruce Street, has been confined to her bed with an attack of rheumatism, during the past several days.

Rev A O. Horney, of Mt. Blanchard, president of the Ohio Methodist Protestant conference, has been the guest of Rev. M R Stover, at the M P parsonage, during the past week Sunday, Dr. Horney conducted quarterly meeting services in Rush Creek Circuit.

Ivan R Weaver, who has been critically ill of pneumonia at his home on west Ottawa street, for several days past, is slightly improved

Mrs. C H. Huffman has been ill, during the past few days, at her home on south Franklin street

Miss Mabel Wise, who was called here from Canton two weeks ago, by the death of the late French H Thornhill, returned home Friday She was accompanied to Canton by her mother, Mrs. Rebecca Thornhill

Rev M. C. Wisely, of La Rue was called here, Thursday to officiate at the funeral of the late Clarence Snowden The deceased was twenty-five years old and died of tuberculosis. He is survived by his widow, his mother, Mrs Mary Snowden, and one sister, Mrs Charles Moore. An infant son died just four weeks before the father

COLDEST WINTER IN THIRTY-FOUR YEARS

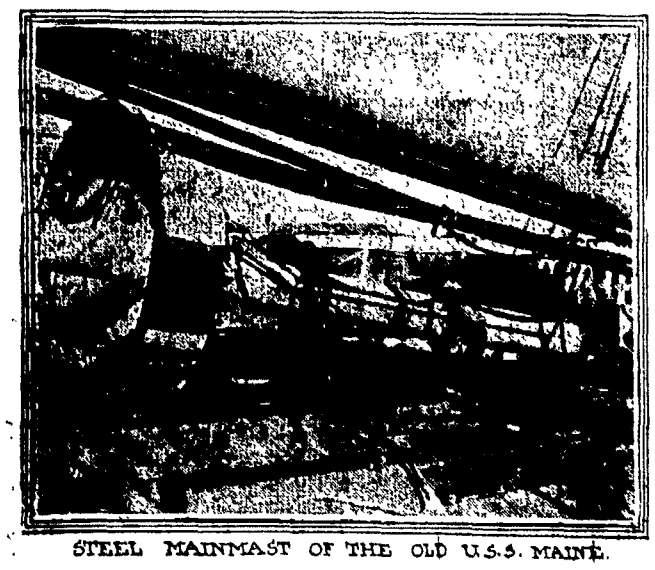
How the Present Winter Compares with Others.

Unless a stretch of "Indian summer" or some other welcome but impossible miracle sets in within the next few weeks the present winter promises to go down in history as the coldest that Central Ohio has experienced since the Columbus weather bureau, the oldest in the territory, was established some thirty-four years ago From January 1, this winter is just 180 degrees short of the average winter, and the end is not yet in sight

In striking an average of the forty-one days since the first of the new year weather bureau officials have found that the average daily temperature has been but 17.2 degrees, and the average daily deficit under the average day of the average winter is 11.7 degrees, which would indicate that the temperature ought to be somewhere around thirty degrees.—Delaware Gazette.

Affront a vindictive man and he will get back at you.

STEEL MAST OF THE MAINE AS MONUMENT TO HEROES.

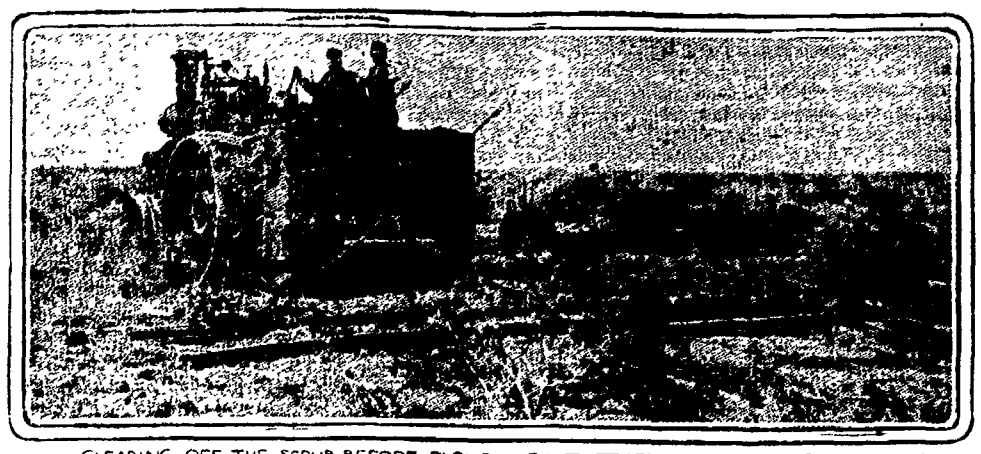


STEEL MAINMAST OF THE OLD U.S.S. MAINE.

The huge steel mainmast of the ill-fated battle ship Maine has arrived at the Washington Navy Yard aboard the collier Leonidas.

Pending the disposition of the mast by the War Department it will be placed in the Navy Yard Park. It is proposed later to erect it over the graves of the victims of the Maine disaster in Arlington Cemetery. No date has been fixed for this ceremony.

MACHINERY WHICH HAS WIPED OUT THE DRUDGERY OF THE FARM.



CLEARING OFF THE SCRUB BEFORE PLOUGHING WITH TRACTION ENGINE AND RAILS

The recently evolved methods of conducting farming by means of high class machinery have wrought a wonderful transformation which is attracting attention all over the vast agricultural sections of the West and Northwest. These machines have wiped out every vestige of drudgery of the farm. More or less complicated, their wonderful adaptation to every form of farm work, heretofore laboriously done by hand or by handling domestic animals, has excited the cupidity and ambitions of youth. Instead of leaving home to become a chauffeur in town the farm boy sees in his own home or neighborhood machinery for him to handle of a type almost as high as that of battle ships and ocean steamships, railway engines and electric power plants.

INTIMATE VIEW OF CARL CAREY ANDERSON

Mixes Saxophony, Business and Politics.

A LAWMAKER FROM THE BUCKEYE STATE

Representative of Thirteenth District in Congress—Does Not Depend on Any One Accomplishment To Justify His Eminence in the Councils of the Nation.

Upon an occasion, some fleeting years ago, the late Daniel Webster made a speech at Rochester, New York. History does not record what the late Daniel had in mind exigi ally to elucidate to the assembled multitude, but history does record that he devoted his brief oratory to an eloquent if somewhat inspissate disclosure on the glories of the falls of the Genesee then, as now, falling not far from the point of utterance which, if my readers have ever been high, was a balcony in Reynolds arcade

The late Daniel, having been enlarged upon by a view of the falls and by a few other things just to the winds whatever philosophy he had previously determined to import to his solid heroics and concerned himself with the falls, telling his audience redundantly, but none the less effectively, that the glory that was Greece had no Falls of the Genesee or like the grandeur that was Rome. Hence, he concluded that Rochester, New York, had an edge on both Greece and Rome.

And, as time goes by, we are constantly discovering other things we proudly possess that neither Greece nor Rome had, nor any settlement of ancient days. We are superior people, unique, one might say, when it comes to having things, no nation past or present can put down in a competitive list of advantages and ornaments As proof, I could cite a hundred instances, nay a thousand; but I shall content myself with one glittering citation—and I make this boldly and without fear of successful contradiction.

'Tis here! Since time began we have had lawmakers The entire endeavor of one branch of every community has been to make laws to hamper the freedom of the remaining branches, but show me—and I hurl defiance to all the world—show me the nation that has or had a lawmaker who plays or played a saxophone in the band! Show me! Ransack history and scan the commentaries of the present day I challenge all and sundry. There is none such nor, such—save one! We've got one—one!—grand, melodious and expert I refer, it is almost unnecessary to state, to the Honorable Carl Carey Anderson, representative in congress, from Fostoria, Ohio, who confers this distinction on the United States of America.

Do you see it now? Imperial Rome, in her most imperious days, never had a lawmaker who played a saxophone; nor did glorious Greece or dusky Egypt, or any other nation, people, civilization, or cycle whatsoever. He stands alone—Carl Carey Anderson, a saxophone soloist in the Fostoria Silver Cornet band; a distinction, I should say, that merits and shall receive adequate celebration

You remember the saxophone, of course—the convoluted, not to say unfractuous, instrument that the man on the extreme left of the lineup of the Musical Mokes uses for comedy effects. After the mokes have done Il Trovatore, the man with the saxophone invariably relieves the situation by saying "I will now give you an imitation of a cow"—which he does via the saxophone Also, the saxophone is of great utility in supplying a background for the flutist—musical-critic slang for flute-player—in Titl's Serenade So you can see it is a great instrument—the saxophone. And—just think—we have a member of congress who plays one in the band!

Nor is that his only achievement Carl Carey Anderson does not depend on one accomplishment to justify his eminence in the councils of the nation. He was at one time the most successful salesman of union underwear in the country, and he has a record as a senior that makes Representative Ichabod Candler, of Mississippi, with his string of affiliations, look like a hermit with no social aspirations Carl Carey Anderson is a member, as he points out in his autobiography, of the Odd Fellows, the Mystic Shrine, the Maccabees, Knights of Pythias, Modern Woodmen, Home Guards, Musicians' union, and a delegate to the Fostoria Trades and Labor council. In addition, he belongs to the Elks, the Moose, the Owls and the Eagles, and intends to join the Rabbits, the Bullfrogs, the Giraffes and the Hummingbirds as soon as those fraternities shall be organized.

Anderson's genius with the saxophone was first recognized, congressionally, in the sixty-first, which was the congress before the present one He had been mayor of Fostoria for two terms, during which time he continued his efforts in the underwear line—which efforts, by-the-way, brought him recognition in the trade as the king of union-underwear dispensers. The sixty-first congress was a Republican institution, captained by one Uncle Joseph Cannon, since retired from the quarterdeck; and Anderson is a Democrat. Nevertheless, the man who can play the saxophone, and who can sell more union underwear than any other protagonist of that pleasing cult, charmed the majority with his music and his conversation to such an appreciable extent that he secured for his district as many pensions and increases of pensions as any other member of congress—which is going some, and also he grabbed off three public buildings, while other less [illegible] had to be content with two—and some received none

The secret of unusual political success in this great country of ours lies in getting things for the folks back home—in extracting from the treasury money that shall be expended in the district. Young Mr Anderson knew this; and, knowing, he counted that day lost that did not allow him to export a little small change from the big building at Fifteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue to the Thirteenth Ohio district. When it so happened that there was no small change, or large, to be had Anderson devoted his efforts to seeing to it that each voter in his district had garden seeds and copies of the horse book and other truck dear to the hearts of the rural constituent.

Also, he wrote letters. Any voter in his district who did not hear along affectionate "My Dear Bill" lines, from Anderson at least once a month had a legitimate kick coming. The ordinary representative keeps one or two stenographers and typewriters busy; but the representative who plays the saxophone uses twelve—and then has to work nights to let all on his list hear from him. The result was a perfectly natural triumph of mail over matter, for the voters of his district turned in when it came time to send men to the present congress and reelected Carl Carey Anderson by a plurality of almost fifteen thousand, which is the greatest plurality ever given to a Democratic representative in Ohio, they say.

Carl Carey has a little precept that directs his movements and that precept is as follows: "Be courteous and friendly with every one—but not modest. Modesty won't get any one anywhere" And isn't that the truth? This world is stuffed with shrinking violets who might have grown to sunflowers but for their innate modesty. What this country needs is men who are not afraid to proclaim to the public their virtues of mind and character. There is too little of this projection of self into the arena. Our politics is speckled with men who are so diffident and verecund they never say a word about themselves or their achievements. Mr. Anderson is striving to bring about a change in this feature of our politics "Modesty," as he well says, 'won't get anyone anywhere!"

Anderson, as he tells us in his biography, began life as a newsboy and bootblack, which occupations he followed from the age of seven or eight to ten or twelve. By the time he was sixteen he had earned and saved enough money to buy his mother a house He worked in the railroad yard in Fremont, Ohio, when he was fifteen, and stayed in various railroad capacities until he began selling union underwear. That was the time he moved to Fostoria As he well says, "Fostoria began to move ahead as soon as I went there, and it's been a good town ever since!" which is a very good illustration of Mr Anderson's idea of the futility of modesty in dealing with these larger problems.

He was mayor of Fostoria twice, in which capacity he acted as police magistrate. He refused to fine the drunks—or, when he did fine one, he sent that amount of the fine home to the drunkard's family.

"Pooh!" said a leading attorney of Fostoria. "A police court with Mayor Anderson on the bench is a farce comedy!"

"Better," retorted the mayor, with that readiness that characterizes all his utterances—"far better a farce comedy in the police court than a tragedy in a poor man's home!"

Which line of conversation and action and various other side and similar lines explain why the Thirteenth Ohio district is distinguished above all other districts in all other states by being so ably represented by a saxophonist; and also it helps a lot in ferreting out the reasons for that fifteen-thousand plurality.—Who's who and why in Saturday Evening Post?

MRS. JULIA C. TUPPER TUBERCULOSIS VICTIM

Dies at the Waddel Ladies' Home Tuesday Morning.

Mrs. Julia C. Tupper, seventy-three years old, who was the first resident of the Waddel Ladies' home died of tuberculosis and complications at the home, Tuesday at 7 o'clock. She came to Marion from Kent and became an inmate of the home six years ago last July She was the widow of a prominent railroad man, who lived in Cleveland.

Mrs. Tupper was born in Connecticut She is survived by a nephew, R. F. Van Doorn, of Long Island, New York, and a niece, Miss Blanch Van Anda, whose father is business manager of the New York Times. Miss Van Anda's mother died when she was a babe.

The remains were taken to Cleveland for interment.

BIRTHS.

Mr. and Mrs. Lee Howison, of Forest street, are the parents of a son born Sunday morning

Mr and Mrs. George Lee, of Park street, are the parents of twin daughters, born Sunday evening.

A daughter was born to Mr and Mrs DeWitt Vestal, of Pearl street, Saturday afternoon.

A son was born, Wednesday evening, to Mr. and Mrs. William Rush, of Martel.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Brunson, of Mound street, Monday evening.

House Wrecked by Gas.

Newark, O., Feb. 13.—Gas, which followed water pipes into the home of H. O. Tucker, exploded when a domestic lighted a gas jet Three rooms in the house were wrecked Albert Tucker was shaving at the time. He was blown across the room, but escaped injury, though his best razor was hopelessly nicked when it hit the sewing machine.

Washington, Feb. 13.—After rejecting the Sherwood dollar-a-day pension bill by a vote of 10 to 4, the senate committee on pensions agreed favorably to report a substitute measure based on service and age, carrying an estimated appropriation of $24,112,578

The committee substitute, which it is believed will be adopted by the senate, means an annual increase per pensioner of $57.27, according to the estimate of the commissioner of pensions.

Aimed at Roosevelt.

Washington, Feb. 13.—A joint resolution to prevent a presidential third term was introduced by Reed (Dem., Mo.) in the senate. It proposes to amend the constitution and make ineligible to the presidency any person who has served two terms or one term and part of another.

TAKES RICH TO TASK.

New York Feb. 13.—"The so-called 400 are as much parasites as are the poor; their influence is not American and their ideas are not in conformity with the spirit of this country."

The Right Rev C. D Williams, Episcopal bishop of Michigan, made this declaration to 350 banqueters at the Cafe Boulevard. The diners were members of the Women's Henry George league and the subject under discussion was "The New Morality."

Most men are fortune hunters, but few are good shots.

Our Seven Day Sale is a

HUMMER

10c yard-wide PERCALES ..... 7¾c ya
COLGATE'S SHAVING SOAP ..... 3c a ca
WARM BED BLANKETS, 68x80 ..... $1.19 p
WARM BED BLANKETS, 60x76 ..... 89c p
SINGLE BED BLANKETS ..... 69c p
WIRE NAILS, all you want 2½c
10-qt. white lined WATER BUCKETS ..... 38c e
ENAMEL SLOP JARS ..... 98c e
CLOTHES RACKS 78c,
IRONING BOARDS 84c, $1.10, $1
20c STEEL SKILLETS ..... 10c e
100 Men's FANCY SHIRTS only .....

Sale closes Saturday night.

B. J. SNOW, 113 South M Street.

IMPORTANT MEETING HELD BY DIRECTORS

J. G. Fairbanks Retires as Head of Big Corporation.

C. W. FISHER OF BUCYRUS IS NAMED AS PRESIDENT

J. E. Marbaugh Is the New General Manager—The New Manager Will Move Here from Monterey, Indiana, at Once—Treasurer Is Not Selected.

After having been for several years president and general manager of the Fairbanks' Steam Shovel company, J. G. Fairbanks retired from that capacity at a meeting of the directors of the company held in the general offices on Leader street, Monday afternoon. C W. Fisher, of Bucyrus, is made the new president of the concern, and J. E. Marbaugh, of Monterey, Indiana, is named general manager.

The directors, who were named at a meeting of the stockholders of the company Monday of last week are A. G. Stoltz, O. P. Lennox, R. M. Imbody, G. W. Hill, C. W. Fisher, W. E. Scofield and J. G. Fairbanks. The directors organized at their meeting, Monday, by selecting Mr. Fisher, president, and A. G. Stoltz, also of Bucyrus, vice president. A finance committee was named to be composed of C. W. Fisher, A. G. Stoltz and J. E. Marbaugh.

No treasurer was chosen by the directors and a committee was appointed to make recommendations for the place. R. C. McCullom has been treasurer for some time and he will likely be named to succeed himself.

Mr. Fairbanks, the retiring president, will continue with the company as a stockholder. During his administration, the plant has been placed on a firm basis and a splendid business has been done.

C. W. Fisher, the new president, is well known here. He will probably come to this city at the very earliest possible date. Mr. Marbaugh, the new manager, will move to this city at once.

MILLIONS TO BEAT TAFT.

President Taft could cause a collapse of the Roosevelt boom for the presidency in twenty-four hours if he would send word to the right persons that the proceedings against the United States Steel trust are not to be pushed and that criminal indictments against numerous captains of industry will in due time be dismissed. But he will not do this. The men who are fighting him and using the name of Roosevelt as the club with which to do the fighting know he will not call a halt in the prosecutions that have been undertaken, and this is the reason they are so determined to prevent his renomination.

The men in charge of the active campaign for uninstructed delegates are representing that an uninstructed convention means the nomination of Theodore Roosevelt. The campaign is well financed. It would be impossible to carry forward such a movement as has been undertaken without plenty of money.

"It is not a campaign that originated with the progressive Republicans of the country. Practically every man conspicuously identified with it is a representative of 'big business' who has felt the grip of a federal statute designed to protect the rights of the common people. It is a campaign of many ramifications, every one of which leads to a coterie of prominent 'business' Republicans who have grievances against President Taft Such a campaign probably would not have been inaugurated if the Taft administration had kept hands off the steel trust.—Washington Correspondence in Indianapolis News.

Eventually every woman discovers that her mirror isn't what it once was.

There's no fool like a bold fool.

Some Embarrassing Hist

In the month of June, 18 cording to statistics available trouble department of the there was held in the city of a national convention of the lican party. This conventi held for the purpose of nom candidates for president ar president.

General Ulysses Simpson just returned from a triumph of the world, was a candid nomination for a third term that convention. Blaine an Sherman were also candidate there were "dark horses" ga

General Grant's forces in t vention were led by Roscoe ling, United States senator member of the "big four" fr York. The Empire state de was divided, the anti-Grant being led by George William editor of Harper's Weekly, a onded by a young man wit teeth. It was the young m the large teeth and a promin of eye glases who squealed a against third termism that tracted the attention of Conkling, who asked someo him: "Who is that dentificia man, anyhow?"

The question was answere dentificial young man was T Roosevelt. He was dead third terms for presidents. with Mr. Curtis he went o against third termism as da to the republic and contrary publican principles. It was William Curtis who, in that tion, declared: "Should t vention nominate Grant I s maintain the prerogative of my sovereignty under my ov

Doubtless the spectre Roosevelt's opposition to thi for the presidency now rise him. Perhaps that is the re have no word and no sig Oyster Bay. The word gives the impression of silen how. Then there is another Vandals have digged deep records and have found not written but the spoken ex of Theodore Roosevelt aga manner of man who would seek the nomination for presidential term. These ex indicate a large display of t a homicidal look from the is said that a fine collection relics has been made for d the proper time before sive" Republican meetings conventions, etc. It is seri timated that they will in so prove instructive, in some t and in some quite amusing.

But why cavil about pr Let us remember that precee presidents have been sma fore; that men have chang minds and that what was a 1880 may be a virtue today remember that we have pas the days of the "hoe-down turkey-trot and the bear Toledo Times.

When you see an im friend it may prove to be ing sight.

The very latest patte Spring Curtain Goods, is more popular than special prices.

Fancy and Plain Etam yard wide, at 10c, 15c yard.

Curtain Madras, fancy with and without borders 15c and 25c.

Plain, Checked and Curtain Scrim, in blue yellow and red, at 10c yard.

Dotted Swiss and str white and cream, at 5c. 15c yard.

The latest thing in Brus with real Cluny lace, ir and white, at $1.00 an pair.

Curtain Lace, 36 and 4 wide, at 10c, 15c and 25c

Flat Curtain Swiss, in white and cream, p trimmed, at 50c, 75c an pair.

The ARK

JUST IN

Ladies Black Buck Button Boo

Welt Soles *Perforated Va*

ALL SIZES, $4.00

STARR SHOE STO

ON THE BUSY CORNER

CENTER AND PROSPECT

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

GIRLS BADLY HURT IN COASTING ACCIDENT

Coaster Skids and Plunges into a Tree Sunday.

SEVEN PASSENGERS RIDING ON THE SLED

All Are More or Less Injured, but Misses Helen Hare and Gertrude Keightly Suffer Injuries Grave in the Extreme—One May Be Cripple for Life.

As a climax to the winter's series of coasting accidents, Helen Hare and Gertrude Keightley, fourteen-year-old school girls, were seriously injured by a big sled, on which seven were loaded, suddenly skidding and plunging into a tree near the home of Mrs George H. Kling, No. 372 south Main street, Sunday afternoon about 2:30 o'clock. The Hare girl sustained a dislocation of the right hip and torn ligaments of the leg that may make her a cripple for life, while the Keightley girl suffered a very bad fracture of the right leg just above the knee, the knee-cap being affected.

All of the sled's passengers were more or less injured as a result of the collision, but Miss Hare and Miss Keightley were the only ones seriously hurt. They fell beneath the tumbling mass of humanity and struck the earth with tremendous force.

The injured girls, partially conscious, were carried into the home of Dr. Robert C. M. Lewis, No. 327 south Main street. Dr. Rhu was called and the two doctors rendered the necessary surgical aid, the injured later being removed to their homes in the Hess & Markert ambulance.

Miss Hare is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Leo Hare, of north State street, and Miss Keightley is the daughter of Mrs. Maurice Keightley, of north Prospect street.

The sled on which they were coasting, with young Frederick Stafford guiding, was going at a rapid speed when it struck the curve near the Kling home and dashed into the tree before the laughter of the light-hearted passengers had scarcely died away.

UP-TO-DATE STORE WILL BE OPENED SOON

James A. Walsh and J. H. Carbaugh To Enter Business.

James A. Walsh and J. H. Carbaugh, both of this city, have leased the rooms on south Main street formerly occupied by the G. W. Bower's jewelery store, and they will open an up-to-date shoe store about March 1. The gentlemen plan to have a complete line of men's, women's and children's shoes and all that goes with a thorough retail establishment of this kind. Although they may not be able to be entirely ready by the date named, they expect to be open to the public at the very earliest possible date.

Mr. Walsh has been in the shoe department of Kleinmaier brothers' store for the past three and a half years and previous to that time was a salesman for Smart & Waddell. He has had wide experience in the business, and has many friends who will be glad to see him enter upon his new business venture. Mr. Carbaugh is a traveling salesman for the Western Shoe company, of Toledo. He has had wide experience in the business. For some time he was in the retail business at Shreves.

ARE MARRIED AT HOME OF BRIDE

Miss Nellie B. Wright and Mr. Harry L. Clark Wed.

At the home of the parents of the bride on Bennett street, Saturday evening about 7 o'clock, Miss Nellie Belle Wright and Mr. Harry L. Clark were united in marriage by Rev. J. P. Currin. A few of the immediate relatives and friends of the contracting parties witnessed the ceremony. Both the bride and the groom are well and favorably known. The groom is an employe of the Marion Steam Shovel company.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark will make their home in this city.

WINCH PIKE PETITION IS GRANTED MONDAY

Pike Commissioners Are Named for Work.

The Winch pike petition was granted by the county commissioners Monday afternoon. The pike commissioners appointed are Joseph Weideamaire, John Jones and R. O. Winch. The proposed pike is located in Tully and Scott townships.

Because of objections made by resident landowners, the hearing for the Thibaut pike petition was continued to February 19 by the county commissioners Monday morning. The hearing was to have been held Monday.

YOUNG PEOPLE ARE JOINED IN WEDLOCK

Miss Vesta M. Court and Mr. Ross W. McClintick.

Miss Vesta M. Court and Mr. Ross W. McClintick were united in marriage by Rev. George M. Rourke, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, at his home on south Main street, Monday morning at 10 o'clock. The couple was unattended. Both the bride and groom are well known.

Mr. and Mrs. McClintick will make their home in Marion, following a wedding trip to Pittsburg.

MRS. JENNIE OWENS DIES OF PNEUMONIA

Death Comes at the Home of Son Near LaRue.

La Rue, O., Feb. 12.—[Special.]—Mrs. Jennie Owens, aged seventy-six years, two months and fourteen days, died at the home of her son, Zell Owens, three miles south of here, Saturday evening at 8:15 o'clock. She had been in failing health for the past seven weeks, but had been critically ill only about two days. Pneumonia was the cause of death. Mrs. Owens was the daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth Patton, and was born in Marion county November 26, 1835. October 16, 1865, she was united in marriage to Zelophia Owens in Morrow county by Rev. John Graham. She was a member of the Presbyterian church.

Aside from her son at whose home she died, one brother, James Patton, of DesMoines, Iowa, survives. Her husband died several years ago.

The funeral services were held at the Baptist church, this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Rev. J. A. Sutton officiated. Burial was made in the La Rue cemetery.

THE PREACHER.

By William T. Ellis.

The International Sunday-School Lesson for February 18 Is, "The Ministry of John the Baptist," Mark 1:1-8; Luke 3:1-20.

A strange bit of news learned by the traveller between Bagdad and India is that on the lower Tigris, at a place called Amarra, are a colony of Sabeans who are reputed to be still disciples of John the Baptist. That is an amazing survival. Come to meditate upon it, however, is it any more amazing than the survival of the influence of John the Baptist in the minds of mankind, so that to this day his life and words affect the thinking of millions?

Here are the hosts of Sunday-school members the world around, sitting for two weeks at the feet of the hairy ascetic in camel's hair, and girt by a leather thong. Wherever in the civilized world today men hate shams and love rugged integrity, disdain conventionalities and respect virile independence, there the name of John the Baptist is honored. On the pages of history his uncouth figure stands out as a personality.

Only a Countryman.

Philistines and insurgents delight in the spectacle of this magnificent iconoclast. John was the antithesis of the well-dressed, carefully-groomed, conventionalized and sophisticated city man, keen to observe the usages of "good form." We can scarcely imagine this friend of the rocks and sands, this dweller in caves, this eater of locusts and wild honey, this hermit of the wilderness, as moving in the polite society of his time. The urbane and polished dweller in the town had little in common with this rough fellow from the wilds.

Yet the anchorite, with uncut hair and rude garb, drew the men from the cities out to the wilderness to hear him. "Only a country fellow!" a Jerusalem dandy might remark, as he looked contemptuously upon this unconventional preacher. Somehow, by an illogical process of public thinking, city folk consider the man from the country as a joke. "Countryman" is counted a term of reproach in some circles, whose members have got most of their manhood from the tailor, the barber, the manicurist, the bootblack and the haberdasher. Certainly it is clear to anybody above the grade of a Broadway fop that a man is really no more of a man than he is when he goes in swimming. In all final tests, it is the naked worth of character that counts. They city man knows more about hotels and theaters and stores than his cousin from the country; but he knows less about mother earth and the primordial tasks of primitive humanity. When it comes to taking care of one's self amid the forces of nature, the countryman usually has the advantage; and even in the grand struggle for survival in the city, it is generally the country-bred man who carries off the best prizes.

Respect for humanity in the raw—humanity of the Garden of Eden, Robinson Crusoe sort—is taught by the example of John the Baptist. He owed nothing to Mrs. Grundy. He was not afraid of the dark, nor of unknown ways and places. Single-handed, he could go back to the most elemental conditions, and live a great life and do a great work.

Where Great Lives Grow.

Anywhere is good soil for the growing of a great life, if the seed be vigorous; but the desert and lonely places produce an extraordinary proportion. Before a man can do his best with men he must live apart from men, in order to adjust this sense of perspective and relative values. All boys are to be pitied who are denied a youth spent in the country, but especially those who are marked for great work. Jesus and John were blessed with an out-of-doors boyhood, close to life in its most elemental and natural forms.

The great ravine at the bottom of which runs the Brook Cherith, and along which Elijah had his cave, debauches upon the Jericho plain; which is in the wonderful Jordan valley—the most extraordinary depression on the face of the globe. Three hundred feet below sea level, it lies, in tropical fertility. Somewhere between the Dead Sea and the Lake of Galilee, along the Jordan, John the Baptist lived. Probably he ranged over the whole region. It is even possible that the very cave which once sheltered Elijah also sheltered him.

A Nazarite, whose hair had never been cut, and who had never tasted the juice of the grape, the austere isolation of an anchorite's life was congenial to him. We know that he eschewed the fine, flowing raiment which the oriental likes, and wore a coarse, camel's hair mantle. Instead of the elaborate, bright-colored girdle commonly worn, a leather thong held his garment about him. For food he ravaged the stores of the wild bees, and made meat of dried locusts. Like his great prophetic predecessor, he was a hairy, vigorous, out-of-doors person, careless of the ways of courts, and fearless of the face of man.

Remote from courts, corruption,
crime, in that high shepherd land,
With God alone, his soul had grown
to stature bold and grand;
For many a wild, in many a land,
and many a peak sublime,
Can tell how solitude with God
breeds souls that conquer time.
—Taylor.

Something in the depths of every normal man's spirit answers to the call of such natures as John's. That is why the city dweller loves to go to the woods for a few weeks of camping, putting away the clothes and customs of urban society, and getting as near as he can to the life of the savage. Every age needs its John the Baptist to call men back to the great simplicities. If we lived closer to the life of earth, closer to the usages of the majority of the human race, we should be afflicted less with doubt, dyspepsia and nervous prostration.

A Voice or An Echo.

One voice may set many echoes ringing. Always voices are few and echoes are many. Let a man speak or write a new, clear, brave word of truth and sooner or later, the world will lend him its ears. An American philosopher has said that if any man will make a better article of any sort than men already possess, the world will make a path to his door. The wilderness was not too far for men to penetrate to hear this rude preacher by the Jordan. In our own day, we find earnest Christians making journeys of hundreds of miles to New York in order to hear Dr. Jewett.

A minister who had lately come to one of our American cities was invited to speak before a large gathering of laymen. He flattered his hearers and flattered the city, to such a degree that men said to one another, "We cannot expect anything of that man for the city." It is seldom the men-pleaser who is the men-leader. John came with a burning message of repentance and a coming kingdom. He told his hearers the truth about themselves — the deep, dreadful truth of sin that is common to all mankind. He had no new-fangled notions about sin that is common to all mankind. He had no new-fangled notions about sin being merely an error, or an inherited tendency, to be covered with rose water, like an unpleasant odor. He called for repentance, for a change of mind, for an immediate amending of conduct. The innate honesty of men's judgment will not permit them to accept any gospel which overlooks the fact of sin; for as they know themselves, and as they know life, they realize that sin is a present factor in human conditions.

The Preacher Not Afraid.

John was a forerunner of that splendid company of preachers, thousands of whom are with us today, who are not afraid to tell the truth. He dared to speak his own message. Eventually, he lost his head for his temerity; but he never lost his crown. The head that a Herodian sword sent to a dancing girl's platter still wore its coronet of fearless integrity. A legion of men since have been heartened in duty-doing, and in brave speaking, by the example of John.

Probably, if John were preaching or writing now he might be called a slave of "the interests," because he told the common people their sins, and bade them be content with their wages. Likewise, he would be dubbed a "socialist" by the moneyed classes for his too-free criticism of the employers. In truth, he was neither, any more than are some of his successors. He simply served the truth, in loyalty to God and without fear of man.

The amazing arrogance and conceit of the person who expects a preacher's mesage to square with the hearer's prejudices and self-interest only shows how far such persons are from an understanding of the sacredness of truth and of the nature of the Christian ministry. The preacher who trims his utterances to suit any man's pleasure will never be fit company for John the Baptist.

The Great Idea.

Yesterday I talked with a distinguished newspaper editor, not a member of any church, and he dwelt upon the present evidences of a spiritual unrest and desire and anticipation which he says he has noticed as being abroad in the land. I cannot refrain frm linking this man with John the Baptist. Both testify to the coming of a kingdom. That was the burden of John's plea—"A good time coming." He had a great conception of a kingdom wherein justice and truth and love should hold sway, for all men's welfare.

Any man who has studied the religious history of the race can scarcely fail to be struck with the idea of the present breadth of men's view of religion. Like John the Baptist they think in kingdom terms. A generation or two ago they thought in terms of sects and denominations. Now, the average church member has no patience with such narrow sectarianism.

At the present time, on the shore of the Sea of Galilee, in the dirty town of Tiberias, there is a sect of Jews who look for the coming of the Messiah. Their idea is that he will spring from the waters of Galilee, choose his cabinet from the faithful of Tiberias, and then proceed to Safed, on yonder hill, and set up his kingdom. Equally narrow and exclusive are the views of some Christian holiness sects, like the Dowieites and the Sandfordites, who consider themselves peculiarly set apart from their fellows. In direct contradistinction from this, John and Jesus proclaimed a kingdom, a universal kingdom, a comprehensive kingdom, whose glory should be the entrance of the nations into it. Today, as the men and the religion compaign is showing, the kingdom idea is the one that comands men's allegiance.

Standing for the Best.

John was a testifier. He bore witness to the best he knew—and that was the best. That is a man's job and the surest, directest way of bringing in the knigdom. Why do books sell? Because one person commends them to another. Mrs. Jones praises the fireless cooker to Mrs. Smith and she to Mrs. Brown, and, lo, in a jiffy, fireless cookers are all over the village.

Carry that idea into religion. Say a good word for the true man in office who does his work well; and before you know it his vogue will be so great that all the machinations of the politicans can not budge it. You like your newspaper's editorials? Say so to the editor, and to your neighbor. Are the paper's articles on religion good? Tell the editor and the other folks in the church. Are you pleased with a good law, or afraid a bad one is impending? Say so to the man who represents you in the law-making body. Get into the procession that follows in the train of John the testifier. The power to bear witness for the highest one knows is a divine right of man. It was the business of the Baptist; it is the duty of the day.

PROMINENT WRITER OF HYMNS IS DEAD

Professor T. C. O'Kane Dies at His Home at Delaware.

In regard to the death of a gentleman known to many Marion people and a frequent visitor here, the Ohio State Journal says:

Professor Tullius Clinton O'Kane, brother of Henry O'Kane, one of the best-known writers of hymns in the state, died yesterday at the home of a son, E. T. O'Kane, Delaware, at the age of eighty-two. Death was due to an apoplectic stroke. He is survived by one other son, William O'Kane, of Cincinnati, and by another brother, James O'Kane, of Cincinnati.

Professor O'Kane was born in Fairfield county and graduated from Ohio Wesleyan university in 1852. Most of his life was spent in Delaware. He was associated with Philip Phillips in hymn writing for a number of years. "The Home Over There," "Waiting at the Door" and "On Jordan's Stormy Banks" are among the best known of his verses.

THE FIRST MEETING OF CREDITORS MONDAY

Matter of Hugh H. Kelly, Bankrupt LaRue Grocer.

At the first creditors' meeting of Hugh H. Kelly, a bankrupt LaRue grocer, before Referee-in-Bankruptcy Robert Carey, of Upper Sandusky, in common pleas court-room, Monday afternoon, Oscar J. Lusch, of this city, was appointed trustee. Willis Clark, James Bonner and Frank Schotte, of LaRue, were named as commissioners to appraise some personal property near LaRue.

Kelly had a fire some time ago and lost his home and household goods. Among his assets is about $500 insurance on the household goods. The insurance on the house was turned over to the man who had loaned him money to buy the place.

MANIFOLD DUTIES OF THE VILLAGE MARSHAL

David Lamb Has Much To Do in His Offices.

At the meeting of the village council Monday evening, David Lamb received the appointment of town marshall and health officer at a salary of $50 per month. Marshall Lamb, in addition to the duties of marshal and health officer, is expected to keep the streets clean, act as fire marshal in time of a conflagation in the village, keep up fires in the council chamber and village prison, and at other times keep himself in touch with the mayor and council as a general utility man. It would look as if Marshal Lamb might have his hands full and overflowing at some stages of his official life.—LaRue News.

PERITONITIS IS THE CAUSE OF DEATH

Mrs. C. H. Neal Dies at Her Home at Cardington.

Mrs. Elma Neal, wife of Dr. C. H. Neal, of Cardington, died at her home at that place, Sunday night, of peritonitis. She was about forty-two years of age and is survived by her husband and a son, Carl, who is a student at the Ohio Medical university in Columbus.

Mrs. Neal was very well known in Marion, having often visited here. She was a cousin of Mrs. E. G. Staiger, Mrs. C. D. Walters and Harry S. Scribner.

The funeral was held at Cardington, Wednesday afternoon, at 1:30 o'clock

JOHN W. KLINEFELTER LOSES CONTENTION

Court Dissolves an Injunction Monday Morning.

MRS. MAMIE FOOS GRANTED A DIVORCE

Is Allowed Alimony in the Sum of $1,500—Mrs. Foos Is Also Given the Custody of Her Little Daughter—Carl McClain Enters Plea. Court Notes.

Monday, John F. McDonough, Mayor Claude D. Walters' Democratic police chief, drew first blood in the common pleas court, in the injunction proceeding of John W. Klinefelter, deposed Republican police chief, against City Auditor Harry E. Mason and City Treasurer G. Farr Larie to permanently enjoin them from paying McDonough his salary on the ground that to do so would be a misapplication of city money.

After the hearing, in which the two defendant officials, Mayor Walters, Chief McDonough and others testified, Judge Scofield dissolved Klinefelter's temporary injunction on the ground that the action involved a title to an office, and, under a supreme court decision, he said, such an action could be maintained only by quo warranto proceeding and not in a court of equity in an injunction proceeding.

City Solicitor Fred W. Warner represented the city, and Attorneys F. E. Guthery and W. P. Moloney were counsel for Messrs. Mason and Lairie, while attorneys Eymon & Thompson represented the deposed police chief.

Judge Scofield granted a stay of execution of judgment for ten days to give Klinefelter an opportunity to take his case to the circuit court on error.

Judge W. E. Scofield, who heard Mamie Foos' petition for a divorce from Emerson G. Foos, a well-to-do Grand Prairie township, last Thursday, Monday granted her a decree of divorce and allowed her $1,500 alimony.

The grounds on which Mrs. Foos was given a divorce were extreme cruelty and gross neglect of duty. She testified that he frequently abused her, striking her with his clenched fists. The mother was given custody of their little daughter.

The defendant recently sold a farm for $5,675.

A jury in the court of common pleas deliberated all night over the insurance suit of Dr. Henry W. Sager against the American Casualty company, of Reading, Pennsylvania, and at 4 a. m., Saturday, returned a verdict in favor of the plaintiff in the sum of $127. Dr. Sager, who claimed to have been incapacitated a certain length of time as a result of being poisoned by eating watermelon, sued for $352 with six per cent. interest.

The trial of the case was begun before Judge W. E. Scofield, Thursday morning, and went to the jury about 5 o'clock Friday afternoon.

Attorney L. E. Myers represented the plaintiff and Attorneys Homer E. Johnson and H. Edmond Hill appeared as counsel for the casualty company.

The jurors were: Frank A. Schroeter, J. L. Boulton, Henry Monahan, Alexander Hill, Frank P. Berringer, Henry F. Behner, W. J. Fish, E. J. Lewis, William Seiter, S. H. Grant, C. C. Koch and Lee Schoechle.

In the partition suit of William O. Martin against Orthea Hazel Martin and others, the answer of William O. Martin, guardian of the minor heirs of the late Harlie Nile Martin, has been filed in the common pleas court by Attorneys DeGolley & DeGolley. It admits the facts set forth in the petition and asks that partition be made.

A motion for a new trial has been filed by Attorney Homer E. Johnson in the suit of William J. Thibaut against Elmer Mayfield. The usual grounds of error are alleged. Thibaut obtained $71.09 judgment against Mayfield on a promissory note.

Motions to quash indictments charging Frank Phillips and Joseph Martin with burglarizing the Parisian dye-house, filed by Attorneys DeGolley & DeGolley, Saturday, were overruled by Judge Scofield, Monday. The date for the trials of the alleged safeblowers and burglars has not been fixed.

Carl McClain, indicted for burglarizing the Strelitz clothing store, pleaded not guilty when arraigned Monday. His trial was set for Tuesday, February 20. Attorney John C. McNalley was appointed by the court to defend him.

The cause of Mary H. Courtney, who seeks to recover a judgment from James B. Bolander because of alleged fraud in a real estate deal, was argued to Judge Scofield Monday morning.

TIGHT COLLAR CHOKES WEARER TO DEATH

Norwood, Mass., Feb. 12.—William F. Dillon suffered an attack of indigestion which caused his neck to swell. A tight collar which he was wearing choked him to death a little later.

THE

End of Season Sale

WILL SOON BE OVER.

This sale is interesting to young men, middle-aged men and old men. Stein-Bloch Suits and Overcoats comprehend many ages but only one taste—good taste. The sale is nearing its end—you are warned accordingly.

Stein-Bloch Fancy or black Suits or Overcoats that sold for $25 and $27 **$18.75**

Stein-Bloch Black Suits or Overcoats that sold for $20.00 are..... **$14.75**

Stein-Bloch Fancy or black Suits or Overcoats that sold for $15.00 to $16.50 **$10.75**

Another shipment of new Neckwear arrived today. We are here to please.

Macken & Smith

THE WATER SERVICE IS SOMEWHAT HAMPERED

Frost in the Pipes and Waste of Water Responsible.

PEOPLE ARE WARNED TO USE EXTREME CARE

The Pressure at Waterworks Office Varies from Seventeen to Twenty-Five Pounds—The Demand on the Water Company Is Without Precedent—The Amount Used.

The water service is somewhat hampered as a result of the protracted cold weather.

The frost has penetrated deeper into the ground than ever known since the waterworks system was established nearly a quarter of a century ago, and frost in the mains is declared to be responsible for the exceedingly low pressure, ranging from seventeen to tweny-five pounds as shown by the Marion City Water company's uptown gauge, Monday.

An engineer at the water plant, west of the city, reported a pressure of fifty pounds at the station shortly after noon Monday. A woman residing near the standpipe reported that she had no water pressure at all, but she was informed by water company officials that the pipes near her home must be frozen. However, the pressure all over town varied, some patrons having scarcely any pressure and others having sufficient only to supply them with water.

Just now the water company is pumping more water than ever before, consuming approximately 1,800,000 daily. This is about 245,000 gallons a day more than were ever used in the history of Marion. One reason for the big increase in the water consumption is due to the removal of the Erie Galion terminal here.

In an interview Monday Fire Chief Thomas J. McFarland urged that citizens be extremely cautious with regard to fires and insisted that there be no more water waste than possible.

"You see," the chief said, "a lot of people right now, in order to keep their pipes from freezing, let the water run all night and that makes a big waste that should stop immediately. This waste is partly responsible for the low water pressure.

Asked what pressure there ought to be up town, the chief declared the gauge should not show less than forty pounds.

The new diseases you hear about are merely the old ones masquerading under unpronouncable names.

BIG BEN

The Alarm Clock That

ALARMS

For that tired early morning feeling and that tendency to oversleep, for that turn-over nap habit and that last-down-to-breakfast failing.

Big Ben $2.50

NELSON & SONS

Jewelrs. Opticians

MONEY TO LOAN ON Farm and City Property

HOKE DONITHEN

Attorney-at-Law.

Just received a large shipment of

Counter Scales

We gurantee them as Standard

$1.00 to $3.50

See our window

HABERMAN HARDWARE CO.

North Main St.

Waldo Township Farm.

A farm of about fifty-four acres in Waldo township was sold at sheriff's sale, Saturday at 2 o'clock, to John W. Grigsby, the highest bidder, who got it for $4,500. The farm was appraised at $5,900 and was sold as a result of a suit in partition brought by Rose Waddel against Daisy Pearl Waddel. J. A. Reed was the auctioneer.

The $20.00 Suit that Sells now at $13.34

is one of the very best of hand tailored garments. Would like you all to see this —it's a world beater. Inventory time will soon be here.

Marx Bros. & Hess.

The Store That Makes Good.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

MARION WEEKLY STAR.
$1.00 Per Year, in Advance.
The Harding Publishing Co.
SATURDAY - - FEBRUARY 17

PROGRESSIVE BORAH AND COLONEL HERRICK

Word comes from Washington that the "progressive" senators are going to hold up the nomination of Colonel Myron T. Herrick, recently named as our American ambassador to France. Senator Helva Borah is to lead the opposition to Herrick's confirmation. Why, do you suppose? Because Herrick is unsuited to the trust involved in representing this nation at the French capital? Oh, no, not that. Because Herrick is unfit in character or lacking in accomplishments? No, not that. Because Herrick lacks knowledge of affairs or is tactless in his handling of big matters? Oh, no, not that Because Herrick is a failure or lacks the attainments that are essential in a man chosen for ambassadorial honors? No, not that Because Herrick is in any way incompetent, insufficient or unfit for this mark of favor, and the responsibilities of this public service? Oh, no. The opposition is deeper, greater, deadlier than any of these. Colonel Herrick is a Republican, seven days of the week, believes in his party, knows its constience, rejoices in its accomplishments, has faith in President Taft; and in the loyalty that is good to note nowadays, he dared to criticize Pompadour Bob, the sage of salvation from Wisconsin. There's the objection There's the offense. There's the fault, magnified by the patriotic statesmanship of progression into a reason why Colonel Herrick should not go as ambassador to France Inspiring attitude of Senator Helva Borah! A fit and patriotic service is nothing compared to shouting salvation by the La Follette and Borah route. If a fellow-countryman forgets all appreciation of things that have been and are, and fails to drink to intoxication on the promises of progressives promoting political preferences; if he declines to truckle, and train his voice to the sanctified set, he is marked for assault on the part of new sponsors for liberty and exalted citizenship What inspiring statesmanship! What a Helva Borah!

Colonel Bryan has become wonderfully out of touch with his party. If we get him correctly, he actually believes that Democracy's ambition to win is in no way prompted by the substantial rewards which a victory would bring.

Colonel Bryan insists that the money trust be investigated Whenever the colonel can't think of anything to embarrass "Uncle Jud" Harmon, personally, he gets after "Uncle Jud's" friends

There is no reason why Mr Charles Schwab should not oppose Mr Taft's renomination Mr Schwab didn't make his $35,000,000 out of steel during the present administration.

We were right to fear the worst when this question of veracity arose between Colonel Henry Watterson and Senator Tillman A University of Chicago professor has begun to analyze lies

If Mr. Charles W Morse's condition were half so bad when he was in prison or is half so good as stated now, it's next to impossible to understand how his pictures are going to escape use by some enterprising medicine advertiser to illustrate "before and after" taking

The world will have to revise its impressions of Colonel Roosevelt. Here we have a lot of editors boldly proclaiming that he is like Lincoln in some respects and yet they have escaped the Ananias club

BIGELOW LOSES IN FIRST ROUND

Caucus Overrules President of Convention.

DELEGATES FAVOR PERCENTAGE PLAN

In Initiative and Referendum Proposal.

Crosser, of Cuyahoga County, Becomes Disgruntled and Insists That He Will Continue Fight To Have Flat Numbers Prevail in Securing Petitions—State Roads Proposition Makes Headway.

Columbus, O., Feb 17—President Bigelow and Delegate Crosser of Cuyahoga county were overruled by 28 to 23 on the first proposition they took before the caucus of initiative and referendum supporters of the constitutional convention. The caucus decided that percentages and not flat numbers should be used in the I. and R. proposal The caucus followed a banquet at the Hartman hotel More than 60 attended, and it was given out that 13 were kept away for various reasons.

Mr. Bigelow accepted the caucus action with good grace and asked to have the decision made unanimous, but Delegate Crosser was far from being in a good humor and intimated he would continue the struggle for the provision that 50,000 electors may cause a referendum on a legislative act and 80,000 may initiate a law.

Crosser Keeps Up Fight.

Immediately after the vote, which followed a spirited debate, Delegate Stillwell of Cuyahoga moved that the percentages be To referendum a legislative act, 5 per cent; to initiate a measure, 6 per cent, to initiate a constitutional amendment, 7 per cent. He sought to press the motion, but Delegate Brown of Highland objected, declaring he was elected on an 8, 10 and 12 per cent pledge President Bigelow suggested adjournment until 7 30 Tuesday evening, and this plan was adopted. In the meantime he and close friends will try to line up the delegates for as low percentages as they can secure

Agreement to incorporate in the Harris amendment to the Lampson good roads proposal amendments by Delegate Price of Perry, by which "a system of intercounty roads throughout the state" is assured, made supporters of the proposal certain at the end of another day's debate that the proposition could be brought to a vote today.

FUNERAL SERVICES OF MRS. FRANK FOSTER

Death Comes as Result of Operation in Hospital.

The funeral services of Mrs Frank Foster, of Chicago avenue, who died as a result of an operation in Mt. Carmel hospital, Tuesday night, will be held at the Epworth M E church, Saturday morning at 10 o'clock, Rev C R Havighurst officiating.

Mrs Foster was taken to Columbus about a week ago and passed through an operation for gall stones. She was thirty-four years old and was the daughter of Mr and Mrs James Guyton, of Union county She is survived by her parents, a husband and five small children

Taken to Cleveland.

Short funeral services for Mrs Julia Tupper, widow of Earl Tupper, a Cleveland railroad official, were held at the Waddel Ladies' home, Wednesday evening at 6 o'clock. Rev Walter A. King, of the Trinity Baptist church, officiated. The remains were taken to Cleveland for interment, Thursday They were accompanied by Dr. Blanch Best, of Meadville, Pennsylvania, an old friend of the Tupper family

BOYS GIVEN A TALK BY JUDGE SCOFIELD

Three Young Men Arrested for Petty Stealing.

SHOULD BE ASHAMED OF SUCH A RECORD

Michael Shea, Jr., Edward Mortell and George Gaffney Are Given Sentences to Jail — Ex-Chief Police Klinefelter To Carry Case

"I have known you boys for years and I knew your respectable parents before you I know that you are not criminals at heart I won't attempt to lecture you, perhaps it wouldn't do any good if I did, but there comes a time in every man's life when he ought to look back and begin to think We are the arbiters of our own destiny, and it's a humiliating disgrace for three Irish-Americans such as you are to stoop to the petty things to which you pleaded guilty"

That, in substance, was the way Judge William E Scofield, before noon, Thursday, began in passing sentence on Michael Shea, Jr., Edward Mortell and George Gaffney, all Marion boys, who pleaded guilty to indictments of petty larceny He sentenced them to serve thirty days each in the county jail

Shea and Mortell stole a pulley from the Marion National mills and Gaffney took some meat from the wagon of Mitchell Bradford. The total value of the pulley and meat was not over five dollars

Judge Scofield dwelled at considerable length on the fact that the parents of the prisoners were well known to him and he expressed the sincere hope that they would never again be up before him Tears rolled down the cheeks of the prisoners as they passed out of the court-room in the custody of Sheriff John G. Stark and gulped their thanks to the court.

The sale of a number of opera chairs owned by A. E. Brandeberry as a result of a judgment of $173 32 obtained by the Hardesty Manufacturing company, of Canal Dover, against A. E. Brandeberry, of this city, the General Film company, of Columbus, and Max Blumberg, of Ft Wayne, Indiana, was confirmed by Judge W E. Scofield, Wednesday afternoon, and the proceeds ordered distributed The chairs were purchased by the Hardesty Manufacturing company

Fred L. Carhart has been made a party defendant, with leave to reply by February 19, in the partition suit of Mollie Butler against Martha Underwood.

The report of the commissioners in the partition suit of Minnie Speidle against Jacob Speidle and others has been confirmed

A motion for a new trial in the injunction matter of John W. Klinefelter, as a taxpayer of the city, against Harry Mason and G Fair Larie, as city auditor and city treasurer, respectively, was overruled by Judge Scofield, Wednesday.

In the attachment suit of the International Harvester Company of America against George W Parish and others, a jury was sworn and empaneled, Thursday morning at 9 o'clock, in the court of common pleas, with Judge W. E. Scofield presiding. Attorney John D. DeGolley made a motion for the direction of a verdict in favor of the defendant, at the close of the evidence for the plaintiff This motion was overruled and a motion to direct a verdict for the plaintiff was made by Attorney Fred W. Warner, representing the International Harvester company This motion was sustained and the jury returned a verdict of $56 57 for the plaintiff and against the defendant. The plaintiff got judgment in Justice Charles H Conley's court and Attorney DeGolley maintained that the justice was without jurisdiction. The suit was over a note.

Immediately after the jury returned a verdict as ordered, the defendants filed a motion for a new trial. The usual grounds are set up in the motion.

To give John W. Klinefelter, deposed police chief, an opportunity to take his injunction matter against City Auditor Harry E. Mason and City Treasurer G. Farr Larie directly to the supreme court on error, Judge Scofield, Thursday, suspended dissolution of the temporary injunction obtained by Klinefelter as a taxpayer against the payment of Chief John F. McDonough's salary until March 2. Klinefelter is represented by Attorneys Eymon & Thompson He claims the payment of McDonough is a misapplication of public funds.

Thursday, Judge Scofield assigned the following cases for the week of February 20:

February 20—State of Ohio against Charles McClain.

February 21—Gates against Winch.

February 22—Guthery against Baldwin, Hart against Bender and Mautz against Merchant.

In the damage suit of David L. Garfield for false imprisonment against John W. Klinefelter, as police chief, and others, John W and Mary Klinefelter, filed their answers in the court of common pleas, Thursday. A general denial is set up.

ATTORNEY GENERAL WILL SEE THE PAPERS

Steps To Be Taken in the Case of Klinefelter.

The attorney general's department has been enlisted in the suit of deposed Police Chief John W. Klinefelter, according to Attorney John W. Thompson, who was in Columbus, Wednesday. He declared Thursday that the supreme court has original jurisdiction in quo warranto proceedings and that leave to file a petition in quo warranto for Klinefelter will be asked by his attorneys next Tuesday. The papers in the case will be submitted to the attorney general for his approval before being filed.

"Attorney General Hogan's opinion holding that chiefs could not be removed except for cause, and after charges have been sustained before the civil service commission, has been accepted in every city of the state except Marion, declared Attorney Thompson Thursday.

MRS. HANORA POTTER CLAIMED BY DEATH

Mrs. Potter Dies at Home of Her Daughter Wednesday.

Mrs. Hanora Potter, seventy-six years old, died from the infirmities of age and complications at the home of her daughter, Mrs. John Mustain, near Mt Olive church, west of Green Camp, Wednesday afternoon at 5 o'clock He death had been expected for some time.

Mrs. Potter was the widow of John Potter, who for many years was nightwatchman at the Huber shops. She was quite well known.

Two children, Mrs. John Mustain and John Potter are living.

The funeral services were held at the Methodist Episcopal church at Agosta, Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. Interment was made in the LaRue cemetery.

MARY ELECTA BURLEY DIES THURSDAY

Mr. and Mrs. William Burley Lose Little Daughter.

Mary Electa Burley, the seventeen-months-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Burley, of south Grand avenue, died at the home of her parents, Thursday morning at 2 o'clock. Death was caused by lung trouble. the child having been ill only since Sunday.

Short funeral services will be conducted at the house by Rev. E. L. Weatherwax, Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. The remains will then be taken to Agosta for interment, Rev. T. J. Carey officiating.

THE LODGES.

A valentine social was enjoyed by the members of Sosnowski Rebekah lodge following a regular meeting, Tuesday night, when considerable routine business was transacted The social was largely attended and pronounced one of the most delightful given by the lodge this year. The committee on arrangements was composed of Mrs. W. C. Luellen, Mrs Mary Rhoades and Mrs. Frank P Berringer

The next regular meeting will be held in two weeks.

Marion Temple, No. 381, Pythian Sisters, held a special meeting, Tuesday evening, at which time the degree was conferred on a class of eleven candidates. Aside from the routine business, the lodge was inspected by Mrs. Baddley, of Toledo, grand chief of the order. Following the meeting, a social session was enjoyed and lunch was served.

The next meeting of the lodge will be held in one week.

A valentine dance was held by Marion Temple, No. 381, Pythian Sisters, Wednesday evening, in the hall of the lodge, over 100 couples being present. Parker's orchestra, of Columbus, furnished the music and a very enjoyable time was had. The hall was prettily decorated with hearts and presented a pleasing appearance During the evening, a buffet luncheon was served Parker's orchestra will furnish the music for the next dance to be given February 29

There is no reason why a woman shouldn't be interested in business—if it is her own.

A very great number of "true blue" Extra Specials

at UHLER-PHILLIPS' always Busy Store

TOMORROW & SATURDAY

A Sample Line of some 200 elegant HAND-BAGS: an astonishing 2-day Sale.

Beautiful newest-style Bags of every description---for street & evening wear---of satin, velvet, silk, suede & tapestry—Spring 1912 favorite styles included.

Added to this big specially purchased "Sample Line"—are dozens of fine Hand Bags from our own stocks—at prices reduced beyond all precedent. Here they are all spread out on one of the big tables in our busy "main aisle"—all convenient & easily to be seen & examined. Did you ever see such a charming variety & assortment of attractive styles? Included are plain & braided & fringed velvet bags—gorgeously braided large bright colored bags for party & opera wear—bags of tapestry, satins & silks—all sizes, all shapes. Sale starts tomorrow. Be here early—for the best will go first.

Practically all these Bags at Half Price

$1.00 Velvet Bags 55c

Plain and braided black Velvet Bags—with long silk braid cordelieres. Best of $1.00 values at..... 55c

$1.00 & $1.50 Bags at 59c

Pretty Tapestry Bags—All shapes and sizes in these fashionable, bright colored bags. $1.00 & $1.50 values at 59c

50c & 69c Bags 29c

Square and round bottom Black Velvet Bags, bound with silk braid—long handles. 50c and 69c values at..... 29c

50c Suede Bags 25c

New shape Suede Leather Bags—brass frames—in different colors. Best 50c values at 25c

$1.50 Bags now at 69c.
$2.00 Bags now at 89c.
$3 Bags at $1.50 & $2.00.
$3.50 & $3.98 Bags at $2.00.
$4.50 Bags at $2.25. $5.00 Bags $2.98. $6.00 Bags at $3.00.

EXTRA SPECIAL: Tomorrow & Sat. Only

A choice assortment new 36-inch 12½c Spring Percales at 6¾c

Just unpacked—these fresh, brand new yard wide Spring Dress Percales. Something like 2000 yards of them—in choice dark styles, suitable for serviceable & practical house dresses & sacques & for children's wear. What a rush & sale there'll be. None delivered—limited 10 yards to a customer. 6¾c yard.

Tomorrow & Saturday will be Two of the Best Days of all in our Big Annual "FEBRUARY SALE OF ALL REMNANTS"

Many of the Remnants for greater connenience have now been moved to our big Main Aisle

The Valentine SILKS

"Valentine Silk Week"

continues the rest of this week and is one of the most important special events of the whole season--in our busy as a bee-hive SILK STORE.

(See Window Display: Prospect St.)

Received in this Morning Express the long delayed Shipment of

REDFERN CORSETS

"The Paris-inspired Models for the Spring of 1912"

For some unaccountable reason—our first shipment of new Spring Redfern Corsets (which should have reached us long ago) was lost in transit. By keeping the telegraph wires hot, we managed to have another identical shipment sent by fastest express.

This morning, this second lot came in.

Now we have the greatest selection of new REDFERN & RUST-PROOF Corsets in our history—including every possible new Spring model for all types of figure.

"Redfern" Corsets $3 to $6

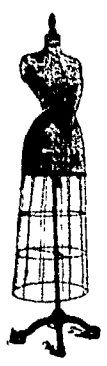
"Rust-Proof" Corsets $1 to $3

Uhler-Phillips

(CORSET STORE: MAIN FLOOR)

Uhler-Phillips' Special Spring Showing & Sale of Hall-Borchert & Majestic Guaranteed Perfect Fitting Dress Forms

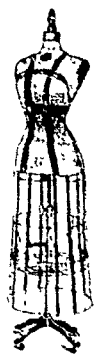
HOME DRESS MAKING IS MADE EASY



EVERY woman should have a suitable dress form, because it is impossible to make a dress without a great deal of fitting and trying on, which, unless you possess a dress form must be done on yourself or some other person. Have you never wished at such a time that you had someone, the exact counterpart of your physical self, who would relieve you from all the fatigue of standing for a fitting, and at the same time enable you to observe the effect and fit of your dress at every stage of the work, thus making a pleasure of dressmaking instead of a trial?

By the use of a suitable dress form of correct proportions you are left free to observe the draping and general effect, or carry forward the work in detail without making mistakes as to set or fit, which otherwise must be corrected with great loss of time and labor.

Tomorrow a special showing of all the new models in the famous "Hall-Borchert" Dress Form. Full figure forms at $7.50, $10.00, $12.50 to $15.00; Bust forms at $2.00, $2.50 and $3.50.



LORING J. SMITH CASE IN SUPREME COURT

Arguments Are Being Made by Two Local Attorneys.

Prosecuting Attorney Charles L Justice and Attorney E. B Durfee, of the law firm of Sconeld & Durfee, went to Columbus, Thursday, to make arguments in the supreme court in the case of Loring J. Smith, the former manager and treasurer of the Ohio Milling & Elevator company, who was convicted and sentenced to the Ohio penitentiary for embezzling the company's funds

Following Smith's conviction and sentences, his local attorneys prosecuted error to the circuit court, which reversed the lower court, and then Prosecuting Attorney Justice prosecuted error to the supreme court.

The arguments in the supreme court are on a motion made by Smith's attorneys to quash service of summons in error on the ground that he is no longer in court; that the action of the circuit court in reversing the court below released him from further connection with the case, and that the summons in error from the supreme court is unlawful

Prosecutor Justice forcefully combatted Attorney Durfee's grounds for quashing the service of summons the supreme court should take such action the Smith case would be at an end so far as the indictment on which he was convicted is concerned Several other indictments were returned against him at the same time, however.

A marriage license has been issued to Mrs. Hannah R Stiffler of Prospect, and Frank L. Sifrit, of Columbus.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher.

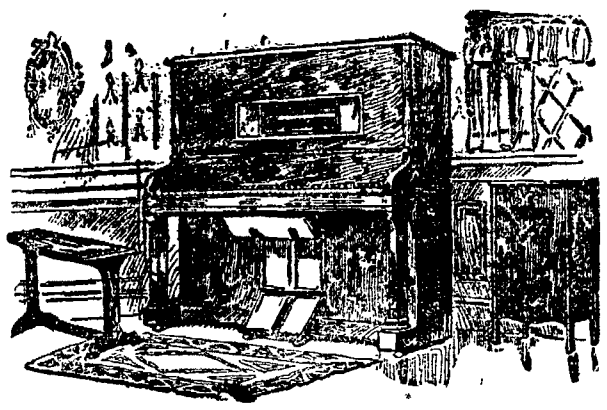
The Kind You Have Always Bought

In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

This is not

A Silent Piano



The pianos in many homes are silent for want of someone to play them. If such is the case in your home why not make an exchange for a

STERLING PLAYER PIANO

which would enable the whole family to play---- intelligently, artistically, with intense personal pleasure, and at once!

Nothing can so transform a home as a Player Piano---and we would be glad to demonstrate how easily it can be played.

Also Sole Agent for Auto Pianos

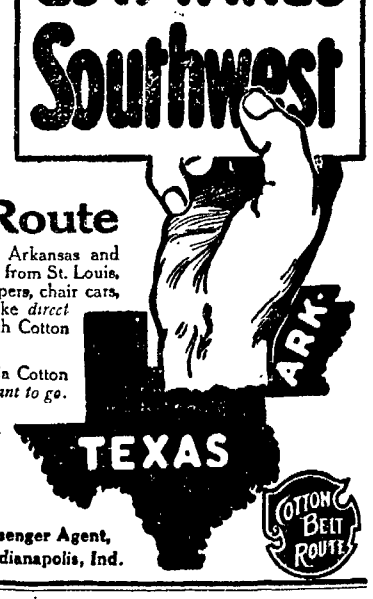
BAKER'S PIANO STORE,

West Center Street.

On the 1st and 3rd Tuesdays of each month

you can make a round trip through the *best* sections of Arkansas and Texas at a *big* saving over regular cost of fare—you can stop over at any point *free* and be gone 25 days. Every day you put off your trip Southwest *lessens* your opportunity there—*go now!* Take advantage of the *next* excursion via

LOW FARES Southwest



Cotton Belt Route

—the quick and the *direct* line to Arkansas and Texas. It runs splendid trains daily from St. Louis, Cairo and Thebes, with through sleepers, chair cars, and parlor cafe cars. You can make *direct* connection in one of those cities with Cotton Belt Route trains to the Southwest.

Ask your ticket agent to route you via Cotton Belt Route—or tell *me where you want to go.* I will plan your *whole trip* for you, lay out schedule, give you exact fare from your town, and send you our *fine new books*, full of farm facts and the finest of crop and stock scenes Southwest. *All free*—write today.

L. O. SCHAEFER, Traveling Passenger Agent, 616 Traction Terminal Building, Indianapolis, Ind.

Searching for Boy.

Miss Helen Wysocko, No. 1207 South Erie street, Massillon, is seeking her brother, Marion Wysocko, fourteen years old, who is missing. She has written a letter to Postmaster M. B. Dickerson asking him to try and locate him through the newspapers. The missing boy is five feet six inches tall and dark complexioned. When last heard of he was working in a broom factory in Indianapolis. He sometimes travels under the name of Morris Bittner.

TEACHERS HAVE MUCH OF THE RESPONSIBILITY

Instruction Is Behind Girls and Boys Leaving Country.

AN INVESTIGATION BRINGS ITS RESULTS

Boys and Girls Are Not Trained and Schooled To Enjoy the Life on the Farm and They Graduate to the Cities Where They Are Frequently Ruined.

Running directly counter to the growing "back-to-the-soil" movement, rural schoolteachers are an actual force in the depopulation of the county districts. They set the faces of the country boys and girls toward the city, and by idealizinz city life they induce a movement toward the centers of poulation that often deprives the country village of its best citizens. This declaration is made by Dr. Fred Mutchler and W. J. Craig, two members of the faculty of the Western Kentucky State Normal school, in a monograph which the United States bureau of education has just published for free distribution.

The tendency of the rural school to encourage emigration to the city, says the government publication, is in consequence of the fact that the course of study in most rural schools is merely a copy of that given to the city school children, without reference to the different environment and local needs of the country child. As a result of giving the country child an education modeled on city lines, the authors declare:

"Teachers everywhere, with rare exceptions, have idealized city life, and unwittingly have been potent factors in inducing young men and women to leave the farm and move into the city. This movement often carries some of the best blood and brain of the community into the city, often to be lost, wasted, or destroyed; certainly to be lost from the rural community. It is possible and right, indeed a duty, to dignify rural life and to save to it and its interests the best blood of the country.

School Influence.

"The rural school has not the influence it should have. One of the chief reasons lies in the fact that the course of study is ill-adapted to rural life in all its relations.

"We are united in believing that a school should train its pupils for life and its work, while these pupils are living and working. The course of study taught in the rural school today is entirely too much like the course that is taught in the city school; in fact is has been modeled to fit the needs of the latter without consulting enough the ends that are to be attained in the former."

As an indication of the cash value of a course of study, specialized to the needs of the rural community, and taught by trained normal graduates, the monograph says:

"Canada's rural schools increased the average wheat yield there five bushels to the acre in a few years. Suppose that our rural school teachers should set themselves the problem of increasing the corn crop five bushels an acre, what would be the result? Let us see. In 1910 the farmers of Kentucky planted and cultivated 3,630,000 acres of corn, which yielded 105,270,000 bushels. An increase of five bushels an acre would have made the yield 18,500,000 bushels more. These 18,500,000 bushels of corn would have brought, at the average farm price December 1, 1910, approximately $10,000,000.

The Money Is Lost.

"This money would have gone directly to the rural community, where it is much needed, and would have been of vast importance in solving the problems that confront our rural people.

"It could have been used to build 2,000 miles of first-class pike roads, or it would have paid the expenses of our public schools for two and a half years. It would have gone far toward paying the farmers' taxes, or it would have built and furnished many a rural home. Can any one figure the comfort and happiness that five bushles more of corn an acre would buy for the rural people of any state?

"What the rural schools can do for improving corn culture they can do for any other farm crop, if they adopt a rational course of study and demand teachers who can teach them effectively and efficiently. Fortunately practical principles of agriculture are neither difficult to learn nor irksome to teach. The subject appeals to rural pupils because it comes within the scope of their immediate interests.

"Rural life can be wonderfully improved by the united *efforts* of teachers to promote real, genuine, uplifting thrift through instuction in the principles and practices of agriculture. To teach these principles the teacher must have had a thorough preparation in this special field.

"Rural interests and rural problems are not like the city's interests and its problems, and educators everywhere, especially in the South are coming more and more to believe that the course of study adapted to securing the most efficient rural life is radically different from any other course of study. The elementary school must, if it fulfills its high purpose, minister to the needs of the community in which it resides. To do this a course of study coordinated with rural life is needed, together with a corps of teachers trained to put into operation the work that the country districts need.

Interests in Common.

"Since there are common interests between rural and city peoples, the courses of study in their schools and the instruction should have certain *elements in common*, but there are important differences in industries and in environment. Corresponding to these differences, there should be a difference in instruction, and in this difference the adjustment should be so devised as to make the school contribute most to the needs of rural life.

"It is now quite generally conceded that the folowing subjects are necessary for the proper training of rural school-teachers: Nature study, elementary principles of practical agriculture, sanitary science and hygiene, domestic economy, and practical principles and problems in elementary chemistry and physics as applied in the study of these subjects. The teachers should be required to have a working knowledge of these subjects. The formal training of most country boys and girls ends with the rural-school course. A fundamental knowledge of the foregoing subjects is certainly a minimum to require of the teacher who trains them for the lives that they must lead."

The bureau's monograph then outlines in considerable detail the ground to be covered in a normal course on these subjects, and describes how the topics are to be treated. The monograph adds:

"*It is believed that teachers trained* in this work will be much better prepared to do such work in rural schools, and that those schools will show a measure of efficiency that has never yet been generally attained."

The monograph, which is entitled "A Course of Study for the Preparation of Rural School-Teachers," will be sent free to any one interested upon request to the United States bureau of education, Washington, D. C.

ALBERTA'S GRAIN CROP

Reports from the grain fields of Alberta, Western Canada, show splendid yields of wheat, oats and barley. Many farmers have paid for their lands out of the proceeds of the crop of 1911.

At exhibitions throughout the U. S. wherever grain from this Province has been shown it has received the highest commendation.

Free Homesteads of 160 acres, and adjoining preemptions of 160 acres (at $3 per acre) are to be had in the choicest districts.

Schools convenient, climate excellent, soil the very best, railways close at hand, building lumber cheap, fuel easy to get and reasonable in price, water easily procured, mixed farming a great success.

Write as to best place for settlement, settlers' low railway rates, descriptive illustrated "Last Best West" (sent free on application) and other information. Address Supt Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or the Canadian Government Agent.

H. M. Williams

413 Gardner Building Toledo, Ohio

(Use address nearest you)

THE TEST OF MERIT

Marion People Are Given Convincing Proof.

No better test of any article can be made than the test of time and this is particularly true of a kidney medicine. Doan's Kidney Pills have stood this test and stood it well. What better proof of the merits of this remedy could you demand, than the statement of a Marion resident who has been cured and has stayed cured?

Read the following:

Mrs. Elenora Lutz, 241 W. Center St., Marion Ohio, says: "I confirm the endorsement I gave Doan's Kidney Pills some years ago and authorize its continued publication."

On April 8, 1909, Mrs. Lutz said: "For the past fifteen years I was a sufferer from kidney complaint and other troubles. For the first few years, the kidney trouble came on by spells. Over exertion, exposure or the contraction of a cold, affecting me. I suffered year after year and in April 1908, I was taken with such a severe attack that I felt as if I would have to give up. The pain through my right kidney was almost unendurable. I had frequent headaches and dizzy spells My feet and hands were badly swollen and I bloated after eating. My appetite was poor and I felt languid and devoid of ambition. I was taking treatment of various kinds, but did not improve and in three months, I lost thirty pounds. My flesh was soft and flabby and I had a sallow complexion. I finally decided that my trouble was caused by my kidneys and I had read so much about Doan's Kidney Pills, that I had them procured for me from Schmidt & Co.'s Drug store. I cannot say that I really noticed much benefit from the first box but I continued taking them and I gained rapidly. The backache left me, my appetite came back and the dizzy spells and headaches disappeared. I was able to go to bed and sleep well nights and I took on flesh. I have sometimes felt slight symptoms of recurrence, but as soon as I use Doan's Kidney Pills, they quickly stop the trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

THE ANNOYANCE IS AT LAST ELIMINATED

Surplus of $7.23 Turned Over by Auditor to Treasurer.

STATEMENT MADE BY COUNTY AUDITOR

Amount of Money in the County Treasurer at the Close of January—The Receipts and Expenditures for the Month—How the Various Sums Are Distributed.

For many years county auditors and county treasurers have been pestered with the unaccounted-for sum of $7.23, which has appeared in all their monthly settlements. It has been a source of great annoyance.

Some time ago Examiner Sage, of the state bureau of public accounting and inspection, informed County Auditor Charles L. Allen of a plan to get rid of the sum, but it was discovered that this plan did not work, for the reason that the little sum still showed up.

Friday, County Auditor Jay Spaulding and County Treasurer R. S. Dombaugh solved the riddle. The money was turned into the treasury by the auditor with a pay-in order, after appropriating it for that purpose. It was placed to the credit of the general fund.

The small sum is supposed to be an accumulation resulting from a series of minor errors of many years' standing.

Auditor Spaulding's financial statement for January, issued by him Friday, shows the sum of $7.23 unaccounted for, but he announced that this would be the last time it would bob up.

The January financial statement shows a balance, less overdrafts, December 30, of $143,231.86, and a balance, less overdrafts, January 31, of $284,225.34.

The receipts during the month amounted to $202,416.23 and the disbursements reached $78,743.30. The statement shows the county has on deposit in the local banks drawing two per cent. interest, the sum of $284,676.81, with only $416.07 in the treasury. The outstanding warrant account is $860.31, and the overdrafts amount to $7,619.82.

JUDGE DONNELLY IS ADJUDGED BANKRUPT

Action of the United States Court in Toledo.

Kenton lawyers are watching with much interest the trial of Circuit Judge Michael Donnelly, of Napoleon, in Toledo on the charge of embezzlement. He was indicted by a grand jury and the case has been hanging fire for some time. The specific charge of the indictment is that he embezzled $975 from the Ohio-German Fire Insurance company while he was president of that concern. The fire insurance company failed and also a bank of which Judge Donnelly was the head. His own personal fortune was swallowed up in the financial malestrom that engulfed him and there was a great deal of talk at the time of the failure.

Yesterday, Judge Donnelly was adjudged an involuntary bankrupt by Judge J. M. Killits in the United States court.

The court ruled that Judge Donnelly, in transferring his $100,000 worth of farmland and other properties to the Citizens State Banking company of Napoleon, as security for loans, had committed an act of bankruptcy.—Kenton News-Republican.

PLANS FOR DREDGING RACEY-AMRINE DITCH

The Work Will Cost Taxpayers a Large Sum.

Plans for dredging the Racey-Amrine ditch at a cost of $30,000 or $40,000, for which taxpayers of Marion, Wyandot and Crawford counties will be taxed, are being considered by the commissioners of the three counties, and a joint meeting is being held at the head of the ditch in Wyandot county Friday.

The proposed improvement is more than ten miles long and the big end of it is in Marion county. It is proposed to deepen, straighten and widen it. The outlet of the ditch will be in the Tymochtee in this county. By the tentative plans now being considered the ditch will be considerably shortened. It will drain several thousand acres of land.

Commissioners A. H. Trout, J. K. Leeper and Henry Seiter went to Upper Sandusky Friday morning.

MRS. JENNIE GRIMM DIES ON BIRTHDAY

An Aged Resident of Agosta Passes Away Thursday.

Agosta, Jan. 9.—[Special.]—Mrs. Jennie Grimm, a widow, died from a complication of diseases at her home here on her sixty-ninth birthday, Thursday, shortly before midnight. She had lived here many years and was quite well known.

The deceased is survived by two children. They are Mrs. Leota Miller, of Richwood, and Frank Grimm, of Agosta. She also leaves four grandchildren and three great-grandchildren.

The funeral services will be held at the M. E. church, Saturday afternoon at 2 o'clock, followed by interment in the Agosta cemetery. Rev. T. J. Carey will officiate.

WHAT does it mean to you when people come here, buy their furniture, and say our regular prices are lower than discount prices? If they are lower than discount prices, how much lower are they than regular prices of other stores?

SCHAFFNER'S

Dependable Furniture House

NOW IS THE TIME TO

Prepare For Spraying.

Spraying is no experiment; it has been proven that it pays; it's economical; it's compulsory. You should spray regardless of our laws. Its results are all in your favor.

NEW OHIO SPRAYING LAW

On and after the 31st. of next Monday all owners of orchards of more than ten trees will come under the compulsory spraying law, which was enacted to eliminate the orchard pests that threaten the utter destruction of Ohio orchards.

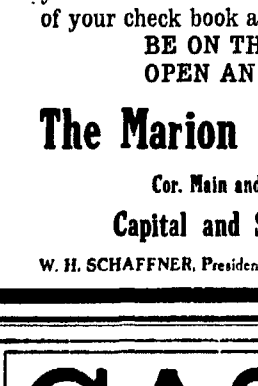
The law in full is given as follows.

Section 1. One year from the passage of this act each owner of an orchard consisting of ten or more fruit trees, shall spray or caused to be sprayed said trees one or more times during the period from November 1st, to April 13th, with some suitable preparation for the destruction of the San Jose, oyster shell or scurvy scale.

Section 2. Whoever knowingly permits a violation of this act shall be fined not less than $25.00 nor more than $100.00 for each year such spraing is not performed.

DOW LIME AND SULPHUR Spraying Solution has a reputation of being the best spray in the market. It meets all requirements of the national insecticide law of Jan. 15th, 1911, and is being used by the foremost fruit growers everywhere.

Order now, as we expect a carload shipment and will make you special rates in barrel lots. Sold in gallon or any quantity wanted.



Spray Pumps

We have made great preparations and can supply you with any size or style of the best Spray Pumps that one can use. All prices, $1.50, $2.50, $3.50, $5.00, $8.00.

Pump like cut with brass cylinder, brass plunger, brass valve, 15 feet of hose, 2 brass nozzles and attachments, $21.00.

CALL FOR BOOKS ON SPRAYING

Thibaut & Mautz Bros.

No Guesswork

about your money matters when you are a depositor here.

¶ Your bills are all paid by check. Your check, when returned, becomes a receipt. No trouble about change, no disputes about payments, no question as to where your money has gone, or how much you have received. Your pass book and the stubs of your check book always tell the story.

BE ON THE SAFE SIDE AND OPEN AN ACCOUNT AT

The Marion County Bank Co.,

Cor. Main and Center Sts., Marion, Ohio.

Capital and Surplus $350,000.00.

W. H. SCHAFFNER, President C. D. SCHAFFNER, Cashier

CASH Is a very slippery article

when carried around with us—the temptation to spend it comes on every side. To save your cash and avoid temptation to spend it, place it with our association and it will earn you something.

We have always paid 6% on savings

The Citizens Building & Loan Co.

111½ West Center St., Over Well's Fargo Express Co.

J. M. SCHNEIDER, Pres. Phone 493 O. G. BRIGGS, Sec

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

DR. L. F. VOKE

WILL MAKE HIS

192nd Visit, Monday, February 19.

HOTEL KUMFORT.

(Formerly Majestic Hotel, Marion, O.)

10 a. m. to 8 p. m. One Day Only.

SEE HIM! SEE HIS PATIENTS! THEN IF YOU ARE NOT SATISFIED DO NOT TAKE TREATMENT

L. F. VOKE, PH. G., M. D.

Graduate, Ohio State University; Starling Medical College; American College of Optometry. Eight years of College and University training. Nearly twenty years experience in the treatment of CHRONIC DISEASES of MEN AND WOMEN.

PRACTICE LIMITED

To Chronic affections of the Lungs, Head, Nose, Throat, Ears, Bronchial Tubes as Catarrh, Consumption (early stages), Bronchitis, Asthma, Etc.

Stomach, Liver, Bowels, as Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, Diarrhoea.

Blood, Heart, Skin as Rheumatism, Eczema, Pimples, Blood Poison, Scrofula, Bad Blood, Etc.

Nerve, Spine, Brain as Epilepsy, Fits, Neuralgia, Headache, Sleeplessness, Dizziness, Nervous Exhaustion, Despondency, Loss of Memory, Etc.

Kidneys, Bladder, Prostate as Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Inflammation of Kidneys and Bladder, Etc.

Piles, Rectal Diseases and Varicocele treated without use of knife or detention from business.

No matter what the disease, if it is chronic, obscure or difficult, you are invited to call or write regarding it.

FREE EYE EXAMINATION

Your sight is too precious to be trifled with. Defective vision is often caused by disease. Glasses fitted and furnished.

HOME TREATMENT FOR WOMEN

The remarkable success of Dr. Voke's Home Treatment for Women is attested to by hundreds of satisfied patients. It saves many suffering women from dangerous operations. Astonishing Results. Many cases pronounced hopeless have yielded readily. Women suffering from any disease or weakness peculiar to their sex are invited to call or write.

MEN Dr. Voke wants a private, heart-to-heart talk or correspondence with every man who is weak, nervous, broken down, discouraged, or suffering from any disease caused by ignorance, excesses, contagion, incompetent treatment or neglect. Success or failure in life depends on your physical and mental condition. Do not put off a matter of such vital importance. Do something now. Write today if you cannot call. Everything confidential. Consultation and advice free.

WHY CONSULT DR. VOKE?

He has made regular visits to this community for nearly fifteen years and has established a permanent practice and reputation.

His practice is limited to Chronic Diseases, and he has spent practically all his life in the study and treatment of them.

His Specialty:—To devise and furnish at a low cost successful courses of home treatment for those who have no time or money to spend at expensive hospitals and sanitariums.

He is in the prime of life (forty-three) and at his very best for good work.

His practice consists mainly of rare and difficult cases having failed to secure satisfaction elsewhere.

At least three-fourths of his patients are sent to him by former patrons.

If he thinks he cannot benefit you he will say so.

Dr. Voke's best references are his many friends and patients, the result of fifteen years practice in this community.

REMEMBER

That Dr. Voke invites searching investigation of his work and methods of treatment. And that he charges absolutely nothing for consultation and examination. Your case will receive his best attention. Everything confidential.

His charges are so fair and reasonable that the poorest working man or woman need not hesitate to apply for treatment.

Write for Free Booklet, "Practical Suggestions on How to Keep Well."

ADDRESS ALL COMMUNICATIONS TO

L. F. VOKE, M. D.

170 WEST SIXTH AVE. COLUMBUS, OHIO

Imported French Prunelles

without a seed but with a delicate tartness that assures a popular dessert.

30c lb.

We have peeled evaporated peaches 25c lb. Prunes 10c to 25c lb. and in each grade the best at the price.

Dried apples and peaches at popular prices.

Our dried fruit department is complete with good things at right prices.

We thank you for the opportunity to serve you to your liking.

Specialists in R. T. LEWIS & CO. Things Good to Eat Phone 130

Beef Scrap— Alfalfa Meal—

These are two excellent foods to feed hens, for producing eggs.

It's not expensive and is recommended by all poultry men.

We have a fresh supply.

Feed and Coal Office.

E. S. MOZIER

N. State Street. Phone 1379

There are only two kinds of girls in the world—those who want to be kissed and those who are willing to be.

THE OLD SANATORIUM PROPERTY IS SOLD

Five Marion Men Buy Property of Dr. C. E. Sawyer.

PLANS FOR FUTURE ARE NOT DEFINITE

Dr. Sawyer Plans To Make a Modern Apartment House Out of the Structure and the Purchasers May Follow the Plan—The Deal Is Closed February 8.

Dr. C. E. Sawyer, who recently bid in the south Main street property of the Ohio Sanatorium property at sheriff's sale, and who is now sojourning in Florida, Thursday, telegraphed his acceptance of terms for the purchase of the same property made by W. H. Houghton, Hoke Donithen, Charles E. Merkel, French Crow and Hayes Thompson. The deal will be closed as speedily as possible and the the transfer of the property made to the gentleman named

When the new purchasers were seen, Friday, they declined to make public the purchase price of the property, but it is known that they gave less than $15,000 for it. It was appraised at $16,000 on the real estate and $6,739.17 on the personal property. Dr. Sawyer bid it all in at $14,000, paying $12,500 for the realty.

Since purchasing the institution, Dr. Sawyer has moved much of its contents and fixtures to his new sanatorium at White Oaks farm.

"We've not decided yet whether we will convert the building into an apartment house or a hotel," declared C. E. Merkle. "We were to have held a meeting Thursday, but we did not get together because of sickness. In addition to the sixty-five rooms the building contains, are the dining-hall, billiard room, ballroom and a kitchen thoroughly equipped for immediate service. There is also a large storehouse.

The property purchased includes the two story frame dwelling to the rear of the brick building, and the lot is 132 by 165 feet in dimensions. The dwelling contains twelve rooms."

Dr. Sawyer, according to his announced plans, intended to convert the big structure into a modern apartment house, and it is likely that the new purchasers may follow the plans which Dr. Sawyer had architect prepare for him.

YOUNG PEOPLE ARE HURT WHILE COASTING

Coaster Collides With a Bobsled on State Street.

Misses Helen Guthery, Frieda Ewing, Emily Frank, Genevieve Cheney, Ben Wiant, Harry Pace, Glenn McCleary and George Emerson were among those considerably bruised in a coasting accident on south State street, Friday evening. The young people with several others were coasting down the hill with Emerson guiding. At Columbia street the sled collided with a big bobsled coming out of west Columbia street, and turning into State street.

The coaster was overturned and almost demolished. Miss Ethel Patterson, Claude Moore and Bain Emerson were thrown considerable distance, but escaped injury. Of those injured Miss Guthery, Miss Ewing and George Emerson suffered the most serious injuries. The bobsled with which the coaster collided was driven by a man giving his name as S. N. Wandler and the sled was filled by a party of young people going to the country.

JOHN BARLOW LEASES THE LITTLE THEATER

Claude H. Long Will Be Retained as Manager.

John Barlow, of Lima, formerly of this city has closed a deal with Charles E. Merkel, owner of the Sun theater, for the lease of the little vaudeville house for a term of practically six years at a rental of $100 a month.

Claude H. Long, the present manager, will remain here as manager for the new lessee. Mr. Long has been very successful during the time that he has been located in this city, and has made a host of friends who will be pleased to learn of Mr. Barlow's decision to keep him at the theatrical helm here.

Mr. Barlow will take possession of the theater, March 1. Meanwhile, Mr. Long, who has it rented until that time, will continue to present the same class of vaudeville as heretofore. Mr. Barlow, it is announced, will book with the Sun people and the house will continue to be known as the Sun.

STRANGERS ARE HERE AND RETAIN COUNSEL

Say They Are Friends of Frank Phillips in Jail.

Two strangers, who gave their names as William Stevenson, of Cleveland, and George McCune, of Toledo, arrived in the city Friday morning, and retained Attorneys DeGolley & DeGolley as counsel for Frank Phillips, who was recently indicted for blowing the safe of Drs. A. and Herman S. Rhu and with burglarizing the Parisian dye-house. The strangers said they were friends of Phillips. Both called, in company with Attorney Lloyd DeGolley, at the county jail and held an interview with Phillips in the presence of Sheriff John G. Stark.

REV. JACOB GABLER'S WILL IS FILED FRIDAY

How the Property Is Divided Among Heirs.

The last will and testament of the late Rev. Jacob Gabler was filed for probate last Friday. It bequeaths $200 to the Mutual Preachers' Aid society, of the Central German conference, a house and lot on Bellefontaine avenue to Mrs. Sarah D. Creekbaum, a daughter, and provides that the proceeds from the sale of the remainder of his property be distributed as follows:

George H. Gabler, seven twenty-fourths part; Sarah D. Creekbaum, seven twenty-fourth part; John William Gabler, one-fourth part; Jacob Gabler, Jr., one-fourth part; James D. Gabler, five dollars; Albert Gabler, five dollars and the balance to Mrs. Creekbaum.

The decedent directs that, if the whereabouts of his son, John William Gabler, who has been missing for thirty years, be not learned within a year, his share be distributed to other heirs.

NO APPOINTMENT OF OFFICIAL COLLECTOR

Matter of Collection of Delinquent Taxes in County.

THE COMMISSIONERS ARE SAVING MONEY

Figure the County Treasurer and His Assistants Can Make the Collections of the Back Taxes and Eliminate a Very Profitable Office. The Situation.

County Treasurer R. S. Dombaugh did not appoint an official collector of the 1910 delinquent taxes and he will not do so as a result of the refusal of the county commissioners to fix the tax collector's per cent. for collecting the amounts delinquent.

The delinquent tax sale will be conducted next Tuesday. Inquiries concerning the various delinquencies have been numerous. Much speculation has also been made as to the difference between the amount of the delinquent taxes collected last year by the duly appointed collector and the amount collected without an official collector.

Since leaving office as county treasurer, P. F. Foreman has been appointed the tax collector from year to year. The commissioners fixed his commission at thirty per cent. of the amount collected. During the first term of former County Auditor Charles L. Allen, the fees of Mr. Foreman amounted to more than the salary of either the county auditor or of the county treasurer. Since then, however, the tax collector has not had such handsome returns because the delinquencies have not been as numerous or the collector has not succeeded in collecting as large amounts.

Some pressure was brought to bear upon the commissioners to fix a per cent. for the collection of delinquent taxes this year, but they took the ground that the work could be done by the treasurer and his assistants.

THE MATINEE CLUB ORGANIZED FOR YEAR

Marysville People Are Against the Use of Hopples.

A Marysville special to the Ohio State Journal, February 9, says:

The Marysville Matinee club organized for the coming season today with the election of the following officers:

President, A. V. Pearse; vice president, John N. Laird; secretary, Milo L. Myers; treasurer, Louis A. Taylor. The club has arranged to secure the fairground race course for another year. The Matinee club has decided to have a big race meeting here on July 4, and will secure entries of the best horses in central Ohio. By a unanimous vote the club decided to request the American Trotting association, of which it is a member, to bar hopples, notwithstanding any agitation to the contrary.

DEATH THE RESULT OF BRIEF ILLNESS

Charles C. Kitzmiller Is Victim of Diphtheria.

Diphtheria caused the death of Charles Clyde, the four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kitzmiller, No. 345 Park boulevard, Friday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, following an illness of only three days. He is survived by his parents and two sisters, Emma and Mabel, aged six and ten years.

The funeral services were held Saturday afternoon, and were private. Interment was made in the Marion cemetery.

PURCHASERS PLAN TO ORGANIZE A COMPANY

A Meeting Will Be Held in the Near Future.

W. W. Houghton, Hoke W. Donithen, French Crow, Hayes Thompson and Charles E. Merkel, the new purchasers of the south Main street property of the defunct Ohio Sanatorium company, expect to organize a company. A meeting will be held for this purpose in the near future.

Future plans with reference to converting the big brick building into an apartment house have not been fully determined.

F. A. Stengle, optician, S. State St 42-e&wk-tf

Too many men take all their grist to the gin mill.

A COLD TRAIL HIT BY THE COUNTY OFFICIALS

A Frigid Walk of Seven Miles to Indian Village.

AN AUTO JOURNEY ENDS IN SNOW BANK

The Racey-Amrine Ditch Is Not Inspected Friday — Those Who Would View It Pass Their Time Nursing Empty Stomachs and Cold Feet on Long Tramp.

Stalled in an automobile in a big snowdrift for an hour only to have their machine break down after they managed to get out and then be compelled to walk seven miles through the snow and cold, was the very unpleasant experience of County Commissioners Henry Seiter, A. H. Trout and J. K. Leeper and County Surveyor George E. Dwyer, Friday. Besides all this ill luck the party had to go without dinner and did not get anything to eat until they reached home.

Friday morning about 10 o'clock, the county officials started in a machine for Wyandot county, where they had scheduled a joint-county meeting for the Racey-Amrine ditch, an improvement that is estimated to cost the taxpayers of Wyandot and Marion counties the sum of $30,000 or $40,000. Crawford county taxpayers will also be assessed for the improvement if it is made, but their assessment will be very light. Wyandot and Marion counties will have to pay the major part of it with this county paying by far the greater amount. The taxpayers of Marion will not be assessed.

It had been planned to go over the entire route of the proposed improvement, a distance of about ten miles. As a result of the misfortune that befell the Marion men, however, the joint-meeting was adjourned until April 23. The meeting will be held at Upper Sandusky.

Following the stalling of the machine in the huge snowbank and the break down, the members of the party sent back to Marion for another machine to bring them home. The men walked seven miles to reach their Wyandot county destination. Returning home they arrived here between 4 and 5 o'clock. They were almost frozen.

MARION PEOPLE ARE DEVELOPING QUARRY

One of Largest Deposits of Marble in the World.

OPERATIONS WILL BE BEGUN IN SHORT TIME

Party Left for Nevada Saturday night — Two Railroads Run Through the Quarry and Shipping Facilities Are Extremely Good. Project Strictly a Marion Affair.

To prepare for the installation of machinery to be used in the quarrying of what is said to be the world's greatest commercial marble deposit owned by the American Carrara Marble company, President John V. Wilson, Secretary-Treasurer Benjamin F. Waples and Director P. V. Perkins, of this city, together with C. E. Marsh, of Woodstock, and Alfred E. Seibel, of Findlay, left Saturday night for Nevada.

The big quarry is located near the Nevada and California state line, and is more than 600 feet high, 2,400 feet wide and two miles long. Two railroads, connecting up with three transcontinental lines, run near the quarry.

According to Messrs. Wilson, Waples and Perkins, over 5,000,000,000 cubic feet of marble is in the deposit and it is worth from three dollars to $18 per cubic foot. All colors of marble are to be found in the quarry. The company expects to be marketing it by spring.

It is the intention of the company, which has its headquarters in this city, to specialize on the production of its black and white in combination, the like of which is said to have never been found in any other quarry in the world.

It is announced that the sum of more than $100,000 has already been spent on the property, which has been under development and testing for the past three years by local capital. Large Eastern financial interests have sought to gain control, but it is declared by the Marion men that they expect to keep it a home corporation if it is possible to do so.

The Marion men expect to be back home by March 1. If the quarry turns out to be all that the local officials of the company hope for, all of them will be made immensely wealthy.

Other directors of the company are H. L. Shaw, of this city, and W. P. Picking, of Bucyrus, vice president of the First National bank at Bucyrus.

The company expects to land some of the marble contracts for the Panama canal exposition which will be held in San Francisco in 1915.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

February Sweep Sale.

1-4 Off On All

Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Stoves.

We place a happy home within the reach of all. We have a home waiting for you.

Of continuous post construction, 2-inches in diameter, large ornamental husks, 6 heavy uprights, in a high lustre finish. Regular price $29.50; (less 1-4) sale price..... .....$22.12

Three-room Outfits Complete $99.00

Four-room Outfits Complete $125.00

This one-fourth off means money in your pocket. Do not delay. Never have we shown such beautiful lines of home furnishings.

Sale Price $18.

Of liberal dimensions, providing ample drawer space-very choicest quarter sawed oak, polished to a fine glitter, a large French bevel plate Mirror-finest dull brass trimmings produce an effect only found in much higher priced pieces. Regular price $24.00 (Less ¼)

—THE—

Hoover-Rowlands Co.

Makers of Happy Homes.

Your Credit is Good. 111 N. Main

VERY LONG ILLNESS RESULTS IN DEATH

Mrs. William H. Warrington Dies Friday Morning.

Gastric ulcers and complications caused the death of Mrs. William H. Warrington at her home, No. 118 John street, Friday morning at 11:20 o'clock. Mrs. Warrington had been ill for months and her death had been expected for two weeks.

The deceased was a member of the Presbyterian church, and was well known. She was of lovable character and her death though daily expected for some time, will come as shock to her friends.

Mrs. Warrington was born in Big Island township, her maiden name being Maria Messenger. She was the daughter of Newton and Patience Messenger. Both her great-grandfathers, Benjamin Bickford and Jonathan Stevens, were soldiers in the revolutionary war.

She is survived by her husband, two daughters, Leora and Cora Warrington, of this city; one son Frank Warrington, of Hammond, Indiana, and several brothers and sisters.

Chiffon taffetas are confidently offered as the ultra-fashionable silk fabrics for the coming season. Glace chiffon taffetas are in the ultra style.

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate. Case No. 12455.

The Home, Building, Savings and Loan Co. Plaintiff, vs. Clara Hanawalt, Defendant.

Court of Common Pleas of Marion County, Ohio:

In pursuance of an Alias Order of Sale from said Court to me directed I will expose to sale, at public auction, at the door of the Court House in Marion, Marion County, Ohio, on Saturday the 9th day of March A. D. 1912, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, situate in the County of Marion and State of Ohio, and in the Village of Prospect to wit:

"Known as part of lot number forty-six (46) in the village of Prospect (formerly Middletown) in the County of Marion, and State of Ohio, and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at the Northwest corner of a portion of said lot which was deeded to William Eversole by M. W. Petty and wife; thence south along said Eversole's west line 57 and ½ feet; thence west parallel with the north line of said lot about 25 and ¾ feet to an alley way which is mentioned in certain deed by O. S. Hopkins and wife to Joseph Cratt and W. W. Gast; thence north along the east line of said alley way and parallel with the east line of said lot to the north line of said lot; thence east along the north line said lot to the northwest corner of the William Eversole portion of said lot, and being the place of beginning of the premises herein described and intended to be conveyed, and the right in common with others to use said alleyway, 57 and ½ feet from north to south. Said premises are located on the south side of Water Street in said Village of Prospect, between Main and Elm Streets.

Said Premises Appraised at $900.00.

Terms of Sale: Cash.

JOHN G. STARK,
Sheriff Marion County, O.
By C. Breen, Deputy.
Copeland & Bartram Attorneys.
69-tu-wk-5

Sheriff's Sale.

Joseph A. Miller, vs Loveda J. Layman et al.

In Court of Common Pleas, Marion, County Ohio. Case No. 13209.

By virtue of Vendi Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Marion County Ohio, and to me directed and delivered in the above named case, I will offer for sale at Public Auction at the door of the Court house in said Marion County Ohio, on Saturday the 2nd day of March A. D. 1912, at the hour of 2 o'clock P. M., of said day the following described real estate situate in the City of Marion, County of Marion and State of Ohio to wit:

Situated in the County of Marion in the State of Ohio to wit: Being known as being lot number Six thousand and twenty-six (6026) in the Fairfax Place Addition to the City of Marion, Ohio.

Appraised at $75.00.

Terms of sale. Cash.

Dated at Marion Ohio this 22nd day of January A. D. 1912.

JOHN G. STARK,
Sheriff M. C. O.
by C. Breen, Deputy.

J. W. Jacoby, Plaintiff's Attorney. 54-tu-wk-5

Sheriff's Sale of Real Estate Case No. 13210.

James D. Chard, Plaintiff, vs. E. L. Anderson et al. Defendant.

Court of Common Pleas of Marion County, Ohio:

In pursuance of an Order of Sale from said Court to me directed I will expose to sale, at public auction, at the door of the Court House in Marion, Marion County, Ohio, on Saturday the 24th day of February A. D. 1912, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, situate in the County of Marion and State of Ohio, and in the Village of Green Camp to wit:

Situated in the incorporated village of Green Camp, County of Marion and State of Ohio, and known as being Lot number eighty-five (85) in the incorporated village of Green Camp, Marion County, Ohio.

Said Premises Appraised at $500.00.

Terms of Sale: Cash.

JOHN G. STARK,
Sheriff Marion County, O.
By C. Breen, Deputy.
H. Edmund Hill, Attorney. 48-tu-wk-5

Sheriff's Sale of Chattel Property.

The Hardesty Manufacturing company a corporation vs. A. E. Brandeberry, et al.

In pursuance of an Execution issued from the Clerk's office of the Court of Common Pleas of Marion County, Ohio on the 31st day of January 1912, and to me directed in the case above named, I will expose to Sale at Public Auction, on the premises of Paddock Transfer and Storage Company at 118 Oak Street in the City of Marion, Marion County, Ohio on Tuesday the 13th day of February 1912, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day, the following Goods and Chattels, to-wit:

Two hundred (200) Style A. open chairs automatic folding self weighting forest green finish.

Appraised at $1000.

Terms of sale: Cash.

Taken as the property of A. E. Brandeberry et al to satisfy an execution in favor of The Hardesty Manufacturing Company, a corporation.

JOHN G. STARK,
Sheriff M. C. O.
by C. Breen, Deputy.
Cissinger & Gothery, Attorneys. 57-f wk-

SCHOOL EXAMINATIONS.

The School Examiners of Marion county, Ohio, will meet for the examination of teachers at the Central school building, Saturday,

March 2.
April 6.
May 4.
June 1.

Examinations commence at 8:00 a. m. and no application will be received after 10 a. m. All examinations will be written and positively no private examinations will be granted. A fee of 50 cents will be charged on admission to the examination and each applicant will furnish an envelope, stamped and addressed to him or herself, in which a certificate or notice of failure will be forwarded. Applicants will be graded on a scale of 100. No certificate will be granted when the grade in any branch falls below 70. An average of 75 with a minimum of 70 secures a certificate for one year. 85 with a minimum of 80 and twelve months experience secures a certificate for two years. 90 with a minimum of 85 and twenty-four months' experience secures a certificate for three years. 95 with a minimum of 90 and thirty-six months' experience secures a certificate for 5 years. An average of 98 with a minimum of 95 and sixty months' experience secures a certificate for 8 years.

Success in the school room will also be taken into consideration in determining the class of certificate.

H. B. Bell, Pres.
W. P. Moloney, Vice Pres.
S. W. Almendinger, clerk.

You Can Rest Assured

—of security for your funds, and the Best Service it is possible for a Strong, Conservative Banking Institution to render, when you have an account with this bank.

The checking accounts of Lodges, Farmers, Individuals, Firms and Corporations are respectively invited.

THE MARION NATIONAL BANK

J. E. Waddell, President C. N. Phillips, Cashier

—THE—

HOCKING VALLEY

—IS THE—

Convenient Way

—BETWEEN—

Toledo	Columbus
Pemberville	Lancaster
Fostoria	Athens
Carey	Wellston
Up. Sandusky	Jackson
Marion	Gallipolis
Prospect	Middleport
Delaware	Pomeroy

Consult Hocking Valley Ticket Agent for Information.

E. Nebergall, Agt. H. V. R'y., Marion.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE.

HOCKING VALLEY.

North—*7.35 a. m.; 10.05 a. m.; 4:05 p. m.; †6:10 p. m.; 11:15 p. m.

South—5.35 a. m.; 7.20 a. m.; 10:30 a. m.; *1:15 p. m.; 7.20 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday.
†Runs to Marion only. A half hour later on Sunday.

ERIE.

Southwest—10.27 a. m.; 5:15 p. m.; 1:30 a. m.

East—5.38 a. m.; 12.53 p. m.; 11.55 p. m., 5.37 p. m.

CHICAGO & ERIE.

West—10:25 a. m.; 12:05 a. m.; *7:45 p. m.; *5:10 p. m.

East—5:38 a. m.; *†9 55 a. m.; *5:10 p. m.; 5:57 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday.
†Runs to Marion only
‡Runs to Ohio City only.

BIG FOUR.

Eastbound—8.00 a. m., local; 9:20 a. m.; 12.32 p. m., 7.53 p. m.; 10:45 p. m.; *5.37 p. m.

Westbound—5.42 a. m.; 9:55 a. m.; 1.55 p. m.; 7.13 p. m.; *3:20 p. m.

*Daily, except Sunday.

PENNSYLVANIA.

North—6.52 p. m.; *12.20 p. m.

South—10.20 a. m.; *3.00 p. m.

*Daily except Sunday.

C., D. & M. ELECTRIC.

Depart Southbound—6 a. m.; 7 a. m.; 8 a. m.; 9 a. m.; 11 a. m.; 12 m., 1 p. m., 3 p. m.; 4 p. m.; 5 p. m.; 6 p. m.; 7 p. m.; 9 p. m.; *11 p. m.

Arrive Northbound—†5.55 a. m.; †6.55 a. m.; †7.55 a. m.; 8.55 a. m.; 9.50 a. m.; 10.55 a. m.; 12.55 p. m.; 1.50 p. m.; 2.55 p. m.; 4.55 p. m.; 5.50 p. m.; 6.55 p. m., 8.55 p. m.; 10:05 p. m.

*Goes to Delaware only. †From Stratford only.

Hourly service Sundays and holidays.

C., M. B. ELECTRIC.

Northbound—Cars leave for Bucyrus at 6 a. m., 8 a. m., 10 a. m.; 12:05 p. m., 2 p. m., 4 p. m., 6 p. m., 9 p. m.

Southbound—Cars leave Bucyrus for Marion at 7 a. m., 9:05 a. m., 11:10 a. m.; 1:05 p. m., 3.05 p. m., 5.05 p. m., 7:10 p. m., 11.20 p. m.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

SIRIUS THE BRIGHTEST IN FEBRUARY HEAVENS

The Story of the Star and Its Companion.

SOME NEIGHBORS ARE VERY ATTRACTIVE

The Heavens This Month Are of More Than Ordinary Interest to the Students of Astronomy and the Average Star Gazer—The Planets in View.

Of all the stars in the heavens Sirius is perhaps the most widely known by name It is certainly one of the easiest to learn and recognize. Its enormous brightness—more than four times that of any other star visible in our latitude—would suffice for this purpose, and its position—pointed at by the line of the belt of Orion carried downward about twenty degrees—is equally distinctive The neighboring stars in its own constellation of the Great Dog also form an easily remembered group—especially the irregular cross about fifteen degrees southwest of Sirius. These stars are brighter than they appear to the casual observer, who is likely to be deceived by the enormous brilliancy of Sirius into thinking that his neighbors are faint By hiding Sirius with the hand, it is easy to satisy one's self that b Canis Majoris—nearby on the right—and d and e in the cross below, are fully as bright as the stars of Orion's belt. Almost all the principal stars of Canis Major, except Sirius, are of the spectral type shown by so many of the stars of Orion, and, like the latter, are almost fixed in the heavens, showing extremely little proper motion.

It is probable that these stars are enormously remote and really much brighter than Sirius—so much so, in fact, that it is doubtful if the latter, if removed to the same distance, would be visible at all to the naked eye

Sirius itself is one of our very nearest neighbors, being at a distance of a little over eight light-years—that is, 550,000 times the Earth's distance from the sun, or fifty-one millions of millions of miles. Careful and repeated measures of its parallax have sufficed to determine this distance, great as it is, with an uncertainty not likely to be much over two per cent. of the whole.

At this distance the sun would appear as a star a little brighter than the second magnitude—that is, very nearly as bright as the star g Canis Majoris appears to us. The apparent difference in brightness between Sirius and this star—which is about six degrees to the west of it—therefore serves as a good illustration of the extent to which Sirius really outshines the sun. According to the latest measures, it gives out twenty-four times as much light as the latter.

Sirius is also noteworthy as a double star, and its history in this connection presents some phases of unusual interest, as the existence of its faint companion was proved before it had ever been seen.

The stars in general are in motion—slow but undoubted—across the face of the heavens; and in all but a very few cases, this motion follows a straight line, and is at a uniform rate. In the exceptional instances some force must be at work on the star to pull it out of the line in which it would naturally tend to move, and the only known force capable of producing such an effect is the attraction of a companion star. When we have two stars in orbital revolution, gravitational theory shows that neither one will be stationary. A certain point on the line joining them—the "center of gravity"—will remain fixed, or move uniformly, and the two stars will describe orbits around this point of the same shape, but different sizes, keeping always on opposite sides of it. If one star is twice as massive as the other, it will be half as far from the center of gravity as the other, and similarly in other cases.

Sirius has naturally been very carefully observed, and its position in the heavens has been accurately determined every year. Plotting these positions, it was found that they do not lie on a straight line, but on a curve having a peculiar kink in it which is repeated at intervals of about fifty years. It was therefore natural to suppose that Sirius had a faint companion, invisible in the telescopes then existing, but sufficiently massive to modify the motion of the bright star by its attraction, which approached relatively near it at intervals of about fifty years, when the deviations of the bright star were most conspicuous, and so must revolve about it in this period. This conclusion was reached and announced by Bessel before 1850. Years later, in 1862, Alvan Clark, the great maker of telescopes, had just completed a new object-glass of large aperture and great power. Turning the newly-finished telescope on Sirius to test the performance of the lens, he noticed at once a faint companion A few years' observations showed that this faint attendant, which is scarcely 1-10,000 as bright as Sirius itself, was moving with the bright star; and later observations have proved that it revolves about the latter in an elliptical orbit in a period of forty-nine years—almost exactly the value predicted by Bessel

Its relatively rapid motion when near the principal star is a direct result of the greater attraction between the two at this time. The actual orbit is somewhat large, and more nearly circular than that shown, and is inclined about forty-five degrees to the line of sight, so that the apparent orbit seems dislocated in shape, just as a circle seen nearly edgewise looks like an ellipse.

The actual distance between Sirius and its companion averages almost exactly twenty times that which separates us from the sun. As the orbit is highly eccentric, the distance varies from a little over eight to almost thirty-two times this astronomical unit of length. When the companion was last nearest to Sirius, which happened in 1894, the glare of the bright star hid it from view in even the greatest telescopes. At the next close approach, in 1943, the more powerful instruments of that day may be able to follow it all through its course

Knowing the real dimensions of this orbit and the period, it may easily be computed that the mass of Sirius—the total quality of material in it—is very nearly two and one-half times that of the sun, while the companion almost equals the sun in mass, though it gives out only 1-400 as much light.

So far we are on solid ground, our conclusions depending on careful and reliable observations worked out by well-understood principles of mathematics and physics; and we have accumulated a surprising collection of facts about the system of Sirius. If we wish to go farther and ask how big is Sirius, i. e., what is the actual diameter of this bright star, compared with that of the sun, and how hot is its surface, we have a smaller observational basis on which to proceed; indeed, a few years ago we should have had none at all.

But, very recently, careful studies have been made of the relative proportion of red and violet light given off by various stars. From this, on simple and very probable assumptions, the temperature of the star's surface can be calculated—or, at least, a value can be obtained which is probably not far from the truth. In this way Weising and Scheiner of Potsdam have calculated that the surface temperature of stars which resemble Sirius in spectrum is, on the average, about 10,000 degrees centigrade. The sun's surface temperature is about 6,000 degrees. that of the electric are a little under 4,000 degrees, and the hottest ordinary furnaces reach 2,000 degrees.

If this is true of Sirius, its surface would give out about eight times as much light per square mile as the sun's does. As the total light of Sirius is twenty-four times that of the sun, it would have three times the sun's superficial area, and hence about one and three-quarters times the sun s diameter. This would make its bulk about five times that of the sun, and its density about half as great.

To get similar data for the faint companion is more difficult, as its spectrum cannot be observed, owing to diffused light from its brilliant neighbor. We may, however, make a rough guess as follows:

The companion of Sirius is almost equal to the sun in mass. It is almost certainly not more than fifteen times as dense as the sun—for this would make it denser than platinum—and probably not more than ten times as dense. On the latter hypothesis, its surface would be about one-fifth that of the sun. But it gives out only 1-400 as much light as the sun and hence must emit only 1-80 as much light a square mile. According to physical theory, this would demand a temperature of about 3,000 degrees.

If on the other hand we assume that the companion equals the sun in density—which is probably in error the other way—we get its surface brightness 1-400 that of the sun, and its surface temperature about 2,400 degrees. The actual values probably lie between these limits.

The companion of Sirius, therefore, although relatively dark and cold when compared with its primary, or even with the sun, is far from being so, when judged by terrestrial standards.

The range of temperature just estimated lies above that attained by most ordinary commercial sources of light, except the arc light and the tungsten lamp, and is fully equal to the working temperature of the latter. This star, therefore, though faint and cold among its stellar neighbors, is probably as hot and bright all over its millions of square miles of surface, as is the filament of a tungsten lamp, which is so conspicuous for its almost dazzling brightness, when compared with most other illuminants.

The other constellations may be very easily found with the aid of our map. Orion and Gemini are in the southwest, the latter high up. Taurus, Auriga, and Perseus are conspicuous in the western sky, with Arics and Andromeda near the horizon below them. Cassiopeia and Cepheus are low in the northwest, and Draco and Ursa Minor in the northeast. Ursa Major and Leo are high in the northeast and east, and Bootes and Virgo are rising below them. More than half of Hydra has now risen above the southeastern horizon, and the monster's head extends nearly to Cancer and Can's Minor. The latter is high on the meridian. with Canis Major below on the left and Argo on the southern horizon.

The Planets.

Mercury is a morning star all through February, but is visible only in the earlier part of the month, and then under unfavorable circumstances, rising less than an hour before the sun. Venus is likewise a morning star, rising a little after 5 a. m. in the middle of the month, and fairly conspicuous. On the 24th she is in conjunction with Uranus, the latter being forty minutes south of his brilliant neighbor. If the planet were only visible in the evening instead of the morning this would be a good chance to identify Uranus with a field glass.

Mars is in Taurus, moving eastward from near the Pleiades to a point northeast of Aldebaran, and is visible from dark till after midnight. Though still decreasing rapidly in brightness, he still appears brighter than Aldebaran, which he so much resembles in color.

Jupiter is a morning star in Scorpio, rising aout 2:30 a. m. on the 15th, and observable before dawn, though too far south, and hence too low in the sky, for the best atmospheric conditions. Saturn is in quadrature with the sun on the 3d, and thereafter is an evening star, but, being north of the equator, he remains in sight until after midnight during the early part of the month, setting about 12:50 a. m., on the first, and 10:50 p. m. on the 29th.

Uranus is a morning star in Capricornus, and can be best identified at the time of his conjunction with Venus on the 24th. Neptune is in Gemini, in right ascension seven hours, thirty-four minutes, thirteen seconds. Declination plus twenty-one degrees, six minutes, twelve seconds on the 1st, and seven hours, thirty-one minutes, thirty-five seconds, plus twenty-one degrees, twelve minutes, forty seconds on the 29th. He appears as a star of the eigth magnitude, and can be identified by his motion.

The moon is full at 6 p. m. on the 2d, in her last quarter at 7 p. m. on the 9th, new near midnight on the 17th, and in her first quarter at 1 p. m. on the 25th. She is nearest us on the 1st, and farthest away on the 14th. In her course around the heavens she passes near Neptune on the 1st, Jupiter on the 11th, Venus on the 14th, Uranus on the 15th, Mercury on the 16th, Saturn on the 24th, Mars at 10 p. m. on the 25th, and Neptune again on the 28th. The conjunction with Mars is fairly close. —By Henry Norris Russell, in the Scientific American.

COLORED MAN HELD ON ROBBERY CHARGE

Albert Jones Is Taken into Custody Saturday.

VERLIN CARR THE VICTIM OF ROBBERY

Is Relieved of $110—Man Arrested Claims He Is Not Alone in the Work and Gets but Eleven Dollars as His Share—Some Local Police Court Notes.

Albert Jones, colored, was arrested in Upper Sandusky, Saturday night, and held for the local officers. The Upper Sandusky chief telephoned the local department and asked if Jones was wanted here. Chief McDonough stated that a warrant was held here for Jones, and a short time later the Upper Sandusky chief informed the local chief that Jones was in custody and the local chief went after him Saturday night.

Jones is wanted on a charge of assaulting and robbing Verlin Carr the night of January 15. Carr had cashed his own pay check and the pay check of his brother and had in his possession $110 when he was assaulted while enroute home on west Center street. Jones disappeared at the time and could not be located.

Sunday, Jones confessed to having assisted in the hold-up, but said there were two other parties in the deal whom he did not know. Jones was much surprised when told that Carr had been relieved of $110 and said that his two companions "put one over on him" because he only got $11 of the money.

The stranger, who was arrested Friday evening, suspected of having stolen a light overcoat which he was trying to sell, was taken before the mayor, Saturday afternoon, to give an explanation. As a result a story which touched the hearts of the mayor and chief was told by the man.

The fellow gave his name as John Kelly and said his home was in New York City. He lost his wife on January 7, and to prove his statement produced a certificate from the hospital. Kelly then drew a little book from his pocket, and from between the pages he pulled out a lock of hair, stating that it was from his wife. He leafed through the book and displayed two more locks of hair which he said were those of his children. Kelly explained that his grief over the death of his wife drove him to drink heavily, and he left his home. He still possessed the fatherly love for his children, and between sobs he told the mayor that he was just realizing the course he was taking and that he intended going straight back to his home.

The story touched his hearers and they were hardly able to say anything when he had finished. They gave him all sorts of encouragement, and he left with indications that he intended to carry out his plan to return home.

THE HOLLIDAY STORE DAMAGED BY FIRE

Loss of About $500 Is Suffered Sunday Afternoon.

La Rue, O., Feb. 12.—[Special.]—The grocery store of Mrs. W. F. Holliday here caught fire from a defective flue, Sunday afternoon, about 4:30 o'clock. The building and grocery stock was considerably damaged. The loss will be about $500. Much difficulty was experienced in extinguishing the flames.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE DRAWS BIG CROWD

Some Interesting Talks Are Given at Caledonia.

THE STATE SPEAKERS HEARD WITH INTEREST

An Address on Corn Growing and the Preservation of the Soil Contains a Great Deal of Interest to the Practical Farmer—The Attendance Is Remarkably Good.

Caledonia, O., Feb. 9.—[Special.]—With a good attendance, the opening session of the twenty-third annual Caledonia Farmers' institute was held in the town hall here this morning. The session began at 10 o'clock, when the farmers were called to order by L. J. Russell, chairman. Music was furnished by the South Canaan quartet composed of Jesse Underwood, Lloyd Smith, W. H. Miller and L. O. Ruhlman. Rev. C. A. R. Edgington, pastor of the Methodist church here, gave the invocation.

The state speakers at the institute are A. A. Huber, of Hicksville, and C. R. Wagner, of Arlington. Both are able speakers and were heard with interest.

"Sheep Husbandry—Its Sunshine and Shadows," was the subject of the first talk which was given by C. R. Wagner. A good sheep, the speaker said, will never die in debt to its owner. The great shadow in the sheep industry is caused by neglect of them. Overfeeding he said, was just as harmful as underfeeding. The worst examples of overfeeding are found at state fairs and shows, and the speaker advised the farmers not to buy sheep at those places for their own purposes.

Breaking Prices.

"On the other hand placing half-fed animals on the market is the cause for the break in prices. In the breeding time, special care should be taken of the flock that their bodies may be well nurtured. Alfalfa, clover hay and ground corn may be fed at this time. Proper sheds should be prepared for the lambing season. Nature, however, has provided sheep with a warm cloak to bear the rigors of winter, and the animals should never be without plenty of fresh air. If the ewe is well fed she will be able to furnish a plenty of nutrition for the young lambs.

"A manger should be furnished in a corner of the sheep fold when the lambs are a few days old, so as to help the lambs to gradually learn to feed themselves."

Mr. Wagner spoke for a while about the sheep-shearing machines, and he said a good dip should be used to eradicate ticks. At that time, also, it is best that the sheep be properly fed, but not overfed.

A. A. Huber's Address.

The next lecture was given by A. A. Huber, who had for his subject "The Soil—Our Obligations to It for Best Results." The speaker said that the soil is the corner-stone of agriculture.

"Geologists tell us that in the beginning the soil was rock. The first problem was to make that rock available. The soil is the storehouse for moisture and is also a receptacle for the ingredients of plant life. It is a laboratory for the storing of bacteria. There are six kinds of soil—sand, loam, clay, peat and chalk. It will be surprising to many farmers to know that 41,000 acres of land in Ohio are abandoned and worn out. It is necessary to improve this land and restore it to its old self before it can be used. The farmer, today, raises crops off his land, and never stops to think of the qualities he has taken from that land in raising the crop. Unless he places fertilizer there or something to restore those qualities, his soil will soon be worn out. 'Feed me and I will fed you,' is the motto of the land. Three things, nitrogen, phosphoric acid and potash, are necessary.

In conclusion, the speaker told of proper drainage, proper cultivation and the need of killing off obnoxious weeds.

Friday Afternoon.

The afternoon session of the farmers' institute was opened with a song by the quartet after which C. R. Wagner gave an interesting address on, "Live Stock the Sheet Anchor of Successful Farming in Ohio."

The speaker said in part. "The stockman is now on the unpopular side on account of the high price of food stuffs, and this is possibly caused by the great increase in our population, and the decrease in farm products. Nearly one-half of the counties in our state are showing a decrease in products, no doubt on account of allowing the fertility of the soil to run down. There are three ways by which the fertility of the soil can be kept up. First, by the plowing under of a green crop such as clover; second, by the use of commercial fertilizer. and third, by the use of manure. Civilization has always left in its wake a train of poor soil and fertility has never been sustained except by the keeping of livestock. There are two ways to use a fertilizer, a wrong and a right. The wrong way is to raise better crops and then strip the place by selling everything off. The right way is to raise better crops and feed everything possible to livestock. Then sell the stock and haul the manure on the fields to help keep the soil in good shape. One reason for raising livestock is that it helps the labor problem for the farmer, as the best man he can have on the place is the one that can be kept the year round. In summer, the growing crops keep the men busy while in winter the feeding of livestock will claim their attention and thus the year is provided for. Marketing stock is the best way of disposing of the crops." The speaker illustrated this by taking the average price of hogs and corn for ten years and showing that a small gain was made on the price a bushel. To this he added the value of manure made by feeding stock and showed a large gain.

After a song by the quartet, "The Uses of Concrete and Cement on the Farm" was explained and thoroughly illustrated by J. G. Schawb. He said that the great increase in the cost of lumber makes it almost necessary for the farmer to turn to some other method of construction in the building of houses, barns, tanks, silos and fences, and he is beginning to use a large amount of cement.

The speaker said in part: "In the manufacture of these he must understand the material he uses. Cement is the first important part and it must be kept in good condition, for if it forms in hard lumps before used, it is no good, as it has already set. A good sand must be used and no good results can be obtained from a dirty sand, as the dirt keeps the cement from sticking to every particle of it. Most creek sand is dirty.

"Coarse sand does not need as much cement to give the same amount of strength as fine sand. The ordinary proportions to use in the construction of buildings are one part of cement to two parts of sand and four parts of crushed stone. To make a water-proof concrete, use enough water in mixing so that the mass will run off the shovel smoothly." The speaker stated that the work could be done in the winter as well as summer, if the material was well heated, before using and there was not too much freezing and thawing. He said the best way to build a floor or sidewalk is to use about six inches of good cinders as a sub-base as this would keep the walk from cracking from the action of frost. He showed pictures of several dairy barns in different parts of the country, and said that while the first cost was probably larger than of those built of lumber, the buildings were fire-proof and easier to keep in sanitary condition.

Some Essentials.

"Some of the Essentials of Good Corn Growing," was the title of the next address by A. A. Huber. He said: "Corn is king. King because there is more different food products in it than in any other grain and king because of the great amount of money there is in its production. Seventy per cent. of all the corn in the world is produced in ten states of our union, and we should be very careful to keep its quality of the best. One essential is that we get corn in our vicinity that will mature so that it can be used for seed. By this is meant hard grains without any milk in them when put away. We usually can count on from 110 to 120 days of good corn growing weather here, and it would be foolish to plant a grain that would take a great deal longer to mature.

Good corn weather here does not usually materialize until about the first of June and a temperature of forty-five or fifty degrees is needed before it will sprout at all. It grows the best when the temperature is up to ninety or ninety-five degrees. Get a corn that does not have too big a cob, and do not use soft corn for seed as there is a fungus growth attacking the cob that is proving a great detriment. Soils that are boggy and not well underdrained will not grow good corn. Use good barnyard manure for fertilizer, as it contains the plant food necessary and is a warming fertilizer.

Plowing the Ground.

"Plow your ground well and harrow it about as fast as you sow, with a good spring-tooth harrow, and you can usually get it in fine condition. Plant the grain from one and a half to two inches deep and not any deeper, as the young plant depends on the grain alone for food until it gets about two inches above the ground when it can begin to depend a little on the root. Never harrow it after the plant is out of the ground, but do so before, to kill the weeds, and then plow as soon as it is up. Keep the ground loose to allow circulation of the air and plow shallow near the roots, so as not to cut them off."

By planting evenly and not too thick, being careful to get the same size grains in the planter, the speaker thought the yield an acre could be greatly increased. He closed by stating he thought it a good idea to have a select seed bed of an acre or so where corn could be planted for the selecting of seed. By doing this the piece could be watched and the inferior stalks could be cut out, thus insuring a strong parentage.

The Evening Session.

The evening session was opened by a selection by the Fields band and quartet, after which Miss Alma Smith recited "Bobby Shafto" in an exceedingly pleasant manner. "The Little Dead Cat," was well received as an encore. Several musical numbers were next in order and were followed by an address on "Observations on the Way," by A. A. Huber. He said that agriculture as an occupation existed by divine right, for the Lord admonished us to cultivate the soil.

"Husbandry means the cultivation of the soil. Agriculture is the greatest of the occupations because everything depends upon the farm productions, whether it be food or clothing. We export over $1,000,000 worth of products annually, but this sum is gradually decreasing. One cause of the decrease is due to the increase in population. If the farmers were more systematic in their calculations as regards the cost of producing a bushel of grain, or a domesticated animal, their work would be more profitable.

Figuring the Cost.

A manufacturer ascertains almost to the exact cent, the cost of his production before placing it on the market, and why should it not be as necessary for the farmer to do likewise. The railroads of today encourage farming, for their freight would be a small consideration without the farmers' aid. Each farmer should have an ideal, and that goal must not be too easily reached, for only after persistant efforts are the best results accomplished. Not only is an ideal all that is necessary, but the farmer must plan and strive to make each successive year better and more profitable than the preceding one.

"The farmer must know how to prepare the soil and how to raise the best crops, how to make the most of his markets and finally how to spend his earnings and profits to best advantage. He must expect to be criticized and called a theorist instead of a practitioner, but should bear in mind that every great inventor first had an idea to theorize before his invention was begun.

Knowledge Needed.

"The farmer must have a broad conception of knowledge in order to conduct business properly for the unintelligent and shoddy farmer must soon be known as a thing of the past. The cooperation of farmers would mean success." He closed his address by a few words along the line of keeping the boy on the farm.

A quartet was followed by C. R. Wagner, who spoke for a very few moments on "Our Boys and Girls." He referred to a visit to the public school during the afternoon session and of his appreciation of the addition of agriculture to the course of study. He told the audience of ways by which this branch could be made more interesting to the pupils and spoke of the benefits to be derived from it. The speaker closed by reciting a selection, "Waiting," by James Whitcomb Riley.

Saturday Morning.

A. A. Huber was the first speaker on the program of the Caledonia Farmers' institute, Saturday. He had for his subject, "Profitable Swine Husbandry."

"People do not pay enough attention to swine culture," the speaker said. "They imagine that they can turn a hog loose without any attention and he will prove profitable. Today, we are discouraged in the hog business on account of the high cost of feed, but it has been shown that there is a good profit in hogs even with the high prices. Huber declared he believed that hogs would be more profitable if everybody would raise one breed. This would insure pure-blooded hogs and hogs of equal size. This kind will bring a better price in the market. When the farmer breeds hogs they should be of one kind and color. A Jersey type should be bred if they are to be used for meat. The raiser should be very careful of the shape and size of the breeding hog. In the care of the hogs, proper attention should be given as to the bedding, feed and preparation for the market. Especially during the winter months they should be well cared for. Mr. Huber closed by speaking of the proper measures for preventing insects and lice from bothering the animals.

Mrs. Goorley Talks.

Mrs. J. A. Goorley at this time gave a talk upon "Social Life on the Farm."

"If the city has any advantages over the country it is in the social life," the speaker declared. 'A great many young men leave the country and go to the city to work at harder work just because of this one feature. If the country would furnish the proper kind of amusement the boy and girl would remain on the farm. In very many cases the people who move from the farm to the city in a few years are glad to get back to the farm with its rest and recreation.

C. R. Wagner gave the next lecture on the subject, "Feed Care as It Relates to Successful Animal Husbandry." He said that one of the important things on the farm is to take cafe of the manure. He advocated using cement floors in the barns, as by that means a great deal of the manure may be saved. Three things, he said, are essential in the stock business, the breeding, care and feeding of the stock for breeding purposes. He advised the farmer not to cross the breeds.

The closing session of the institute opened that afternoon with a talk by A. A. Huber on "Successful Shepherd and Suggestions in the Care of the Flock." H. J. Speaker spoke on, "Orchard Enemies and Spraying," and Mrs. A. M. Hutchinson read a paper, "Something for the Farmer and His Family." C. R. Wagner discussed "Increasing Farm Crops."

Douce For President.

Caledonia, O., Feb. 12.—[Special]—George W. Douce was elected president and W. O. Moser was elected vice president when officers were chosen at the Saturday afternoon session of the Caledonia Farmers' institute. O. L. Hipsher was named secretary and J. A. Fields is treasurer. L. J. Russell is chairman of the executive committee, the other members being Judd Lyon and S. B. Rice.

A marriage license has been issued to Miss Edna May Jones and Andrew Jackson Hacock, both of Marion.

GOVERNOR HARMON IS HEARTILY CONDEMNED

Rev. Herbert S. Bigelow Included in One Instance.

RESOLUTIONS AS TO LIQUOR LICENSE PLAN

The Name of Rev. Mr. Bigelow Is Included in the Resolutions Adopted at the First Presbyterian Church, but Not at the Other Churches.

Governor Harmon was condemned in resolutions protesting against his stand on the license question and the brewers' unrestricted license program and the Ohio constitutional delegates were urged to vote down Delegate King's proposal, No. 4, in Marion churches, Sunday.

Resolutions of protest were adopted in compliance with instuctions sent out in circular letters from Columbus by the Ohio Anti-Saloon league in an effort to crystalize sentiment so strong against unrestricted license that the constitutional delegates can not ignore it.

While condemnation of Governor Harmon was not strictly a part of the Anti-Saloon program several Marion churches scored the governor for having "placed a stigma on the great commonwealth." Only at one local church was Rev. Herbert S. Bigelow, of Cincinnati, the convention president, condemned along with Governor Harmon. That was at the First Presbyterian church. where Rev. George M. Rourke prepared and presented resolutions of protest and condemnation of Harmon. They were read by Sunday-School Superintendent D. C. Nelson, and S. E. DeWolfe moved to amend by including the name of Rev. Mr. Bigelow. The resolutions as amended were adopted by an overwhelming vote over the pastor's objection to including the Cincinnati minister.

Resolutions condemning Governor Harmon were also adopted in the United Brethren and Calvary churches and in the Epworth M. E. Wesley M. E., and Lee Street Presbyterian churches resolutions strongly protesting against unrestricted license were adopted.

Other Action Planned.

Rev. J. C. Guenther, of the German M. E. church, received one of the circular letters, but did not call the attention of his flock to it Sunday. "I shall present it to my official board which will hold a meeting Monday night," he said Sunday.

Rev. Walter A. King, of the Trinity Baptist church, did not receive a circular, but said that the matter in all probability would be presented to his advisory board at its meeting tonight. "I presume that a circular was mailed to me at Martin's Ferry, and that it will be forwarded to me here," said the Trinity church pastor.

Rev. F. E. Zechiel, of the Reformed church, said he had received one of the circular letters, but no action was taken by his church Sunday.

For some reason the circulars were not received by the Pastors of all the churches in the city.

In all of the resolutions adopted it was declared, in substance, that such action was necessary in view of the universal acknowledgement that the liquor traffic is the "boldest enemy of every church, school and home in Ohio, and that it is the cause of squalor, crime, neglected children and thousands of blasted hearts and firesides."

MRS. JULIA O'MALLEY DIES IN A HOSPITAL

Death Follows an Operation in Chicago Sunday.

Mrs. Julia O'Malley, who made her home in this city and in Chicago, died, following an operation, in the Frances Willard hospital, Chicago, Sunday morning at 8:30 o'clock.

Mrs. O'Malley was the widow of Charles O'Malley and was quite well known here. She is survived by three children. They are Mrs. John Billings, of Chicago, and Mrs. Frank A. Lust and Walter O'Malley, of this city.

The remains were brought to Marion, Monday evening, and the funeral services were held at the Lust home, No. 146 St. James street, Tuesday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, Rev. George M. Rourke officiating. Interment was made in the Marion cemetery.

JOINED IN MARRIAGE AT THE PASTOR'S HOME

Miss Mary F. Brady and Mr. Perry James.

Miss Mary Frances Brady and Mr. Perry James were united in marriage by Rev. W. A. Ferguson, pastor of the Lee Street Presbyterian church, at his home No. 364 Thompson street, Sunday morning at 9:30 o'clock. The couple was attended by immediate relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. James will make their home about four miles south of the city.

Suit Begun Monday.

On a promissory note executed at Regina, Saskatchewan, Canada, the Luse Land & Development Company, Limited, of St. Paul, through Attorneys Crissinger & Guthery, brought an action to recover judgment, against Frederick J. Crafts and Jonas Conklin for $1,286.40, with eight per cent. interest, Monday afternoon.

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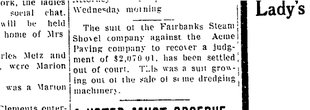
Lady's Gold (Cas.) Watch



Any Club Orders we issue are not redeemable in cash by us or any one else, and are only good toward the purchase price of our new pianos. All replies must be mailed or brought to us by Saturday, Feb. 24, 1912, at 6 p. m.

A. B. Smith Piano Company

111 Court St. Marion, Ohio

N. Side of Court House

C. F. JOHNSTON, Manager

NOT WILLING TO CARRY THE MATTER TO FINISH

What a Sister Learns from the Probate Judge.

THE PENALTY FOR A PERJURED GROOM

Sister Wishes To Legislate Brother Who Marries Girl Without the Approval of His Family—Is Told She Can Send Young Man to the Penitentiary If She Desires.

"Love will find a way." That's a old adage and it's usually so.

An example came to light in the court of Probate Judge W. S. Speaker this week. A lover, whose mother opposed his marriage to a certain girl and refused to give her consent, says that he was twenty-one years old and Judge Spencer granted him a license when he and his bride called.

The next day a woman called up the probate judge by telephone. She wanted to know if Sosando had been granted a marriage license.

On receiving an affirmative reply she burst out: "Do you allowed to give licenses to people when they've got no age without the consent of their parents? No? Well, then, why did you give him a license? He's not twenty-one yet, and we didn't want him to marry this girl. She's simply roped him in, that's all. But I'd like to teach him a lesson, and her too. Can't I do anything about it? Can't I do something to scare him a little?"

"Yes, you can send him to the penitentiary if he came in here and committed perjury," declared the judge, and the woman at the other end uttered an "Oh!"

"It's true that he's not of age yet, but I don't want to do anything like that, you know. I'm his sister. I thought maybe I could just frighten him a little and make him think he'd get himself into a peck of trouble, but we certainly don't want to send him to the penitentiary."

And the woman hung up the receiver, after thanking the judge for the information.

CLARENCE KING IS GIVEN LIFE SENTENCE

Pleads Guilty To Killing Sam Case in Columbus.

In regard to a former Marion man and the sentence imposed on him for murder, a United Press wire from Columbus, Wednesday says:

Imprisonment for life in the Ohio penitentiary was the sentence given by Judge Dillon of the criminal court to Clarence King, one-eyed plasterer, who was indicted for first-degree murder for the killing of Sam Case, in a saloon, December 27. King pleaded guilty to a general charge of homicide. The penalty given by Judge Dillon was upon second-degree murder.

After King killed Case, he fled first to Marion and later went to Toledo and Detroit. He was arrested in Toledo.

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Attorney General Hogan Gives an Important Ruling.

RULING IS AGAINST LA RUE DRY DECISION

Attorney Fred E. Guthery States That Under the Ruling of Attorney General the Verdict Reached by Three Freeholders in Marion Case Is Against the Law.

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Raise the standard of your work; if you are working for a raise.

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J. H. Ten Eick, of Marion, was a visitor here Wednesday.

Mrs. Hazel Lupton, of Marion, spent Saturday and Sunday with her grandparents, Mr and Mrs. J. K. Brady.

Miss Gladys Guthery spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents, Mr and Mrs. John Guthery, near Marseilles.

Mrs. O Washburn, Mrs. W. C. Hawk, Mrs. A. B. Sherwood, Miss Mildred Washburn and David Landon were among the Marion visitors, Saturday.

Marion Highland, of Marion, spent Sunday with friends here.

Mrs. F. L. Berry has been visiting her father and other relatives at Broadway

Mr and Mrs S. C. Baker and family spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Newland near Harpster.

D. D. Hodson left, Monday evening, for Chicago on business

Mrs. C. J Schultz, Mrs. A Baldwin, Mrs L. McCumber, Miss Belle Clinger, S. M Stouffer and Lester Hosler were Marion visitors Wednesday.

J. T Pallinger visited friends in Columbus and Plain City last week.

William Hartman, of Rushsylvania was a business visitor here Friday.

Charles Ege spent a few days in Paulding county last week.

Miss Ina McCumber, who has been a school teacher at Oberlin, is ill at her home suffering from an attack of appendicitis

A J Loudenslager was a Delaware visitor, Sunday.

Mr and Mrs W W. Morral returned, Monday evening, from Rochester, New York, here Mr. Morral attended the national canners convention

Henry Wheatly of Cairo, is visiting at the home of Philip Bowman and other relatives

Mrs C W Welsh, Mrs. A B Sloop and little son, Welsh, spent Tuesday at the T. E. Bolander home in Marion.

Mr. and Mrs Berry spent Sunday with friends at Broadway

Mrs I W Jolly was a Marion visitor, Tuesday.

Mr and Mrs Henry Hartman, Mr. and Mrs Albert Carpenter, Mr and Mrs Phillip Hartman and daughter, Mildred, Mr

SIXTY $15 TO $20 SUITS—Yours At 9.99 Each

Odds and ends. Mighty Good Wearing Qualities.

Final Price Reductions on All Winter Overcoats Cut Deep.

It's a Wise Head that Buys for Next Winter.

KLEINMAIERS

TONY STEPIN STEPS INTO THE CITY PRISON

Later He Is Fined for Stealing by the Mayor.

FINDS LACE CURTAINS ARE VERY ATTRACTIVE

Is Run Down by Louis Snyder, the Owner—John Pague Has More Trouble with His Peddlers and Causes the Arrest of Two—Police Court Is Active.

Shortly after 6 o'clock Wednesday evening, Louis Snyder caught Tony Stepin, an Italian, in the act of stealing a pair of lace curtains from his home in a flat on north Main street. The curtains had been wrapped up and placed on the stairway for the laundry driver when Stepin picked them up. Snyder ordered him to drop the bundle, but instead the fellow ran. Snyder pursued and overtook him shortly after he turned west on the Erie tracks. Stepin still had the curtains in his possession when caught, and wanted to settle by returning the property to Snyder and paying him three dollars. Snyder refused and turned the fellow over to Officer Babcock.

Stepin was taken to the mayor's office and Snyder filed an affidavit charging him with petty larceny. Stepin entered a plea of guilty to the charge and was fined five dollars and the costs in the case. He settled and was released.

A fourteen-year-old Italian boy, whose name was not learned by the police, was locked in the city prison, Wednesday evening, on a charge of stealing coal in the Erie yards. The arrest was made by Erie Detective Lewis. It was learned that the boy had been working at the Erie transfer-house, and as he was too young to be arraigned in the mayor's court, he was given his liberty by promising to appear before the probate judge when called for.

After appearing as a benefactor for two of his peddlers, John Pague was given the worst of a deal, Wednesday evening. Wednesday afternoon, Pague settled a case in police court for George and "Dude" Workman, two men employed by him. The fellows then went out with a load of potatoes and apples and after disposing of the produce deserted the wagon and skipped out.

Pague reported the matter to the police and a short time later they were apprehended and locked up at Prospect. Officers Cusick and Thompson went to Prospect, Wednesday night, and brought the prisoners back. Pague stated that he would appear and file an affidavit against them Thursday afternoon.

C. C. Retterer, who was taken to Galion, Wednesday afternoon, on a charge of passing a bogus check for five dollars, was given a hearing before the mayor at that place, Wednesday evening. Retterer pleaded guilty to the charge and was fined $100 and the costs and sentenced to thirty days in the workhouse. The fine was remitted and the workhouse sentence suspended, after relatives paid the costs and the amount of the check.

C. C. Retterer, who was arrested in Bucyrus, Saturday night, together with Mrs. Juanita Miller, of this city, is making a strong bid for trouble, according to the local police. Retterer was arrested in Bucyrus for passing a worthless check. Previous to Saturday evening he spent several days in Galion and while there passed a bad check for five dollars.

On information received from Galion, Retterer was arrested, Tuesday evening, and held for the Galion department. Wednesday, Chief McDonough was informed that Retterer cashed a check at the Marion Savings bank, the check being for a small sum and being drawn on the Caledonia Deposit bank. A relative of Retterer settled the latter check, and the banker did not care to prosecute. His brother adjusted the matter in Bucyrus in a similar matter, and an effort will be made to settle with the Galion man who cashed the check.

Chief Christian came over from Galion, Wednesday to take Retterer back to that place.

TO MAKE FUTURE HOME NORTH OF THE CITY

Miss Thompson and Mr. James C. Showers Married.

Miss Orpha E. Thompson and Mr. James C. Showers, of north of the city, were united in marriage, Wednesday evening at 5:30 o'clock, at the parsonage of the First Presbyterian church. The ceremony was performed by Rev. G. M. Rourke, the couple being unattended. Both parties are very well known in the city. They will make their home on a farm north of Marion.

FORMER STUDENTS TO ENJOY AN EVENING

Plans Outlined for a Banquet and Reunion.

AFFAIR TO BE HELD AT EPWORTH CHURCH

Reunion Will Be Held Under the Auspices of the Marion County Ohio Wesleyan University Alumni March 8—The Former Students in City and County.

At a meeting of former Ohio Wesleyan university students held in the law office of J. Wilbur Jacoby, Wednesday afternoon between 4 and 5 o'clock, final arrangements were made for the big banquet and reunion to be held at Epworth M. E. church, Friday evening, March 8.

The affair will be given under the auspices of the Marion County Ohio Wesleyan University alumni, which was organized about a year ago, with J. Wilbur Jacoby as president and Mrs. Earl T. Smart as secretary.

Among the honored guests at the big reunion and banquet will be Dr. Herbert Welch, president of the university, and about ten other members of the faculty, together with their wives.

It was announced at Wednesday's meeting that there would be no solicitation of funds for college work at the reunion and that the affair would be of a strictly social nature. Those eligible to attend will be former students and their wives, husbands and parents.

A program committee consisting of K. H. Marshall, F. C. Gegenheimer and Miss Etta Jacoby, was appointed, as was also a banquet committee, which is composed of Miss Ethel Wilson, Mrs. N. F. Tilton and Miss Mary Jacoby.

The banquet will be served by the members of the Epworth league, of the Epworth church.

The promoters of the reunion and banquet have prepared a list of the former students of the Ohio Wesleyan university, now residing in Marion county. They state that there may be some not in the list and they request, if there are other former students whose names do not appear in the following list, that Mr. Jacoby or Mr. Marshall be notified.

Mesdames W. J. Myers, E. C. Smith, Earl Smart, Frank King, S. O. Young, George Salmon, K. H. Marshall, George B. Christian, Jr. Victor Dombaugh, N. F. Tilton, R. C. Edgington, C. N. McGuire, Lorena Cobb, William Fies, Jr., A. B. Lawson, C. C. Pettit, Charles Straw, Misses Etta Jacoby, Daisy Jacoby, Mary Jacoby, Eula Young, Blanch Paesler, Ethel Wilson, Hazel Graham, Anna Tucapher, Hazel Marquith, Mabel Cunningham, Ruth Freeman, Helen Freeman, Mary Zink, Maud Roberts, Inez Shaw, Pansy Rauhauser, Lillian Burgess, Janet Longbon, Marguerite Kirchner, Lydia Marsh, Leola McGuire, Luciel Sifritt, Elizabeth McElheny, Tiny Forsyth, May Stahl, Elizabeth Rexroth, Marguerite Guthery, Demeral Morris, Adah Monnett, Bertha Augestein, Carmen Blow; Messrs. J. W. Jones, Earl Smart, Homer Waddel, N. F. Tilton, J. Wilbur Jacoby, C. W. Jacoby, G. W. Hayes, K. H. Marshall, F. C. Gegenheimer, Rev. Robert C. Edington, George H. Van Fleet, O. G. Briggs, Paul Gast, H. R. Snyder, Fred L. Carhart, Donald Lingo, Charles Lewis, Melvin Aye, Arthur King, George Lawrence, S. O. Young, John Oborn, William P. Oborn, William H. Klingel, Charles King, Frank Foster, Alfred Havighurst, Harry Cox, Edward Berringer, C. L. Justice, Benjamin Jacoby, Austin Shira, Cyril Guthery, W. T. Owen, George Wilson, Dr. Herman Rhu and Dr. J. W. Adair.

The H. Warner Edwards Co

Annual Sale of

Muslin Undergarments

This greatest sale of Muslin Underwear begins

Saturday Morning at 8 O'Clock.

It's THE greatest sale of the season—the ONE sale hundreds of women have been anxiously awaiting. Months ago we prepared for this sale—as a result, we offer you greater values and better undermuslins than in any of our previous sales.

Remember, this is not a sale of "cheap" merchandise, but of the **better grades of desirable, popular priced Undermuslins,** at prices astonishingly less than usual.

There are three lots---including **Skirts, Gowns, Drawers and Combination Suits.** Well-made, cut full sizes, strongly stitched and with pretty lace and embroidery trimmings.

25c

GOWNS

Two pretty styes in gowns—at such a low price—these are daintily made with embroidery and tucked yokes and long sleeves 25c

CORSET COVERS

Of muslin, finished with deep yokes of val. lace and embroidery. Special 25c

SKIRTS

Made of splendid quality cambric, an exceptionally good value, but they won't be here long at the low price 25c

DRAWERS

Neatly made drawers with hemstitched ruffles, lace & embroidery trimmed.....25c

50c

LONG SKIRTS

One style of skirts and two styles of drawers are in this special lot at.....50c

COMBINATIONS

Combination Suits of nainsook, trimmed with laces and wash ribbons 50c

CORSET COVERS

Trimmed with val .lace and dainty embroidery, two styles, at 50c

GOWNS

New styles of pretty, soft nainsook gowns, round yokes and short kimono style sleeves at 50c

98c

COMBINATIONS

In two styles, one trimmed with dainty laces, the other more simple 98c

GOWNS

We feature this price. New styles in square and round neck. Choice at.....98c

SKIRTS

With wide flounces of fine embroidery or laces, made of high grade nainsook.....98c

No Goods Sent On Approval

Sale Saturday Morning at 8 O'clock.

"NEW THINGS"

In Dress Goods and Silks

Are Arriving Daily—Yes, Hourly, And Our New Spring Stocks Are Nearing Completion and Perfection

We bought this large stock of Dress Goods and Silks on the common sense idea of securing a large quantity of fashionable and desirable fabrics for the pretty coats and dresses that will be worn this Spring and Summer, and we bought these fabrics so well from the manufacturers and importers as to make possible for you—the women who are going to wear these coats and dresses—savings that run up to about one-fourth of the usual price of the goods.

What do you think, for instance, of

New Foulard Silks at 50c, 75c, 85c, & $1.00 Yard

Not one, but hundreds, of new pieces, showiwng rare beauty; in fact, it's a bewildering array of handsome designs, in these exquisite fabrics that have never been shown before. Every piece in this season's style and far better qualities than you have heretofore bought. The many exquisite new effects, combined with the exceptional quality, will surely delight you.

Soap Suds Seco Silks 25c Yard

A splendid line of fine Seco Silk in neat, pretty Foulard designs; also the new diamond dot. It is an exceptionally good valaue at 25c yard. See for yourselves; see the best silk value that's been shown in many a day.

Some of the New Arrivals in Dress Goods Are

New imported Whipcords, pencil stripe in colors. Storm Serges and French Serges. These favorite fabrics are in great demand and selling rapidly, but why shouldn't they when they're just the fabrics that Paris dressmakers are now making up?

Large line of Dress Trimmings and Fringes just opened.

Frank Bros. & Co.

REAL ESTATE.

The Waddel Ladies' Home association to J. J. Schoenlaub, part of two lots in Marion, one dollar.

Martha J. Austin to Sarah A. Benner, forty acres in Claridon township, $4,000.

William F. Bain to Olive Beatty, two lots in Marion, $500.

John H. Bain and others to Olive A. Beatty, three lots in Marion, $800.

Mary E. Burke to Iva Murphy, lot in Marion, $1,600.

John Baldauf to Philemena Edsell, lot in Marion, $175.

G. L. Bender to R. P. Perry, seventy-five acres in Marion township, $12,000.

Mary E. Benner, by Sheriff, to Martha J. Austin, 140 acres in Claridon township, $11,600.

Ezekiel Browne and others to Carl C. Lewis, lot in Morral, $100.

L. H. DeLauder to E. J. Southwich, lot in Marion, one dollar.

L. H. DeLauder to E. J. Southwich, lot in Marion, one dollar.

W. B. Denman to Edward Brothers, lot in Marion, $750.

Marion Driscoll to John C. Driscoll, part of lot in Marion, $250.

E. G. Foos to Vesta McClintock, about forty-nine acres in Grand Prairie township, $5,675.

Harry W. Haberman to Tracy Eunice, lot in Marion, $3,700.

Charles Hoyles to William F. Moyer, undivided one-half interest in lot in Marion, $3,000.

Michael J. Hannegan and others to Charles A. Curtis, part of lot in Marion, $850.

Effie Heldman to Henry Staufer, part of lot in Marion, one dollar.

David Kraner to D. W. Yager, twenty acres in Richland township, $1,700.

Seth Knoch to Charles Knoch, lot in Marion, $1,100.

C. W. Leffler to C. W. Schneider, lot in Marion, $600.

J. F. Likins to Thurlow S. Likins, forty acres in Marion township, $5,000.

Philip Little and others to Fred Needles, lot in La Rue, $1,000.

Elmore Osbun to Henry W. Belt, lot in Marion, $1,800.

Benjamin Roads, by administrator, to John D. Isler and others, 107 acres in Prospect township, $12,000.

Charles G. Retterer to John G. Retterer, lot in Marion, $1,300.

Celia Ramroth to Michael Tron, lot in Marion, $1,200.

Martha C. Schoenlaub to the Waddel Ladies' Home association, part of lot in Marion, one dollar.

John A. Schweinfurth to Barbara Schweinfurth, twenty acres in Pleasant township, one dollar.

Joseph A. Schweinfurth to John G. Sparks, part of two lots in La Rue, $1,200.

George Swallem to America E. Swallem, lot in La Rue, $600.

Kate Stover and others to Michael O'Connor, part of lot in Marion, $4,000.

Silas Uncapher to Mary A. Knickle, part of lot in Marion, one dollar.

Fred W. Peters to Frank Werts and others, lot in Marion, $12[illegible].

A. M. Peoples, by sheriff, to J. B. Guthery, lot in Marion, $1,293.47.

James F. Prendergast to the Marion Land company, five lots in Marion, one dollar.

Charles E. Perry to Adam Grundtisch, part of lot in Marion, $1,000.

Mary Pickerel to Frank Derringer, three lots in Marion, $150.

F. A. Philbrick to Seth Knoch, lot in Marion, $1,100.

R. P. Perry to G. L. Bender, part of lot in Marion, $3,500.

R. P. Perry and others to G. L. Bender, part of lot in Marion, $3,000.

Jacob Wisecarver to W. L. Harris, twenty-two acres in Bowling Green township, $2,125.

Mary Crowley, by sheriff, to Celia Ramroth, three lots in La Rue, $1,225.

Charles A. Curtis to Princess L. Rhoads, part of lot in Marion, one dollar.

John C. Martin and others to J. W. Llewellyn, lot in Marion, $1,400.

W. F. Mack to Benjamin Waddel, 109 acres in Richland township, $10,900.

J. E. Midlam to J. G. Hoffman, about eighty-one acres in Pleasant township, $3,787.50.

James E. Midlam to J. H. Hoffman, about eighty-one acres in Pleasant township, $3,787.50.

LESTER TUTTLE IS PNEUMONIA VICTIM

Death Is the Result of a Brief Illness.

Lester Tuttle, aged about thirty-two years, died of pneumonia and quick consumption at his home at No. 699 north Prospect street, Wednesday at 11 a. m. after an illness of about two weeks.

Mr. Tuttle is survived by his widow, three small children, his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Tuttle, of Morrow county, and several brothers and sisters in Morrow county. He has been employed as a driver for the Marion Pure Milk company for the past seven years and was quite well known.

Short funeral services were held at the late home, Friday morning at 8:30 o'clock, and the remains were taken to Galion over the Big Four at 9:20 o'clock. The funeral held from the home of the deceased's parents in Morrow county Saturday afternoon at 1:30 o'clock. Burial will be made at Iberia.

When people begin to say to a woman, "How young you are looking," it's a sign she is getting old.

A LARGE COMPANY WITNESSES CEREMON

Miss Kennedy and Mr. Calvin [illegible] Baldinger Married.

The marriage of Miss Lois E[illegible] berta Kennedy and Mr. Calvin [illegible] Baldinger, was celebrated at t[illegible] home of the bride's parents, Mr. a[illegible] Mrs. J. W. Kennedy, of Big Islan[illegible] township, Wednesday evening. T[illegible] ceremony was performed by Rev. H. Bagwell, pastor of the Bapti[illegible] church at Morral, in the presence [illegible] a large company of friends. [illegible] sumptuous wedding feast was serve[illegible]

Mr. and Mrs. Baldinger will [illegible] side on a farm five miles east of t[illegible] city.

Those in attendance at the we[illegible] ding were Mrs. William Crissing[illegible] and son, Emmett, of Union count[illegible] Mrs. O. S. Kennedy and Mrs. Stun[illegible] of Crawford county; Misses Ha[illegible] and Julia Holverstott, of Pittsburg[illegible] Mr. and Mrs. John Baldinger, [illegible] and Mrs. Henry Baldinger and ch[illegible] dren; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Balding[illegible] and family, Mr. and Mrs. Jose[illegible] Weidemaier and family, Mr. a[illegible] Mrs. Hays Holland and family, [illegible] and Mrs. C. W. Pangborn and fa[illegible] ily, Mr. and Mrs. M. Roberts a[illegible] family, Mr. and Mrs. Branch Ro[illegible] erts and family, Mr. and Mrs. W[illegible] liam Glathart and family, Mr. a[illegible] Mrs. J. D. Beers, Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] Pace, Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Smith, [illegible] and Mrs. W. Roberts, Mr and Mr[illegible] Charles Likens, Mr. and Mrs. [illegible] Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. C. [illegible] Smith, Misses Ola, Nola and Lau[illegible] Brady, Clara Baldinger, Ollie Ke[illegible] nedy, Edyth Ward, and Messr[illegible] Dwight Wood, Gail Smith, Cly[illegible] Smith, W. E. Messenger, F. D. Smit[illegible] Almont Kennedy, Clarence Weid[illegible] maier and Charles Brady.

The Dille Funeral.

The funeral services of James [illegible] Dille were held at the family re[illegible] dence, No. 354 Leader street, Thur[illegible] day morning at 10 o'clock, Rev. C. [illegible] Havighurst officiating. Interme[illegible] was made in the Marion cemetery.

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